### 8.0 Participating Jurisdictions

This portion of the Lewis County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan consists of the 'Participant Sections' with information and risk assessments relating specifically to the jurisdictions represented in this plan.

This section of the Plan is comprised of the "County and Municipalities" and then the "Other Participants". The County and Municipalities chapters provide a more in depth analysis than other participant sections because of the populations that live within their jurisdictions. The other participants interrelate or are generally part of or adjacent to either the county or one of the municipalities. Therefore, a detailed analysis for each participant would be duplicative. The analyses and mitigation strategies that were completed and mapping is attached as part of their individual section.

### **County and Municipalities**

- 9. Lewis County
- 10. City of Centralia
- 11. City of Chehalis
- 12. City of Morton
- 13. City of Mossyrock
- 14. City of Napavine
- 15. City of Toledo
- 16. City of Vader
- 17. City of Winlock
- 18. Town of Pe Ell

### **Other Plan Participants**

- 19. Cemetery District 4 Evergreen/Packwood, Silvercreek/Randle, Rainey Valley/Glenoma
- 20. Cemetery District 5 Lone Hill Cemetery
- 21. Cemetery District 7 Toledo Cemetery
- Centralia College Centralia
- 23. Centralia School District
- 24. Chehalis School District
- 25. Cowlitz Tribe
- 26. Cowlitz-Lewis Fire District 20
- 27. Energy Northwest
- 28. Lewis County Fire District 1 Onalaska
- 29. Lewis County Fire District 2 Toledo
- 30. Lewis County Fire District 3 Mossyrock
- 31. Lewis County Fire District 5 Napavine
- 32. Lewis County Fire District 8 Salkum
- 33. Lewis County Fire District 9 Mineral
- 34. Lewis County Fire District 10 Packwood
- Lewis County Fire District 11 Pe Ell
- 36. Lewis County Fire District 13 Curtis
- 37. Lewis County Fire District 14 Randle
- 38. Lewis County Fire District 15 Winlock

- 39. Lewis County Fire District 16 Doty
- 40. Lewis County Fire District 17 Ashford
- 41. Lewis County Fire District 18 Glenoma
- 42. Lewis County PUD
- 43. Morton General Hospital
- 44. Pe Ell School District
- 45. Port of Chehalis
- 46. Providence Hospital Centralia
- 47. Riverside Fire Authority
- 48. TwinTransit
- 49. Winlock School District



HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN POINT OF CONTACT					
Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact				
Lee Napier, CDD	Steve Mansfield				
2025 NE Kresky Ave.	351 NW North St.				
Chehalis WA 98532	Chehalis WA 98532				
(360) 740-1146	(360) 740-3310				
Lee.Napier@lewiscountywa.gov	Steve.Mansfield@lewiscountywa.gov				

**Profile:** Lewis County is located in western Washington. It is approximately half way between Seattle and Portland. It is approximately 20 miles south of Olympia. Lewis County lies in southwestern Washington with a total landmass of 2,452 square-miles, and measures about 90 miles (east to west) by 25 miles (north to south).

According to the U.S. Census Bureau, the county has a total area of 2,436 square miles, of which, 2,408 square miles of it is land and 29 square miles of it or 1.18% is water.

Census-Recognized Communities: Centralia, Chehalis, Morton, Mossyrock, Napavine, Toledo, Vader, Winlock and the Town of Pe Ell.

Other Communities in Lewis County include: Adna, Ajune, Alpha, Boistfort, Bunker, Carlson, Carriage Hill, Ceres, Cinebar, Claquato, Curtis, Doty, Dryad, Ethel, Evaline, Forest, Galvin, Glenoma, Guerrier, Harmony, Kalber, Klaber, Knab, Kosmos, Lacamas, Lindberg, Littell, Marys Corner, Mineral, Newaukum, Onalaska, Packwood, Randle, Saint Urbans, Salkum, Silver Creek, Waunch Prairie, and Wildwood.

<u>Climate:</u> Lewis County has a predominately marine climate characterized by mild temperatures both summer and winter. Extreme temperatures are unusual for the area

Climate in Lewis County	
Rainfall (in.)	56.1
Snowfall (in.)	13.5
Precipitation Days	170
Sunny Days	138
Avg. July High	77.1
Avg. Jan. Low	31.8
Comfort Index (higher=better)	67
UV Index	2.5
Source: Sperling's BestPlaces / Fast Forward, Inc.	
www.bestplaces.net/County/Lewis WA-45304100021.aspx	

because prevailing westerly winds bring maritime air over the basin and provide a moderating influence throughout the year.

During the spring and summer, high-pressure centers predominate over the northeastern Pacific, sending a northwesterly flow of dry, warm air over the basin. The dry season extends from late spring to midsummer, with precipitation frequently limited to a few light showers. Average summer temperatures are in the 70s or 80s (degrees Fahrenheit), but occasionally hot, dry easterly winds cross the Cascade Mountains and raise daytime temperatures into the 90s. The Aleutian low-pressure center normally predominates during the winter, causing a counterclockwise circulation of cool, moist air over the basin and prevailing southwesterly winds. The area from the Pacific Ocean to the crest of the Olympic Mountains, the western slopes of the Cascade Range, and the Black and Willapa Hills receives the full force of winter storms. Virtually every fall and winter (October through March), strong winds and heavy precipitation occur throughout the basin. Storms are frequent and may continue for several days. Successive secondary weather fronts with variable rainfall, wind, and temperatures may move onshore at daily intervals or less.

Precipitation in the County is affected by distance from the Pacific Ocean, elevation, and seasonal conditions. Generally, the southern slopes of the Olympic Range and the more easterly, higher slopes along the Cascade Range receive the greatest precipitation. The Black Hills in the northeast portion of the basin and Willapa Hills between the coast and the Centralia-Chehalis area often receive moderate to heavy rainfall during the movement of oceanic storms through the basin.

The greatest amount of rainfall occurs between the months of October and March. The abundance of rainfall during this period is due to the frequent storm systems that pass over western Washington.

Snowfall in the region is not heavy, but potential does exist for extremely large amounts on occasion. The average annual snowfall in the basin area is approximately nine inches, with recorded extreme annual maximums at 45 inches. Most of the snowfall occurs in the month of January, with the monthly average at about 4.5 inches in the basin and Packwood receiving around 11.6 inches.

Winds in the region rarely exceed 30 mph; winds of this speed usually only occur during the fall and winter months in conjunction with rainstorms and/or thunderstorms that pass through the vicinity. Approximately 10 percent of the winds between the months of November and February have speeds between 15 and 30 mph, compared with approximately two percent of the winds for the other months. The rest of the wind speeds typically range between zero and 15 mph, about 90 percent of the time. Wind speeds have been measured in excess of 70 mph during the winter months. The majority of the highest wind speeds measured have originated from the south and southwest directions.



	Prev Occurr		Likel Experi	•		Pro	bability			Exten	t			
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely (100% next yr)	Likely (10- 100% or 1 in 10 yrs)	Possible (1-10% next year or 1/100 yrs)	Unlikely (less than 1% in 100 yrs)	Catastrophic: more than 50% affected	Severe: 25-50% affected	Limited: 0-25% affected	None: 0% affected	Percentage	Rank
Rating Points	20	0	10	0	20	10	6	0	20	10	4	0		
Flooding	20		10		20				20				70%	1
Earthquake	20		10			10			20				60%	2
Landslide	20		10		20					10			60%	2
Volcano	20		10			10			20				60%	2
Levee Failure	20		10			10				10			50%	3
Wind Storm	20		10			10				10			50%	3
Winter Storm	20		10			10				10			50%	3
Dam Failure	20						6		20				46%	4
Debris Flow	20		10				6			10			46%	4
Thunder Storm	20						6				4		30%	5
Wildfire	20						6				4		30%	5

### Probability:

Highly Likely: Near 100% probability in the next year.

Likely: Between 10 and 100% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in 10 years.

Possible: Between 1 and 10% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in next 100 years.

Unlikely: Less than 1% probability in next 100 years.

### Extent of damage is defined as follows:

Catastrophic: More than 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected

Severe: 25 to 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected Limited: 0 to 25% of the jurisdiction can be affected

None: 0% of the jurisdiction can be affected

### **Current Hazard Mitigation Codes/Plans/Ordinances**

- Lewis County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan adopted June 2010, Amended in 2011.
- Lewis County Comprehensive Plan adopted in December 2008; Amendments August 2009.
- Lewis County Zoning Ordinance adopted in August 2009.
- Lewis County Critical Areas Ordinance adopted in August 2009.
- Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan adopted in March 2007.
- Skookumchuck Dam Emergency Action Plan revised in December 2007.
- Lewis County Emergency Alert System (EAS). The revised plan was adopted in 2004
- Lewis County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan adopted in February 2005, Amended 2010.
- Centralia Flood Damage Reduction Project by USACE, July 2002
- 1993 Flood Phase Guidelines Manual and Map USACE: Seattle District
- Flood Hazard Analyses Salzer-Coal Creeks, May 1975
- Flood Hazard Analyses China Creek, March 1997
- 2006 International Building Code
- SEPA Adopted 2008
- Growth Management Act Compliant 2010

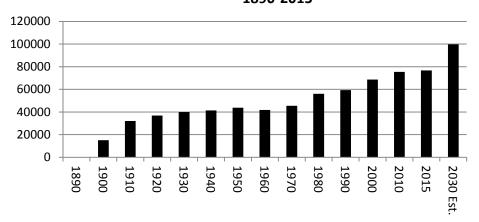
Agency Specific Natural Hazard Event History – 1980 to 2015						
Type of Disaster	FEMA Disaster #	Date	Comments			
Severe Winter Storm, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-4056	3/5/2012	Incident 1/14-1/23/2012			



Severe Winter Storm, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1963	3/25/2011	Incident 1/11-1/21/2011
Severe Winter Storm and Record and Near Record Snow	DR-1825	3/2/2009	Incident 12/12/2008-1/5/2009
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides, Flooding	DR-1817	1/30/2009	1/6-/16/2009
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1734	12/8/2007	Incident 12/1-12/17/2007
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1682	2/14/2007	Incident 12/14-12/15/2006
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1671	12/12/2006	Incident 11/2-11/11/2006
Earthquake	DR-1361	3/1/2001	Incident 2/28-3/16/2001
Severe Winter Storms/Flooding	DR-1159	1/17/1997	Incident 12/26/1996-2/10/1997
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-1100	Feb. 9, 1996	Incident 1/26-2/23/1996
Storms, High Winds, Floods	DR-1079	Jan. 3, 1996	Incident 11/7-Dec 18, 1995
Severe Storm, High Winds	DR-981	March 4, 1993	Incident 1/20-1/21/1993
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-784	Dec 15, 1986	Incident 11/22-11/29/1986
Volcanic Eruption – Mt. St. Helens	DR-623	May 21, 1980	

	Demographics					
Population	1990	2000	2010	2015	2030 -Projected	
	59,358	68,600	75,455	76,660	99,746	

### **Population - State of Washington** Office of Financial Management (OFM) 1890-2015



Quick Facts (US Census)	Lewis County	Washington
Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013	-0.4%	5%
Persons under 5 years, percent, 2010	5.9%	6.4%
Persons under 18 years, percent definition and source info Persons under 18 years, percent, 2010	22.2%	22.9%
Persons 65 years and over, percent definition and source info Persons 65 years and over, percent, 2010	19%	13.6%
High school graduate or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	85.9%	90.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	14.0%	31%
Homeownership rate, 2009-2013	68.6%	63.2%
Housing units in multi-unit structures, percent, 2009-2013	11.5%	25.6%
Median value of owner-occupied housing units, 2009-2013	180,200	\$262,100
Per capita money income in past 12 months (2013 dollars), 2009-2013	\$22,212	\$30,742
Median household income definition and source info Median household income, 2009-2013	\$42,860	\$59,478
Persons below poverty level, percent definition and source info Persons below poverty level, percent, 2009-2013	15.4%	13.4%

Source: U.S. Census – Quickfacts, Date Accessed: July 12, 2015. Website: quickfacts.census.gov

Land Designations	
Total Land Area in Lewis County	
Land Area within City limits:	
Land area within Urban Growth Area:	
Land Area by Uses	Acres
Residential	70,895
Commercial	1,589



Industrial	1,306
Institutional	0
Public	9,815
Transportation and Utility	17,684
Agricultural	96,478
Parks and Wilderness	145,448
Forestry and Mining	1,135,198
Water	6,286
Undeveloped	58,623
Other	15,045

**Current and Anticipated Development and Population Trends:** 

Infrastructure				
Categories	2014	Approximate Value (\$)		
Miles of Street and Roads	1,046			
Miles of Sanitary Sewer	N/A			
Miles of Storm Sewer	N/A			
Miles of water lines	N/A			
Miles of Electrical lines	N/A – Centralia or LCPUD			

	•		
Critical Facilities			
Critical Facilities	Address	Approximate Value (\$)	
Courthouse	351 NW North, Chehalis		
Health Service Bldg	360 NW North, Chehalis		
Law & Justice Center	345 W. Main, Chehalis		
Motor Pool	476 W. Main, Chehalis		
Jail	28 SW Chehalis, Chehalis		
Training Facility (old WSECU)	156 Chehalis, Chehalis		
Coroner/Evidence (OLD)	585 NW Center St., Chehalis		
Facilities Bldg	571 NW Prindle St, Chehalis		
Public Services Building	2025 Kresky Ave, Chehalis		
Fairgrounds	2555 No National, Chehalis		
Central Shop	109 Forest Napavine, Chehalis		
Area 1 Shop	148 Big Hanaford Rd, Centralia		
Area 2 Shop Bunker Garage	307 Spooner Rd (St Hwy 6)		
Area 3 Shop	111 Pleasant Valley Rd., Winlock		
Area 5 Shop	162 Brim Rd., Ethel		
Sheriff Storage	187 Kirkland Rd., Chehalis		
Area 7 Shop	8911 US Hwy 12, Randle		
Toledo Sand Shed	134 Collins Rd #125, Toledo		
Search and Rescue Shop	951 Hwy 508, Onalaska		
South County Park Storage	212 Ray Rd., Toledo		
Shaefer Park Kitchen/Serv	n/s Hwy 507 1 mi N of Centralia		
Rose Park Picnic, Shelter	2 mi No of Adna on Penning Rd		



Back Memorial Park	146 Dieckman Rd., Adna	
Senior Center & Storage	2545 No. National Ave, Chehalis	
Senior Center	103 Westlake Ave & 1 <sup>st</sup> , Morton	
Olequa Senior Center	119 SW Kerron, Winlock	
Packwood Senior Center	12931 US Hwy 12, Packwood	
Toledo Senior Center	150 Coal St., Toledo	
Lewis Co. Historical Museum	599 NW Front, Chehalis	
Central Transfer Station	1411 So Tower, Centralia	
Morton Transfer Station	6745 US Hwy 12, Morton	
Juvenile Detention Center	1255 SW Pacific, Chehalis	
Ed Carlson Memorial-South Lewis County Airport	5235 Jackson Hwy, Toledo	
Animal Shelter	560 Centralia Alpha, Chehalis	
Claquato Church	Water Street, Chehalis	
Sheriff's Substation	12990 US Hwy 12, Packwood	
PA Victims Assistance Services	17 NW Cascade, Chehalis	
St. Urban Church	Military Road, Winlock	
Coroner & Evidence	172 NW State, Chehalis	
Packwood Airport	133 Main St W., Packwood	
Radio Towers	Various	
Vader Water Intake	0 State Route 506, Vader	
Sheriff Storage	187 Kirkland Rd., Chehalis	
Engineering/Design	2015 NE Kresky Ave., Chehalis	
Larson Pit	Larson Rd., Mossyrock	
Animal Shelter Sand Shed	560 Centralia Alpha, Chehalis	
Vader Water Treatment Plant	1333 S. Military Rd., Vader	
Flood Information		
Percentage of existing city limits within the 100-year	flood plain	4.5%
Assessor's valuation of private properties within the	100-year flood plain	
Critical Facilities within the 100-year floo	d plain	
Facility	Address	Approximate Value (\$)
Courthouse	351 NW North Street– Chehalis	17M
Health Service Bldg	360 NW North, Chehalis	3.6M
Law & Justice Center	345 W. Main, Chehalis	16.4M
Motor Pool	476 W. Main, Chehalis	2.3M
Jail	28 SW Chehalis, Chehalis	30M
Training Facility (old WSECU)	156 Chehalis, Chehalis	450K
Facilities Bldg	571 NW Prindle St, Chehalis	2.1M
Public Services Building	2025 Kresky Ave, Chehalis	2.6M
Fairgrounds	2555 No National, Chehalis	21M
Area 1 Shop	148 Big Hanaford Rd, Centralia	1.4M
Sheriff Storage	187 Kirkland Rd., Chehalis	795K
Area 7 Shop	8911 US Hwy 12, Randle	1.5M



Toledo Sand Shed	134 Collins Rd #125, Toledo	110K
Search and Rescue Shop	951 Hwy 508, Onalaska	519K
South County Park Storage	212 Ray Rd., Toledo	384К
Shaefer Park Kitchen/Serv	n/s Hwy 507 1 mi N of Centralia	180K
Back Memorial Park	146 Dieckman Rd., Adna	98K
Senior Center & Storage	2545 No. National Ave, Chehalis	1.8M
Morton Senior Center	103 Westlake Ave & 1 <sup>st</sup> Morton	630K
Olequa Senior Center	119 SW Kerron, Winlock	755K
Toledo Senior Center	150 Coal St., Toledo	581K
Central Transfer Station	1411 So Tower, Centralia	3.2M
Juvenile Detention Center	1255 SW Pacific, Chehalis	3.9M
Ed Carlson Memorial-South Lewis County Airport	5239 Jackson Hwy, Toledo	509K
Coroner & Evidence	172 NW State, Chehalis	4.8M
Packwood Airport	133 Main St W., Packwood	800K
Vader Water Intake	0 State Route 506, Vader	804k
Engineering/Design	2015 NE Kresky Ave., Chehalis	Rental

Yes Emil Pierson, Community Development Director
Emil Pierson, Community Development Director
Yes
Adopted 2009. Amended Ord 2350 April 2015.
6/7/2005
Yes, 3/15/1974
None
Yes, 6/1/1982
Class 6, 2015/2016
Class 3
No
No

Previous Action Plan Implementation		
Action #	Completed	Carry Over to 2010 Plan Update
Incorporate early warning procedures in local ERPs	Yes	Yes
Create prioritized plans for road/street clearance	Yes	Yes
Review adequacy of existing mutual aid agreements	Yes	Yes
Define evacuation routes for areas of high volcanic probability	No	Yes
Continue to enforce the flood damage prevention code.	Yes	Yes
Continue participation and implementation of project recommended by the Chehalis River Basin Flood Authority	Yes	Yes
Evaluate potential benefits of HMGP Home Elevation program	Yes	Yes
Include a compensatory storage element (storage in floodplain) and ensure consistency with County floodplain ordinances	Yes	Yes
Update road addressing and incorporate into addressing ordinance	No	Yes
Lewis County PUD tree maintenance program trims trees around power lines	Yes	Yes
Retrofit existing overhead lines to underground as practicable and where time/budge allows	No	Yes
Explore the feasibility of creating wildfire zones for incorporation into critical areas ordinance	No	Yes



Incorporate the channel migration zones in the critical areas ordinance. Do necessary studies for mapping	No	Yes
other river basins; utilize public process through Planning Commission to incorporate CMZ into critical areas		
ordinance		
Review critical areas ordinance to update flood zones, seismic zones, and landslides	Yes	Yes
Evaluate feasibility of creating high wind zones for incorporation into critical areas ordinance	No	Yes
Evaluate feasibility of creating high wind zones for incorporation into critical areas ordinance	No	Yes
Ensure wind ratings in building code are adequate and consistent	No	Yes
Explore feasibility of considering volcanic evacuation in determining building occupancy limits	No	Yes
Continue to maintain concurrency with all building, plumbing, electrical and other codes that reduce	No	Yes
vulnerability of new structures to natural hazards		
Maintain/update HMP Mitigation database	Yes	Yes
Coordinate annual participation of Opt-ins in HMP review/update	No	Yes
Improve NOAA radio coverage for East County	Yes	Yes
Apply for Hazard Mitigation grants to purchase and distribute NOAA radios with EAS to public. See	Yes	Yes
Neighborhood Mitigation Strategies for "Priority" neighborhoods		
Lobby Federal Government to fully implement EAS technology in consumer electronics	Yes	Yes
Educate public on what to do before, after, and during an emergency	Yes	Yes
Educate public about need to create buffer zones between home and timber	Yes	Yes
LC Solid Waste Transfer Station: Update EAP plan for dumping of damaged materials	No	Yes
LC Juvenile Court:Update Emergency Action Plan and educate staff	No	Yes
LC Juvenile Court: Update agreements with other agencies to hold prisoners in the event of damage to local facility	No	Yes
LC Sheriff Packwood Monitor flooding and take action to move equipment in event	No	Yes
LC Public Services Create EAP plan for building and train employees on use	No	Yes
LC Public Services Maintenance staff monitor for any damage to facility	No	Yes
LC Courthouse Create EAP plan for building and train employees on use	No	Yes
LC Courthouse Maintenance staff monitor for any damage to facility	No	Yes
Ed Carlson Memorial-South Lewis County Airport: Develop a plan to keep facility operations – Mt. St. Helens	No	Yes
Packwood Airport Develop a plan to keep facility operations – Mt. St. Rainier	No	Yes
Ed Carlson Memorial –South Lewis County Airport: Assess buildings for seismic and ash fall capabilities	Yes	Yes
Packwood Airport: Update Airport Layout Plan	No	Yes
LC Public Health & Social Services: Create EAP Plan for building and train employees on use	No	Yes
LC Public Health & Social Services: Maintenance staff monitor for any damage to facility	No	Yes
LC Law & Justice: Create EAP Plan for building and train employees on use	No	Yes
LC Law & Justice: Maintenance staff monitor for any damage to facility	No	Yes
LC Motor Pool: Create EAP Plan for building and train employees on use	No	Yes
LC Motor Pool: Maintenance staff monitor for any damage to facility	No	Yes
Skookumchuck Dam: Coordinate warning system for potential break with other stakeholders	No	Yes
Bridges: Ensure bridges associated to the neighborhood has a high priority for inspection and retrofit	Yes	Yes

### **Attached Documents**

### A. Lewis County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan Worksheets

- 1. Hazard Identification Worksheet
- 2. Asset Inventory Worksheet 2A
- 3. Asset Inventory Worksheet 2B
- 4. Mitigation Strategies Worksheet 3A STAPLEE
- 5. Mitigation Strategies 3B
- 6. Mitigation Strategies 3C Critical Facilities
- B. HAZUS-MH: Earthquake
- C. HAZUS-MH: Flood Results

### HAZARD IDENTIFICATION WORKSHEET

Date Completed: 6/2015

Which Agency are you representing?	<b>Lewis County</b>	
Name:	Title:	
Email:	Telephone #:	
Address:	Citv:	ZIP:

### For each Hazard, please fill out the table below based on the following questions:

- Previous Occurrence: Is there a historic record of this type of hazard happening here? Yes or No
- Likely to Experience: Are you likely to experience this type of hazard in the future? Yes or No
- **Probability:** Based on history, what is the likelihood of this event happening again? *Highly Likely, Likely, Possible, Unlikely*
- Extent: If this hazard event were to happen, how extensive could the damage be? Catastrophic, Severe, Limited, None

		rious rence?	Like Experi	ly to ence?		Prob	ability			E>	tent	
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Catastrophic	Severe	Limited	None
Avalanche		Х		Χ				Х				Χ
Coastal Erosion		Х		Χ				Х				Χ
Coastal Storm		Х		Χ				Χ				Х
Dam Failure	Χ			Χ			Χ		Χ			
Debris Flow	Х		X				Х			Χ		
Drought		Χ		Χ				Χ				Χ
Earthquake	Х		Х			Х			Х			
Expansive Soils		Х		Χ				Х				Χ
Extreme Heat		Х		Χ				Х				Χ
Flooding	Х		Х		Х				Х			
Hailstorm		Х		Χ			Х					Χ
Hurricane		Х		Χ				Χ				Х
Land Subsidence		Х		Χ				Х				Χ
Landslide	Х		X		Χ					Χ		
Levee Failure	Х		X			Χ				Χ		
Severe Thunder Storm	Х			Х			Х				Х	
Severe Wind Storm	Х		Х			Х				Х		
Severe Winter Storm	Х		Х			Х				Х		
Tornado		Х		Х				Х				Х
Tsunami		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Volcano	Х		Х			Х			Х			
Wildfire	Х			Х			Х				Х	
Other:		_		_								

Which of the following does your agency have? (Circle One)									
Comprehensive Plan	Yes / No / NA	Date completed: 2010							
Critical Areas Ordinance	Yes / No / NA	Date completed: 2008							
Does your agency have an emergency	plan? Y	<mark>es</mark> / No / NA							

### ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2A Which Agency are you representing? Lewis County Name: Edna J Fund Email: edna.fund@lewiscountywa.gov Telephone #: 360.740.1120

City: Chehalis

ZIP: 98532

Task A: Inventory the critical facilities that can be damaged by a hazard event.

Please fill out the table below.

Address: 351 NW North Street

			St	Structure							
Name of Building/Business	Address	Contact Information (Telephone #)	Occupancy #	Educational	Government	Hospital	Non/Profit	Public Safety	Residential	Utilities	Other
Courthouse	351 NW North, Chehalis	360-740-1192			Х						
Health Service Bldg	360 NW North, Chehalis	360-740-1148			Х			Х			
Law & Justice Center	345 W. Main, Chehalis	360-740-1266			Х			Χ			
Motor Pool	476 W. Main, Chehalis	360-740-1191			Х						
Jail	28 SW Chehalis, Chehalis	360-740-1344			Х			Х			
Training Facility (old WSECU)	156 Chehalis, Chehalis	360-740-1192			Х						
Coroner/Evidence (OLD)	585 NW Center St., Chehalis	360-740-1192			Х						
Facilities Bldg	571 NW Prindle St, Chehalis	360-740-1192			Х						
Public Services Building	2025 Kresky Ave, Chehalis	360-740-1146			Х						
Fairgrounds	2555 No National, Chehalis	360-740-1495			Х						
Central Shop	109 Forest Napavine, Chehalis	360-740-1150			Х						
Area 1 Shop	148 Big Hanaford Rd, Centralia	360-736-9222			Х						
Area 2 Shop Bunker Garage	307 Spooner Rd (St Hwy 6)	360-748-2359			Х						
Area 3 Shop	111 Pleasant Valley Rd., Winlock	360-785-3304			X						
Area 5 Shop	162 Brim Rd., Ethel	360-978-5879			X						
Sheriff Storage	187 Kirkland Rd., Chehalis	360-740-1360			X						
Area 7 Shop	8911 US Hwy 12, Randle	360-497-3182			X						
Toledo Sand Shed	134 Collins Rd #125, Toledo	360-740-1123			X						
Search and Rescue Shop	951 Hwy 508, Onalaska	360-740-1123			X						
South County Park Storage	212 Ray Rd., Toledo	360-740-1459			X						
Shaefer Park Kitchen/Serv	n/s Hwy 507 1 mi N of Centralia	360-740-1459			X						
Rose Park Picnic, Shelter	2 mi No of Adna on Penning Rd	360-740-1459			X						
Back Memorial Park	146 Dieckman Rd., Adna				X						
	2545 No. National Ave, Chehalis	360-740-1459			X						
Senior Center & Storage	•	360-740-2646									
Senior Center	103 Westlake Ave & 1 <sup>st</sup> , Morton	360-740-2646			X						
Olequa Senior Center	119 SW Kerron, Winlock	360-740-2646			X						
Packwood Senior Center	12931 US Hwy 12, Packwood	360-740-2646			Х						
Toledo Senior Center	150 Coal St., Toledo	360-740-2646			Х						
Lewis Co. Historical Museum	599 NW Front, Chehalis	360-748-0831			Х						
Central Transfer Station	1411 So Tower, Centralia	360-740-1481			Х						
Morton Transfer Station	6745 US Hwy 12, Morton	360-496-5095			X			.,			
Juvenile Detention Center	1255 SW Pacific, Chehalis	360-740-1178			Х			Х			
Ed Carlson Memorial-South Lewis					١			l l			
County Airport	5235 Jackson Hwy, Toledo	360-864-4966			X			Х			
Animal Shelter	560 Centralia Alpha, Chehalis	360-740-1290			Х		<u> </u>				
Claquato Church	Water Street, Chehalis	360-740-1192									Х
Sheriff's Substation	12990 US Hwy 12, Packwood	360-497-5500			Х			Х			
PA Victims Assistance Services	17 NW Cascade, Chehalis	360-740-1284			Х						
St. Urban Church	Military Road, Winlock	360-740-1192			L						Х
Coroner & Evidence	172 NW State, Chehalis	360-740-1470			Х						
Packwood Airport	133 Main St W., Packwood	360-864-4966			Х			Х			
Radio Towers	Various	360-740-1292			Х			Х			
Vader Water Intake	0 State Route 506, Vader				Х					Х	
Sheriff Storage	187 Kirkland Rd., Chehalis		1		Χ						

Engineering/Design	2015 NE Kresky Ave., Chehalis		Х				
Larson Pit	Larson Rd., Mossyrock		Χ				
Animal Shelter Sand Shed	560 Centralia Alpha, Chehalis		Χ				
Vader Water Treatment Plant	1333 S. Military Rd., Vader		Х			Х	

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2B - 2015		Date Completed: May 6, 2015							
Which Agency are you representing: Lewis County									
Name: Edna J. Fund	Title: Chair Boar	Title: Chair Board of County Commissioners							
Email edna.fund@lewiscountywa.gov	Telephone #: 36	Telephone #: 360.740.1120							
Address: 351 NW North Street	City: Chehalis	Zip: 98532							
Tack B. Commile a detailed inventory of what can be demograd by a beyond aver									

### Task B: Compile a detailed inventory of what can be damaged by a hazard event.

Inventory the assets (critical facilities, businesses, historic, cultural, natural resource areas and areas of special consideration) that can be damaged by a hazard event.

HAZARDS	<ol> <li>Avalanche</li> <li>Dam Failure</li> <li>Debris Flow</li> <li>Drought</li> <li>Earthquake</li> <li>Expansive Soils</li> <li>Extreme Heat</li> </ol>	<ul><li>8. Flooding</li><li>9. Hailstorm</li><li>10. Hurricane</li><li>11. Land Subsidence</li><li>12. Landslide</li><li>13. Levee Failure</li><li>14. Severe Thunder Storm</li></ul>	<ul><li>15. Severe Wind Storm</li><li>16. Severe Winter Storm</li><li>17. Tornado</li><li>18. Volcano</li><li>19. Wildfire</li></ul>	BUILDING MATERIALS	a. Masonry b. concrete c. Concrete Blod d. Brick e. Stick f. Metal	g. Steel h. Asphalt ck
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Name or description of Asset (building)	Address	Hazard(s) List all that apply (See legend above)	Critical Facility	Transportation	Utility System	Comm. System	Economic Assets	Special consideration	Historic/Other	Size of Building (sq. ft.)	Replacement Value (\$)	Contents Value (\$)	Displacement (\$ per day)	Occupancy or capacity (#)	Structural – building materials
Courthouse	351 NW North Street– Chehalis	5,8,14,15,16,17,18	Х						х	55,894	17M	4.2M	61,483	300	В
Health Service Bldg	360 NW North, Chehalis	5,8,14,15,16,17,18	х							17,775	3.6M	889K	19,553	150	В
Law & Justice Center	345 W. Main, Chehalis	5,8,14,15,16,17,18	х							65,680	16.4M	4.1M	72,248	500	D
Motor Pool	476 W. Main, Chehalis	5,8,15,16,17,18		х						11,000	2.3M	500K	11,000	20	С
Jail	28 SW Chehalis, Chehalis	5,8,15,16,17,18	х							93,920	30M	7.4M	103,312	400	В
Training Facility (old WSECU)	156 Chehalis, Chehalis	5,8,15,16,17,18	х							2,250	450K	112K	2,475	40	E
Facilities Bldg	571 NW Prindle St, Chehalis	5,8,14,15,16,17,18	х							12,328	2.1M	539K	13,561	25	С
Public Services Building	2025 Kresky Ave, Chehalis	5,8,12,13,14,15,16, 17,18	Х							12,537	2.6M	625K	14,850	150	E
Fairgrounds	2555 No National, Chehalis	5,8,13,15,16,17,18	х						Yes	204,313	21M	5.3M	224,744	20000	F,C,F,G

Central Shop	109 Forest Napavine, Chehalis	5,14,15,16,17,18		х				40,848	6.1M	1.2M	41,954	40	E,F,C
Area 1 Shop	148 Big Hanaford Rd, Centralia	2,3,5,8,14,15,16,17, 18	Х					9,916	1.4M	2.1M	9,625	25	B,E,G
Area 2 Shop Bunker Garage	307 Spooner Rd (St Hwy 6)	5,12,14,15,16,17,18	Х					10,231	1.4M	2.1M	6,930	25	B,F
Area 3 Shop	111 Pleasant Valley Rd., Winlock	5,14,15,16,17,18	Х					15,860	2.2M	3.2M	11,942	25	B,E,F,G
Area 5 Shop	162 Brim Rd., Ethel	5,14,15,16,17,18	Х					20,876	3M	4.8M	14,784	50	B,E,G
Sheriff Storage	187 Kirkland Rd., Chehalis	3,5,8,14,15,16,17,18	Х					9,200	795K	119K	6,981	10	E
Area 7 Shop	8911 US Hwy 12, Randle	5,8,12,14,15,16,17, 18	х					13,612	1.5M	2.1M	12,043	25	B,E,G
Toledo Sand Shed	134 Collins Rd #125, Toledo	2,5,8,12,14,15,16, 17,18	Х					1,920	110K	16K	1,430	1	B,E,G
Search and Rescue Shop	951 Hwy 508, Onalaska	5,8,15,16,17,18	Х					5,994	519K	81K	4,752	20	F
South County Park Storage	212 Ray Rd., Toledo	5,8,15,16,17,18						3.120	384K	96K	3,432	5	С
Shaefer Park Kitchen/Serv	n/s Hwy 507 1 mi N of Centralia	5,8,15,16,17,18						1,800	180K	45K	1,980	25	E
Rose Park Picnic, Shelter	2 mi No of Adna on Penning Rd	5,15,16,17,18						480	72K	18K	528	15	E
Back Memorial Park	146 Dieckman Rd., Adna	5,8,15,16,17,18						1,302	98K	24K	1,432	50	М
Senior Center & Storage	2545 No. National Ave, Chehalis	5,8,13,14,15,16,17, 18	х					9,440	1.8M	456K	10,384	150	E,F
Morton Senior Center	103 Westlake Ave & 1 <sup>st</sup> Morton	5,8,14,15,16,17,18	х					4,200	630K	158K	4,620	75	E
Olequa Senior Center	119 SW Kerron, Winlock	5,8,14,15,16,17,18	х					5,036	755K	189K	5,540	75	E
Packwood Senior Center	12931 US Hwy 12, Packwood	5,14,15,16,17,18	х					3.888	562K	140K	4,277	75	E
Toledo Senior Center	150 Coal St., Toledo	5,8,12,14,15,16,17, 18	х					3.872	581K	145K	5,259	75	E
Lewis Co. Historical Museum	599 NW Front, Chehalis	5,14,15,16,17,18					Yes	8,752	2.1M	547K	9,627	50	D
Central Transfer Station	1411 So Tower, Centralia	5,8,13,14,15,16,17, 18	Х					15,900	3.2M	703K	17,490	50	B,E
Morton Transfer Station	6745 US Hwy 12, Morton	5,12,14,15,16,17,18	х					11,200	1.9M	321K	8,427	25	E,G
Juvenile Detention Center	1255 SW Pacific, Chehalis	5,8,14,15,16,17,18	х	Х				13,13	3.9M	985K	14,443	100	В
Ed Carlson Memorial- South Lewis County Airport	5239 Jackson Hwy, Toledo	5,8,9,14,15,16,17,18	Х					8,682	509K	127K	9,550	20	B,F,H

Animal Shelter	560 Centralia Alpha, Chehalis	5,12,14,15,16,17,18	Х					2,624	525K	131K	2,886	15	С
Claquato Church	Water Street, Chehalis	5,15,16,17,18					х	625	125K	31K	688	40	E
Sheriff's Substation	12990 US Hwy 12, Packwood	5,15,16,17,18	Х					1,232	RENTAL	0	1,355	10	В
PA Family Support Services	17 NW Cascade, Chehalis	5,14,15,16,18						2,172	272K	68K	2,389	20	E
St. Urban Church	Military Road, Winlock	5,15,16,17,18					х	1,500	300K	75K	1,650	50	E
Coroner & Evidence	172 NW State, Chehalis	5,8,14,15,16,17,18	Х					16,000	4.8M	1.2M	17,600	50	С
Packwood Airport	133 Main St W., Packwood	5,8,12,14,15,16,17, 18	Х	Х				2000ft runway	800K	25K		1	Н
Radio Towers	Various	5,12,14,15,16,17,18			Х			22 sites	750K TOTAL	VARIES	UNKN	NA	VARIES
Vader Water Intake	0 State Route 506, Vader	2,3,8,12,16,18,						120	804k	-	7,500	1	E
Engineering/Design	2015 NE Kresky Ave., Chehalis	8,12,13,16,18						2,608	Rental	130K	3,104	20	E
Larson Pit	Larson Rd., Mossyrock	16,18						1,920	110K	16K	1,430	1	E
Animal Shelter Sand Shed	560 Centralia Alpha, Chehalis	16,18						1,224	71K	10K	906	1	Е
Vader Water Treatment Plant	1333 S. Military Rd., Vader	12,16,18						1,364	3.7M	_	3,411	10	E

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: AVALANCHE (NEW)

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	29832	0		3593 M	0		76300	0	
Commercial	2077	0		559 M	0				
Industrial	241	0		163 M	0				
Agricultural	561	0		69 M	0				
Religious/ Non-profit	301	0		78 M	0				
Government	184	0		102 M	0				
Education	199	0		200 M	0				
Utilities	120	0		677 M	0				
Total	33515	0		5440 M	0				

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: 5/28/15
Which Agency are you representing? County of L	ewis
Name: Edna J Fund	Title: Chairman BOCC
Email: edna.fund@lewiscountywa.gov	Telephone #: 740-1120
Address: 351 NW North St.	City: Chehalis ZIP: 98532

Hazard: **DAM FAILURE** 

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	29832	7002	24	3593 M	742 M	21	76300	19524	26
Commercial	2077	823	40	559 M	195 M	35			
Industrial	241	49	20	163 M	15 M	9.2			
Agricultural	561	52	9.3	69 M	6.1 M	8.8			
Religious/ Non-profit	301	89	30	78 M	22 M	28			
Government	184	46	25	102 M	19 M	18			
Education	199	65	33	200 M	82 M	41			
Utilities	120	25	21	677 M	27 M	4.0			·
Total	33515	8151	24	5440 M	1108 M	20			·

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? **Yes** or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or **No**

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: 5/28/15
Which Agency are you representing? County of Le	wis
Name: Edna J Fund	Title: Chairman BOCC
Email: edna.fund@lewiscountywa.gov	Telephone #: 740-1120
Address: 351 NW North St.	City: Chehalis ZIP: 98532

Hazard: **DEBRIS FLOW** 

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	29832			3593 M			76300		
Commercial	2077			559 M					
Industrial	241			163 M					
Agricultural	561			69 M					
Religious/ Non-profit	301			78 M					
Government	184			102 M					
Education	199			200 M					
Utilities	120			677 M					
Total	33515			5440 M					

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? **Yes** or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or **No**

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: DROUGHT (NEW)

	Numbe	Number of Structures		Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	29832	29832	100	3593 M	3593 M	100	76300	76300	100
Commercial	2077	2077	100	559 M	559 M	100			
Industrial	241	241	100	163 M	163 M	100			
Agricultural	561	561	100	69 M	69 M	100			
Religious/ Non-profit	301	301	100	78 M	78 M	100			
Government	184	184	100	102 M	102 M	100			
Education	199	199	100	200 M	200 M	100			
Utilities	120	120	100	677 M	677 M	100			
Total	33515	33515	100	5440 M	5440 M	100			

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or **No**
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or **No**
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? **Yes** or No

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: **EARTHQUAKE** 

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	29832	29832	100	3593 M	3593 M	100	76300	76300	100
Commercial	2077	2077	100	559 M	559 M	100			
Industrial	241	241	100	163 M	163 M	100			
Agricultural	561	561	100	69 M	69 M	100			
Religious/ Non-profit	301	301	100	78 M	78 M	100			
Government	184	184	100	102 M	102 M	100			
Education	199	199	100	200 M	200 M	100			
Utilities	120	120	100	677 M	677 M	100		_	
Total	33515	33515	100	5440 M	5440 M	100			

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or **No**
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or **No**
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? **Yes** or No

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: 5/28/15
Which Agency are you representing? County of L	ewis
Name: Edna J Fund	Title: Chairman BOCC
Email: edna.fund@lewiscountywa.gov	Telephone #: 740-1120
Address: 351 NW North St.	City: Chehalis ZIP: 98532

Hazard: FLOOD

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	29832	3684	12	3593 M	403 M	11	76300	9538	13
Commercial	2077	431	21	559 M	110 M	20			
Industrial	241	41	17	163 M	11 M	6.5			
Agricultural	561	48	8.6	69 M	5.9 M	8.7			
Religious/ Non-profit	301	28	9.3	78 M	11 M	14			
Government	184	34	19	102 M	31 M	30			
Education	199	23	12	200 M	23 M	11			
Utilities	120	12	13	677 M	17 M	2.5			
Total	33515	4304	13	5440 M	610 M	11			

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or **No**
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? **Yes** or No

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: 5/28/15
Which Agency are you representing? County of Le	wis
Name: Edna J Fund	Title: Chairman BOCC
Email: edna.fund@lewiscountywa.gov	Telephone #: 740-1120
Address: 351 NW North St.	City: Chehalis ZIP: 98532

Hazard: LAND SLIDE

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	29832			3593 M			76300		
Commercial	2077			559 M					
Industrial	241			163 M					
Agricultural	561			69 M					
Religious/ Non-profit	301			78 M					
Government	184			102 M					
Education	199			200 M					
Utilities	120			677 M					
Total	33515			5440 M					

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or **No**
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? **Yes** or No

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: 5/28/15
Which Agency are you representing? County of Le	wis
Name: Edna J Fund	Title: Chairman BOCC
Email: edna.fund@lewiscountywa.gov	Telephone #: 740-1120
Address: 351 NW North St.	City: Chehalis ZIP: 98532

Hazard: LEVEE FAILURE

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	29832			3593 M			76300		
Commercial	2077			559 M					
Industrial	241			163 M					
Agricultural	561			69 M					
Religious/ Non-profit	301			78 M					
Government	184			102 M					
Education	199			200 M				_	
Utilities	120			677 M					
Total	33515			5440 M					

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or **No**
- **4.** Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? **Yes** or No

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: SEVERE THUNDER STORM

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Number of People			
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	29832	29832	100	3593 M	3593 M	100	76300	76300	100	
Commercial	2077	2077	100	559 M	559 M	100				
Industrial	241	241	100	163 M	163 M	100				
Agricultural	561	561	100	69 M	69 M	100				
Religious/ Non-profit	301	301	100	78 M	78 M	100				
Government	184	184	100	102 M	102 M	100				
Education	199	199	100	200 M	200 M	100				
Utilities	120	120	100	677 M	677 M	100			·	
Total	33515	33515	100	5440 M	5440 M	100				

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or **No**
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or **No**
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? **Yes** or No

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: SEVERE WIND STORM

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	29832	29832	100	3593 M	3593 M	100	76300	76300	100
Commercial	2077	2077	100	559 M	559 M	100			
Industrial	241	241	100	163 M	163 M	100			
Agricultural	561	561	100	69 M	69 M	100			
Religious/ Non-profit	301	301	100	78 M	78 M	100			
Government	184	184	100	102 M	102 M	100			
Education	199	199	100	200 M	200 M	100			
Utilities	120	120	100	677 M	677 M	100			
Total	33515	33515	100	5440 M	5440 M	100			

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or **No**
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or **No**
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? **Yes** or No

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: SEVERE WINTER STORM

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	29832	29832	100	3593 M	3593 M	100	76300	76300	100
Commercial	2077	2077	100	559 M	559 M	100			
Industrial	241	241	100	163 M	163 M	100			
Agricultural	561	561	100	69 M	69 M	100			
Religious/ Non-profit	301	301	100	78 M	78 M	100			
Government	184	184	100	102 M	102 M	100			
Education	199	199	100	200 M	200 M	100			
Utilities	120	120	100	677 M	677 M	100			
Total	33515	33515	100	5440 M	5440 M	100			

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or **No**
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or **No**
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? **Yes** or No

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: VOLCANO: ASH

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Number of People			
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	29832	29832	100	3593 M	3593 M	100	76300	76300	100	
Commercial	2077	2077	100	559 M	559 M	100				
Industrial	241	241	100	163 M	163 M	100				
Agricultural	561	561	100	69 M	69 M	100				
Religious/ Non-profit	301	301	100	78 M	78 M	100				
Government	184	184	100	102 M	102 M	100				
Education	199	199	100	200 M	200 M	100				
Utilities	120	120	100	677 M	677 M	100				
Total	33515	33515	100	5440 M	5440 M	100				

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or **No**
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: VOLCANO: LAHAR/BLAST/LAVA

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structu	ures	Number of People			
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	29832	2652	8.9	3593 M	272 M	7.6	76300	6016	7.9	
Commercial	2077	103	5.0	559 M	16 M	2.8				
Industrial	241	2	0.8	163 M	91,884	0.1				
Agricultural	561	25	4.5	69 M	7.3 M	10.7				
Religious/ Non-profit	301	12	4.0	78 M	3.1 M	4.0				
Government	184	37	20	102 M	5.7 M	5.6				
Education	199	16	8.0	200 M	17 M	8.5				
Utilities	120	6	5.0	677 M	16 M	2.3				
Total	33515	2853	8.5	5440 M	337 M	6.2				

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or **No**
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: 5/28/15
Which Agency are you representing? County of Le	wis
Name: Edna J Fund	Title: Chairman BOCC
Email: edna.fund@lewiscountywa.gov	Telephone #: 740-1120
Address: 351 NW North St.	City: Chehalis ZIP: 98532

Hazard: WILDFIRE

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	29832	3997	13	3593 M	565 M	16	76300	9075	12
Commercial	2077	73	3.5	559 M	9.1 M	1.6			
Industrial	241	7	2.9	163 M	772,464	0.5			
Agricultural	561	109	19	69 M	12 M	17			
Religious/ Non-profit	301	27	9.0	78 M	6.6 M	8.6			
Government	184	6	3.3	102 M	1.6 M	1.5			
Education	199	11	5.5	200 M	9.3 M	4.7			
Utilities	120	15	12.5	677 M	425 M	63			
Total	33515	4245	13	5440 M	1029 M	19			

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or **No**
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? **Yes** or No

### Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE - Worksheet 3A Agency: Lewis County

Category Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Hazard Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Social (Yes or No)	Technical (Yes or No)	Administrative (Yes or No)	Political (Yes or No)	Legal (Yes or No)	Economical (Yes or No)	Environmental (Yes or No)	Responsible Department/Agency
Update EAP plan for dumping of damaged materials	Expansive/submissive soils	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	BOCC
Update Emergency Action Plan & educate staff	Earthquake, Flood, Volcano	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Juvenile Court Manager /Facilities Manager
Update agreements with other agencies to hold prisoners in the event of damage to local facility (LC Jail Facilities)	Earthquake, Volcano	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	N	LC Juvenile Court Mgr
Monitor flooding and take action to move equipment in event (LC Jail Facilities)	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Sheriff's Office
Create EAP Plan for building (LC Public Services) & train employees on use	Earthquake, volcano	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Facilities Manager
Maintenance staff monitor for any damage to facility (LC Public Services)	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Facilities Manager
Create EAP Plan for building (LC Courthouse) & train employees on use	Earthquake, volcano	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Facilities Manager
Maintenance staff monitor for any damage to facility (LC Courthouse)	Earthquake, volcano	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Facilities Manager
Develop a plan to keep facility operational – Mt. St Helens (Ed Carlson Memorial –South Lewis County Airport	Volcano	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Airport Systems Manager
Develop a plan to keep facility operational – Mt. Rainer (Packwood airport)	Volcano	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Airport Systems Manager
Check hangars for security/check aircraft tie downs	High winds, severe storms	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	N	Airport Systems Manager
Create EAP Plan for building (LC Health Bldg) & train employees to use	Earthquake	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Facilities Manager
Maintenance Staff monitor for any damage to facility (LCPH)	Earthquake	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Facilities Manager
Create EAP Plan for building (LC Law & Justice) & train employees to use	Earthquake	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Facilities Manager
Maintenance Staff monitor for any damage to facility (LC Law & Justice)	Earthquake	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Facilities Manager
Create EAP Plan for building (LC Motor Pool) & train employees to use	Earthquake	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Facilities Manager
Maintenance Staff monitor for any damage to facility (LC Motor Pool)	Earthquake	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Facilities Manager
Coordinate warning system for potential break with other stakeholders (Skookumchuck Dam)	Flood	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Emergency Mgmt Mgr
Ensure bridge associated to the neighborhood has a high priority for inspection and retrofit (Bridges)	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Public Works Director

### Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE - Worksheet 3A Agency: Lewis County

Category Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Hazard Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Social (Yes or No)	Technical (Yes or No)	Administrative (Yes or No)	Political (Yes or No)	Legal (Yes or No)	Economical (Yes or No)	Environmental (Yes or No)	Responsible Department/Agency
Incorporate early warning procedures in local ERPs	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Emergency Mgmt Mgr
Create prioritized plans for road/street clearance (ERP)	Severe winter storm	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Public Works Director
Review adequacy of existing mutual aid agreements (ERP)	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Public Works Director
Define evacuation routes for areas of high volcanic probability (ERP)	Volcano activity	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Emergency Mgmt Mgr
Continue to enforce the flood damage protection code	Flooding	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Community Development Director
Continue participation and implementation of project recommended by the Chehalis River Basin Flood Authority	Flooding	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Cooperative Effort; County Commissioner
Evaluate potential benefits of HMGP Home Elevation program (Floodplain Mgmt)	Flood	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Community Development Director
Include a compensatory storage element (storage in flood plain) and ensure consistency with County floodplain ordinances (Floodplain Mgmt)	Flooding	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Cooperative Effort; County Commissioner, Community Development Director
Update road addressing and incorporate into addressing ordinance	Fire	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	N	Community Development Director
Lewis County PUD tree maintenance program trims trees around power lines (Protect utilities)	Severe Winter Storms	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Lewis County PUD Engineering Supervisor
Retrofit existing overhead lines to underground as practicable and where time/budget allows (Protect utilities)	Severe Winter Storms	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Lewis County PUD Engineering Supervisor
Explore the feasibility of creating wildfire zones for incorporation into critical areas ordinance (CAO Ord Update)	Fire	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development Director
Incorporate the channel migration zones in the critical areas ordinance. Do necessary studies for mapping other river basins; Utilize public process through planning commission to incorporate CMA into critical areas ordinance (CAO Ord update)	Flooding	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	N	Υ	Community Development Director
Review critical areas ordinance to update flood zones, seismic zones, and landslides (CAO Ord update)	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development Director
Evaluate feasibility of creating high wind zones for incorporation into critical areas ordinance (CAO Ord update)	High Winds	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development Director
Ensure wind ratings in building code are adequate and consistent (CAO Ordinance Update)	High Winds	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development Director

### Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE - Worksheet 3A

**Agency: Lewis County** 

Category Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Hazard Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Social (Yes or No)	Technical (Yes or No)	Administrative (Yes or No)	Political (Yes or No)	Legal (Yes or No)	Economical (Yes or No)	Environmental (Yes or No)	Responsible Department/Agency
Explore feasibility of considering volcanic evacuation in determining building occupancy limits (CAO Ord update)	Volcano Activity	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Community Development Director
Continue to maintain concurrency with all building, plumbing, electrical and other codes that reduce vulnerability of new structures to natural hazards (Development Review)	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Community Development Director
Coordinate annual participation of Opt-ins in HMP review/update (Countywide)	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Community Development Director
Improve NOAA radio coverage for East County (Improve Emergency Alert System Coverage)	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	N	County Emergency Mgmt Mgr/Fire District Chiefs
Lobby Federal Government to fully implement EAS technology in consumer electronics (Improve Emergency Alert System Coverage)	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	HMP Planning Committee
Educate public on what to do before, after, and during an emergency (Public Education)	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	N	Emergency Mgmt Mgr
Educate public about need to create buffer zones between home and timber	Fire	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Fire District Chiefs, Emergency Mgmt Mgr, DNR
Educate public about water conservation and what to do in the event their water system dries up (Public Education)	Drought	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Emergency Mgmt Mgr, Public Health & Social Services
Review existing ESF # 36 Draft "Drought" discuss any needed revisions and additions to plan. Finalize plan and train staff appropriately	Drought	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Public Health & Social Services Emergency Management

Date: 5-15-2015

### Notes

- S: Social The public must support the overall implementation strategy and specific mitigation actions.
- T: Technical It is important to determine if the proposed action is technically feasible, will help reduce losses in the long term, and has minimal secondary impacts.
- A: Administrative Under this part of the evaluation criteria, examine the anticipated staffing, funding, and maintenance requirements for the mitigation action to be implemented.
- P: Political Understanding how your community and State leadership feels about issues related to the environment, economic development, safety, and emergency management.
- L: Legal When considering this criterion, determine whether your agency has the legal authority at the State, or local level to implement the action, or if new laws will need to be passed.
- E: Economic Cost-effective mitigation actions that can be funded in current or upcoming budget cycles are much more likely to be implemented.
- E: Environmental Evaluate whether, when implementing mitigation actions, there would be negative consequences to environmental assets (wetlands, endangered species, protected resources).

Miti	Mitigation Measures		2010 Plan		Mitigation Identification		st-Benefit an		Implementation				
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	(flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	earthquake, in 2010	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 2 = Highest	Priority Rating (Low, Medium,	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility	
Emergency Response Planning	Incorporate early warning procedures in local ERPs	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	3	High	On-going	Current Expense	\$0	Emergency Mgmt Mgr	
Emergency Response Planning	Create prioritized plans for road/street clearance	Severe winter storm	Yes	Yes	Prevention	3	2	Low	On-going	Current Expense	\$0	Public Works Director	
Emergency Response Planning	Review adequacy of existing mutual aid agreements	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Yes	Yes	Prevention	3	3	High	2010	Current Expense	\$0	Public Works Director	
Emergency Response Planning	Define evacuation routes for areas of high volcanic probability	Volcano Activity	Yes	No	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	1	Med	On-going	Current Expense	\$0	Emergency Mgmt Mgr	
Floodplain Management	Continue to enforce the flood damage prevention code.	Flooding	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	1	2	High	On-going	Current Expense	\$0	Community Development Director	
Floodplain Management	Continue participation and implementation of project recommended by the Chehalis River Basin Flood Authority	Flooding	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	1	2	Med	On-going	Current Expense	\$0	Cooperative Effort; County Commissioner	
Floodplain Management	Evaluate potential benefits of HMGP Home Elevation program	Flood	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	2	High	2009	Grant	220K	Community Development Director	
Floodplain Management	Include a compensatory storage element (storage in floodplain) and ensure consistency with County floodplain ordinances	Flooding	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	2	Med	On-going	Current Expense	\$0	Cooperative Effort; County Commissioner, Community Development Director	

	Mitigation Measures		2010 Plan		Mitigation Identification		st-Benefit an rioritization		Implementation						
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	(flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	earthquake, wind, winter,	earthquake, wind, winter,	Task in 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 2 - Highest	Priority Rating (Low, Medium,	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
Property Addressing	Update road addressing and incorporate into addressing ordinance	Fire	Yes	No	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	1	Med	On-going	Current Expense	\$0	Community Development Director			
Protect Utilities	Lewis County PUD tree maintenance program trims trees around power lines	Severe Winter Storms	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property protection	1	3	High	On-going	Current Expense	250K	Lewis County PUD Engineering Supervisor			
Protect Utilities	Retrofit existing overhead lines to underground as practicable and where time/budge allows	Severe Winter Storms	Yes	No	Structural Projects	1	2	Low	On-going	Current Expense	50M	Lewis County PUD Engineering Supervisor			
Critical Areas Ordinance Update	Explore the feasibility of creating wildfire zones for incorporation into critical areas ordinance	Fire	Yes	No	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	1	Low	On-going	Current Expense	\$0	Community Development Director			
Critical Areas Ordinance Update	Incorporate the channel migration zones in the critical areas ordinance. Do necessary studies for mapping other river basins; utilize public process through Planning Commission to incorporate CMZ into critical areas ordinance	Flooding	Yes	No	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	2	High	2010	Current Expense	\$0	Community Development Director			
Critical Areas Ordinance Update	Review critical areas ordinance to update flood zones, seismic zones, and landslides	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	2	High	2012	Current Expense	\$0	Community Development Director			
Critical Areas Ordinance Update	Evaluate feasibility of creating high wind zones for incorporation into critical areas ordinance	High Winds	Yes	No	Prevention, Property Protection	2	1	Low	2010	Current Expense	\$0	Community Development Director			

Mit	Mitigation Measures		20	010 Plan	Mitigation Identification		st-Benefit an rioritization		Implementation					
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	(flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	earthquake, wind, winter,	earthquake, wind, winter,	Task in 2010 Plan (yes or no)	in completed as part of Plan (yes (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 2 - Highest	Priority Rating (Low, Medium,	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
Critical Areas Ordinance Update	Evaluate feasibility of creating high wind zones for incorporation into critical areas ordinance	High Winds	Yes	No	Prevention, Property Protection	2	1	Low	2010	Current Expense	\$0	Community Development Director		
Critical Areas Ordinance Update	Ensure wind ratings in building code are adequate and consistent	High Winds	Yes	No	Prevention, Property Protection	2	1	Low	On-going	Current Expense	\$0	Community Development Director		
Critical Areas Ordinance Update	Explore feasibility of considering volcanic evacuation in determining building occupancy limits	Volcano activity	Yes	No	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	1	1	Low	On-going	Current Expense	\$0	Community Development Director		
Development Review	Continue to maintain concurrency with all building, plumbing, electrical and other codes that reduce vulnerability of new structures to natural hazards	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Yes	No	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	3	High	On-going	Existing	\$0	Community Development Director		
Countywide	Maintain/update HMP Mitigation database	Earthquake, Flood, Volcano	Yes	Yes	Prevention	3	2	High	On-going	Existing	\$25K	GIS Group Lead/County Emergency Mgmt Mgr		
Countywide	Coordinate annual participation of Opt-ins in HMP review/update	Earthquake, Flood, Volcano	Yes	No	Public Education & Awareness	3	2	Med	On-going	Existing	\$0	County Emergency Mgmt Mgr		
Improve Emergency Alert System Coverage	Improve NOAA radio coverage for East County	Earthquake, Flood, Volcano	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	3	High	2009	Agreement by NOAA	\$0	County Emergency Mgmt Mgr/Fire District Chiefs		

Mi	tigation Measures	Hazard Addressed	20	010 Plan	Mitigation Identification		Cost-Benefit and Prioritization		Implementation			
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	(flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)  (flood, Task in 2010 Plan (yes or no)	2010 Plan (yes or	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest	Priority Rating (Low, Medium,	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
Improve Emergency Alert System Coverage	Lobby Federal Government to fully implement EAS technology in consumer electronics	Earthquake, Flood, Volcano	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	3	High	On-going	None	\$0	HMP Planning Committee
Public Education	Educate public on what to do before, after, and during an emergency	Earthquake, Flood, Volcano	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	3	High	On-going	Current Expense	\$10K	County Emergency Mgmt Mgr
Public Education	Educate public about need to create buffer zones between home and timber	Fire	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	3	High	On-going	DNR Grant	\$2K	Fire District Chiefs, County Emergency Mgmt Mgr, DNR
Emergency Response Planning	Review existing ESF # 36 Draft "Drought" discuss any needed revisions and additions to plan. Finalize plan and train staff appropriately	Drought	No	No	Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	2	High	2015	Grants and current expense	\$30	Public Health & Social Services Emergency Mgmt Mgr

Date: 11-5-2015

### Notes

2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task

## **Critical Facilities Mitigation Strategies - Worksheet 3C**

**Agency: Lewis County** 

Mitigati	ion Measures	Hazard Addressed	20	10 Plan	Mitigation Identification		-Benefit a		Implementation				
Facility	Mitigation Strategy	(All, flooding, landslide, earthquake, volcanic, etc)	Task listed in the 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 3 - Hinhaet	Priority Rating (Low,	Timeline (schedule)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility	
LC Solid Waste Transfer Station	Update EAP plan for dumping of damaged materials	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Yes	No	Prevention	1	2	Med	Yearly	Declared Disaster	0	восс	
LC Juvenile Court	Update Emergency Action Plan and educate staff	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Yes	No	Prevention	3	3	High	Yearly	Current Expense	0	Juvenile Court Mgr / Facilities Mgr	
LC Juvenile Court	Update agreements with other agencies to hold prisoners in the event of damage to local facility	Earthquake, volcano	Yes	No	Prevention	3	3	High	Yearly	Current Expense	0	Juvenile Court Manager	
LC Sheriff Packwood	Monitor flooding and take action to move equipment in event	Flood, Earthquake, Volcano	Yes	No	Prevention	3	3	High	2010	Current Expense	0	Sheriff	
LC Public Services	Create EAP plan for building and train employees on use	Earthquake, volcano	Yes	No	Prevention	2	3	High	2010	Current Expense	0	Facilities Manager	
LC Public Services	Maintenance staff monitor for any damage to facility	Earthquake, volcano	Yes	No	Prevention	3	3	High	Ongoing	Current Expense	0	Facilities Manager	
LC Courthouse	Create EAP plan for building and train employees on use	Earthquake, volcano	Yes	No	Prevention	2	3	High	2010	Current Expense	0	Facilities Manager	
LC Courthouse	Maintenance staff monitor for any damage to facility	Earthquake, volcano	Yes	No	Prevention	3	3	High	Ongoing	Current Expense	0	Facilities Manager	
Ed Carlson Memorial- South Lewis County Airport	Develop a plan to keep facility operations – Mt. St. Helens	Volcano	Yes	No	Prevention	2	2	Med	2010-11	Current Expense	0	Airport Systems Manager	
Packwood Airport	Develop a plan to keep facility operations – Mt. St. Rainier	Volcano	Yes	No	Prevention	2	3	Med	2010-11	Current Expense	0	Airport Systems Manager	

Date: 5-15-2015

#### Notes

Facility: Critical facility
Mitigation Strategy: description of mitigation or task
2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Timeline: give approximate timeframe of completing this task
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task

## **Critical Facilities Mitigation Strategies - Worksheet 3C**

Agency:	Lewis	County
inscircy.		Country

Mitigation	Measures	Hazard Addressed (All, flooding, landslide,	20	10 Plan	Mitigation Identification		-Benefit a		Implementation			
Facility	Mitigation Strategy	earthquake, volcanic, etc)	Task listed in the 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 3 = Hinhast	Priority Rating (Low, Medium,	Timeline (schedule)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
Ed Carlson Memorial –South Lewis County Airport	Assess buildings for seismic and ash fall capabilities	Earthquake/volcanic	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection	2	2	Med	2017	Current Expense	\$1000	
Packwood Airport	Update Airport Layout Plan	Flood, hail, debris, land subsidence	Yes	No	Property, prevention protection	2	3	High	2016	Grants and Current Expense		Airport Systems Manager
LC Public Health & Social Services	Create EAP Plan for building and train employees on use	Earthquake	Yes	No	Prevention	3	3	High	2010	Current Expense	0	Facilities Manager
LC Public Health & Social Services	Maintenance staff monitor for any damage to facility	Earthquake	Yes	No	Prevention	2	3	High	Ongoing	Current Expense	0	Facilities Manager
LC Law & Justice	Create EAP Plan for building and train employees on use	Earthquake	Yes	No	Prevention	2	3	High	2010	Current Expense	0	Facilities Manager
LC Law & Justice	Maintenance staff monitor for any damage to facility	Earthquake	Yes	No	Prevention	3	3	High	Ongoing	Current Expense	0	Facilities Manager
LC Motor Pool	Create EAP Plan for building and train employees on use	Earthquake	Yes	No	Prevention	2	3	High	2010	Current Expense	0	Facilities Manager
LC Motor Pool	Maintenance staff monitor for any damage to facility	Earthquake	Yes	No	Prevention	3	3	High	2010	Current Expense	0	Facilities Manager
Skookumchuck Dam	Coordinate warning system for potential break with other stakeholders	Flood	Yes	No	Prevention	1	3	High	Ongoing	Current Expense	0	Emergency Management Manager

Date: 5-15-2015

#### Notes

Facility: Critical facility
Mitigation Strategy: description of mitigation or task
2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Timeline: give approximate timeframe of completing this task
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task

## **Critical Facilities Mitigation Strategies - Worksheet 3C**

<b>A</b>	T	$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$
Agency:	2 PW19	County
rigenicy.		Country

	pation Measures	Hazard Addressed	20	10 Plan	Mitigation Identification		t-Benefit a ioritizatior		Implementation		n	
Facility	Mitigation Strategy	(All, flooding, landslide, earthquake, volcanic, etc)	Task listed in the 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest	Priority Rating (Low,	Timeline (schedule)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
Bridges	Ensure bridges associated to the neighborhood has a high priority for inspection and retrofit	Earthquake, flood, volcano	Yes	Yes	Prevention	3	3	High	Ongoing	Current Expense	0	Public Works Director
County- wide		Drought	No	No	Awareness, Natural Resource Protection	2	2	High	2015	Grant, Current Expense	\$40,0000	Public Health & Social Services, Emergency Management

Date: 5-15-2015

#### Notes

Facility: Critical facility
Mitigation Strategy: description of mitigation or task
2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Timeline: give approximate timeframe of completing this task
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task

# Hazus-MH: Earthquake Event Report

Region Name: Lewis County EQ 2015 Cascadia

Earthquake Scenario: Cascadia M9 USGS Shakemap

Print Date: July 17, 2015

#### Disclaimer:

This version of Hazus utilizes 2010 Census Data.

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region.

The estimates of social and economic impacts contained in this report were produced using Hazus loss estimation methodology software which is based on current scientific and engineering knowledge. There are uncertainties inherent in any loss estimation technique. Therefore, there may be significant differences between the modeled results contained in this report and the actual social and economic losses following a specific earthquake. These results can be improved by using enhanced inventory, geotechnical, and observed ground motion data.

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## General Description of the Region

Hazus is a regional earthquake loss estimation model that was developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the National Institute of Building Sciences. The primary purpose of Hazus is to provide a methodology and software application to develop earthquake losses at a regional scale. These loss estimates would be used primarily by local, state and regional officials to plan and stimulate efforts to reduce risks from earthquakes and to prepare for emergency response and recovery.

The earthquake loss estimates provided in this report was based on a region that includes 1 county(ies) from the following state(s):

Washington

#### Note:

Appendix A contains a complete listing of the counties contained in the region.

The geographical size of the region is 2,435.61 square miles and contains 20 census tracts. There are over 29 thousand households in the region which has a total population of 75,455 people (2010 Census Bureau data). The distribution of population by State and County is provided in Appendix B.

There are an estimated 33 thousand buildings in the region with a total building replacement value (excluding contents) of 7,328 (millions of dollars). Approximately 92.00 % of the buildings (and 75.00% of the building value) are associated with residential housing.

The replacement value of the transportation and utility lifeline systems is estimated to be 5,246 and 1,382 (millions of dollars), respectively.

## **Building and Lifeline Inventory**

#### **Building Inventory**

Hazus estimates that there are 33 thousand buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of 7,328 (millions of dollars). Appendix B provides a general distribution of the building value by State and County.

In terms of building construction types found in the region, wood frame construction makes up 74% of the building inventory. The remaining percentage is distributed between the other general building types.

#### **Critical Facility Inventory**

Hazus breaks critical facilities into two (2) groups: essential facilities and high potential loss facilities (HPL). Essential facilities include hospitals, medical clinics, schools, fire stations, police stations and emergency operations facilities. High potential loss facilities include dams, levees, military installations, nuclear power plants and hazardous material sites.

For essential facilities, there are 1 hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of 142 beds. There are 45 schools, 13 fire stations, 8 police stations and 0 emergency operation facilities. With respect to high potential loss facilities (HPL), there are 0 dams identified within the region. Of these, 0 of the dams are classified as 'high hazard'. The inventory also includes 22 hazardous material sites, 0 military installations and 0 nuclear power plants.

## Transportation and Utility Lifeline Inventory

Within Hazus, the lifeline inventory is divided between transportation and utility lifeline systems. There are seven (7) transportation systems that include highways, railways, light rail, bus, ports, ferry and airports. There are six (6) utility systems that include potable water, wastewater, natural gas, crude & refined oil, electric power and communications. The lifeline inventory data are provided in Tables 1 and 2.

The total value of the lifeline inventory is over 6,628.00 (millions of dollars). This inventory includes over 460 kilometers of highways, 332 bridges, 6,315 kilometers of pipes.

**Table 1: Transportation System Lifeline Inventory** 

System	Component	# Locations/ # Segments	Replacement value (millions of dollars)		
Highway	Bridges	332	2,674.00		
	Segments	88	2,239.00		
	Tunnels	0	0.00		
		Subtotal	4,913.00		
Railways	Bridges	0	0.00		
	Facilities	3	8.00		
	Segments	69	129.50		
	Tunnels	0	0.00		
		Subtotal	137.50		
Light Rail	Bridges	0	0.00		
-	Facilities	0	0.00		
	Segments	0	0.00		
	Tunnels	0	0.00		
		Subtotal	0.00		
Bus	Facilities	1	1.20		
		Subtotal	1.20		
Ferry	Facilities	0	0.00		
•		Subtotal	0.00		
Port	Facilities	0	0.00		
		Subtotal	0.00		
Airport	Facilities	4	42.60		
All port	Runways	4	151.90		
	Tallways	Subtotal	194.50		
		Total	5,246.10		

Table 2: Utility System Lifeline Inventory

System	Component	# Locations / Segments	Replacement value (millions of dollars)
Potable Water	Distribution Lines	NA	63.20
	Facilities	1	36.60
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	99.80
Waste Water	Distribution Lines	NA	37.90
	Facilities	10	732.60
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	770.50
Natural Gas	Distribution Lines	NA	25.30
	Facilities	6	7.20
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	32.50
Oil Systems	Facilities	0	0.00
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	0.00
Electrical Power	Facilities	5	605.00
		Subtotal	605.00
Communication	Facilities	8	0.90
		Subtotal	0.90
		Total	1,508.60

### Earthquake Scenario

Hazus uses the following set of information to define the earthquake parameters used for the earthquake loss estimate provided in this report.

Scenario Name Cascadia M9 USGS Shakemap

Type of Earthquake User-defined

Fault Name NA
Historical Epicenter ID # NA
Probabilistic Return Period NA
Longitude of Epicenter NA
Latitude of Epicenter NA
Earthquake Magnitude 9.00
Depth (Km) NA

Rupture Length (Km) NA

Rupture Orientation (degrees) NA

Attenuation Function NA

## **Building Damage**

## **Building Damage**

Hazus estimates that about 7,074 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 21.00 % of the buildings in the region. There are an estimated 397 buildings that will be damaged beyond repair. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in Volume 1: Chapter 5 of the Hazus technical manual. Table 3 below summarizes the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 4 below summarizes the expected damage by general building type.

Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy

	None		Slight		Moderate		Extensive		Complete	
	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Agriculture	80	0.46	41	0.44	46	1.08	36	1.52	7	1.76
Commercial	248	1.41	288	3.15	668	15.48	496	20.99	96	24.23
Education	17	0.10	11	0.13	19	0.45	15	0.64	3	0.65
Government	16	0.09	8	0.09	15	0.36	11	0.47	2	0.47
Industrial	86	0.49	89	0.98	204	4.73	160	6.78	33	8.28
Other Residential	1,357	7.73	1,318	14.45	2,257	52.31	1,460	61.78	237	59.47
Religion	47	0.27	27	0.30	44	1.01	37	1.55	7	1.69
Single Family	15,714	89.46	7,337	80.46	1,061	24.58	148	6.28	14	3.44
Total	17,566		9,119		4,314		2,363		398	

Table 4: Expected Building Damage by Building Type (All Design Levels)

	None	None		Slight		Moderate		ive	Complete		
	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	
Wood	16,061	91.43	7673	84.15	1,124	26.06	32	1.36	1	0.28	
Steel	79	0.45	58	0.64	188	4.36	221	9.37	63	15.81	
Concrete	64	0.36	69	0.75	190	4.39	142	6.03	23	5.83	
Precast	61	0.35	49	0.54	181	4.19	209	8.83	44	11.11	
RM	205	1.17	125	1.37	388	9.00	300	12.71	29	7.24	
URM	27	0.16	29	0.31	72	1.66	56	2.39	15	3.78	
МН	1,069	6.08	1116	12.24	2,171	50.33	1,402	59.32	223	55.96	
Total	17,566		9,119		4,314		2,363		398		

\*Note:

RM Reinforced Masonry
URM Unreinforced Masonry
MH Manufactured Housing

## **Essential Facility Damage**

Before the earthquake, the region had 142 hospital beds available for use. On the day of the earthquake, the model estimates that only 1 hospital beds (1.00%) are available for use by patients already in the hospital and those injured by the earthquake. After one week, 21.00% of the beds will be back in service. By 30 days, 88.00% will be operational.

Table 5: Expected Damage to Essential Facilities

		# Facilities							
Classification	Total	At Least Moderate Damage > 50%	Complete Damage > 50%	With Functionality > 50% on day 1					
Hospitals	1	1	0	0					
Schools	45	0	0	38					
EOCs	0	0	0	0					
PoliceStations	8	0	0	8					
FireStations	13	0	0	12					

## Transportation and Utility Lifeline Damage

Table 6 provides damage estimates for the transportation system.

**Table 6: Expected Damage to the Transportation Systems** 

				Number of Location	ns_		
System	Component	Locations/	With at Least	With Complete	With Functionality > 50 %		
		Segments	Mod. Damage	Damage	After Day 1	After Day 7	
Highway	Segments	88	0	0	88	88	
	Bridges	332	10	0	322	332	
	Tunnels	0	0	0	0	0	
Railways	Segments	69	0	0	69	69	
	Bridges	0	0	0	0	0	
	Tunnels	0	0	0	0	0	
	Facilities	3	0	0	3	3	
Light Rail	Segments	0	0	0	0	0	
	Bridges	0	0	0	0	0	
	Tunnels	0	0	0	0	0	
	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0	
Bus	Facilities	1	0	0	1	1	
Ferry	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0	
Port	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0	
Airport	Facilities	4	0	0	4	4	
	Runways	4	0	0	4	4	

Note: Roadway segments, railroad tracks and light rail tracks are assumed to be damaged by ground failure only. If ground failure maps are not provided, damage estimates to these components will not be computed.

Tables 7-9 provide information on the damage to the utility lifeline systems. Table 7 provides damage to the utility system facilities. Table 8 provides estimates on the number of leaks and breaks by the pipelines of the utility systems. For electric power and potable water, Hazus performs a simplified system performance analysis. Table 9 provides a summary of the system performance information.

Table 7 : Expected Utility System Facility Damage

	# of Locations						
System	Total # With at Least		With Complete	with Function	nality > 50 %		
		Moderate Damage	Damage	After Day 1	After Day 7		
Potable Water	1	0	0	0	1		
Waste Water	10	0	0	3	10		
Natural Gas	6	0	0	6	6		
Oil Systems	0	0	0	0	0		
Electrical Power	5	0	0	1	5		
Communication	8	0	0	8	8		

Table 8 : Expected Utility System Pipeline Damage (Site Specific)

System	Total Pipelines Length (kms)	Number of Leaks	Number of Breaks
Potable Water	3,158	275	69
Waste Water	1,895	197	49
Natural Gas	1,263	57	14
Oil	0	0	0

Table 9: Expected Potable Water and Electric Power System Performance

	Total # of		Number of Ho	ouseholds withou	out Service	
	Households	At Day 1	At Day 3	At Day 7	At Day 30	At Day 90
Potable Water	29,743	302	0	0	0	0
Electric Power		0	0	0	0	0

## **Induced Earthquake Damage**

#### Fire Following Earthquake

Fires often occur after an earthquake. Because of the number of fires and the lack of water to fight the fires, they can often burn out of control. Hazus uses a Monte Carlo simulation model to estimate the number of ignitions and the amount of burnt area. For this scenario, the model estimates that there will be 0 ignitions that will burn about 0.00 sq. mi 0.00 % of the region's total area.) The model also estimates that the fires will displace about 0 people and burn about 0 (millions of dollars) of building value.

#### **Debris Generation**

Hazus estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the earthquake. The model breaks the debris into two general categories: a) Brick/Wood and b) Reinforced Concrete/Steel. This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.

The model estimates that a total of 0.30 million tons of debris will be generated. Of the total amount, Brick/Wood comprises 25.00% of the total, with the remainder being Reinforced Concrete/Steel. If the debris tonnage is converted to an estimated number of truckloads, it will require 12,040 truckloads (@25 tons/truck) to remove the debris generated by the earthquake.

## Social Impact

#### **Shelter Requirement**

Hazus estimates the number of households that are expected to be displaced from their homes due to the earthquake and the number of displaced people that will require accommodations in temporary public shelters. The model estimates 675 households to be displaced due to the earthquake. Of these, 429 people (out of a total population of 75,455) will seek temporary shelter in public shelters.

## **Casualties**

Hazus estimates the number of people that will be injured and killed by the earthquake. The casualties are broken down into four (4) severity levels that describe the extent of the injuries. The levels are described as follows;

Severity Level 1: Injuries will require medical attention but hospitalization is not needed.
 Severity Level 2: Injuries will require hospitalization but are not considered life-threatening
 Severity Level 3: Injuries will require hospitalization and can become life threatening if not promptly treated.

· Severity Level 4: Victims are killed by the earthquake.

The casualty estimates are provided for three (3) times of day: 2:00 AM, 2:00 PM and 5:00 PM. These times represent the periods of the day that different sectors of the community are at their peak occupancy loads. The 2:00 AM estimate considers that the residential occupancy load is maximum, the 2:00 PM estimate considers that the educational, commercial and industrial sector loads are maximum and 5:00 PM represents peak commute time.

Table 10 provides a summary of the casualties estimated for this earthquake

Table 10: Casualty Estimates

-		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
2 AM	Commercial	3	1	0	0
	Commuting	0	0	0	0
	Educational	0	0	0	0
	Hotels	0	0	0	0
	Industrial	6	1	0	0
	Other-Residential	79	15	1	2
	Single Family	21	2	0	0
	Total	109	19	2	3
2 PM	Commercial	194	47	7	13
	Commuting	0	0	0	0
	Educational	77	18	3	5
	Hotels	0	0	0	0
	Industrial	42	10	1	3
	Other-Residential	19	4	0	1
	Single Family	5	0	0	0
	Total	337	79	11	22
5 PM	Commercial	140	33	5	10
	Commuting	1	2	3	1
	Educational	4	1	0	0
	Hotels	0	0	0	0
	Industrial	26	6	1	2
	Other-Residential	29	5	0	1
	Single Family	8	1	0	0
	Total	208	48	9	13

## **Economic Loss**

The total economic loss estimated for the earthquake is 951.02 (millions of dollars), which includes building and lifeline related losses based on the region's available inventory. The following three sections provide more detailed information about these losses.

#### **Building-Related Losses**

The building losses are broken into two categories: direct building losses and business interruption losses. The direct building losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the earthquake. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the earthquake.

The total building-related losses were 742.50 (millions of dollars); 23 % of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. By far, the largest loss was sustained by the residential occupancies which made up over 36 % of the total loss. Table 11 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.

Table 11: Building-Related Economic Loss Estimates

(Millions of dollars)

Category	Area	Single Family	Other Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total
Income Los	ses						
	Wage	0.00	4.62	38.44	2.24	2.17	47.48
	Capital-Related	0.00	1.95	31.20	1.41	0.53	35.09
	Rental	1.76	7.43	19.65	0.84	0.98	30.66
	Relocation	5.98	10.29	31.40	3.62	8.06	59.35
	Subtotal	7.74	24.29	120.70	8.11	11.74	172.58
Capital Sto	ck Losses						
	Structural	15.56	22.08	61.67	17.48	13.62	130.41
	Non_Structural	83.71	67.23	108.69	34.67	23.24	317.54
	Content	36.01	11.19	40.56	20.24	8.74	116.73
	Inventory	0.00	0.00	1.42	3.62	0.20	5.24
	Subtotal	135.28	100.50	212.33	76.01	45.80	569.92
	Total	143.03	124.79	333.03	84.12	57.53	742.50

## **Transportation and Utility Lifeline Losses**

For the transportation and utility lifeline systems, Hazus computes the direct repair cost for each component only. There are no losses computed by Hazus for business interruption due to lifeline outages. Tables 12 & 13 provide a detailed breakdown in the expected lifeline losses.

Hazus estimates the long-term economic impacts to the region for 15 years after the earthquake. The model quantifies this information in terms of income and employment changes within the region. Table 14 presents the results of the region for the given earthquake.

**Table 12: Transportation System Economic Losses** 

(Millions of dollars)

System	Component	Inventory Value	Economic Loss	Loss Ratio (%)
Highway	Segments	2,239.01	\$0.00	0.00
	Bridges	2,673.99	\$55.11	2.06
	Tunnels	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	4913.00	55.10	
Railways	Segments	129.50	\$0.00	0.00
	Bridges	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Tunnels	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	7.99	\$1.60	19.99
	Subtotal	137.50	1.60	
Light Rail	Segments	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Bridges	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Tunnels	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	
Bus	Facilities	1.20	\$0.27	22.64
	Subtotal	1.20	0.30	
Ferry	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	
Port	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	
Airport	Facilities	42.60	\$6.38	14.98
	Runways	151.86	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	194.50	6.40	
	Total	5246.10	63.40	

## Table 13: Utility System Economic Losses

(Millions of dollars)

System	Component	Inventory Value	Economic Loss	Loss Ratio (%)
Potable Water	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	36.60	\$5.06	13.81
	Distribution Lines	63.20	\$1.24	1.96
	Subtotal	99.78	\$6.30	
Waste Water	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	732.60	\$72.80	9.94
	Distribution Lines	37.90	\$0.89	2.34
	Subtotal	770.49	\$73.69	
Natural Gas	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	7.20	\$0.76	10.54
	Distribution Lines	25.30	\$0.25	1.01
	Subtotal	32.45	\$1.01	
Oil Systems	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	\$0.00	
Electrical Power	Facilities	605.00	\$64.06	10.59
	Subtotal	605.00	\$64.06	
Communication	Facilities	0.90	\$0.10	11.06
	Subtotal	0.88	\$0.10	
	Total	1,508.61	\$145.16	

# Table 14. Indirect Economic Impact with outside aid (Employment as # of people and Income in millions of \$)

LOSS	Total	%

Append	dix A: County Listing	for the Region		
	Lewis,WA			

## **Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data**

			Building	y Value (millions of do	llars)
State	County Name	Population	Residential	Non-Residential	Total
Washington					
	Lewis	75,455	5,480	1,847	7,328
Total State		75,455	5,480	1,847	7,328
Total Region		75,455	5,480	1,847	7,328

# Hazus-MH: Earthquake Event Report

Region Name: Lewis County EQ 2015 Nisqually

Earthquake Scenario: Nisqually M7.2 USGS Shakemap

Print Date: July 17, 2015

#### Disclaimer:

This version of Hazus utilizes 2010 Census Data.

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region.

The estimates of social and economic impacts contained in this report were produced using Hazus loss estimation methodology software which is based on current scientific and engineering knowledge. There are uncertainties inherent in any loss estimation technique. Therefore, there may be significant differences between the modeled results contained in this report and the actual social and economic losses following a specific earthquake. These results can be improved by using enhanced inventory, geotechnical, and observed ground motion data.

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## General Description of the Region

Hazus is a regional earthquake loss estimation model that was developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the National Institute of Building Sciences. The primary purpose of Hazus is to provide a methodology and software application to develop earthquake losses at a regional scale. These loss estimates would be used primarily by local, state and regional officials to plan and stimulate efforts to reduce risks from earthquakes and to prepare for emergency response and recovery.

The earthquake loss estimates provided in this report was based on a region that includes 1 county(ies) from the following state(s):

Washington

#### Note

Appendix A contains a complete listing of the counties contained in the region.

The geographical size of the region is 2,435.61 square miles and contains 20 census tracts. There are over 29 thousand households in the region which has a total population of 75,455 people (2010 Census Bureau data). The distribution of population by State and County is provided in Appendix B.

There are an estimated 33 thousand buildings in the region with a total building replacement value (excluding contents) of 7,328 (millions of dollars). Approximately 92.00 % of the buildings (and 75.00% of the building value) are associated with residential housing.

The replacement value of the transportation and utility lifeline systems is estimated to be 5,246 and 1,382 (millions of dollars), respectively.

## **Building and Lifeline Inventory**

#### **Building Inventory**

Hazus estimates that there are 33 thousand buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of 7,328 (millions of dollars). Appendix B provides a general distribution of the building value by State and County.

In terms of building construction types found in the region, wood frame construction makes up 74% of the building inventory. The remaining percentage is distributed between the other general building types.

#### **Critical Facility Inventory**

Hazus breaks critical facilities into two (2) groups: essential facilities and high potential loss facilities (HPL). Essential facilities include hospitals, medical clinics, schools, fire stations, police stations and emergency operations facilities. High potential loss facilities include dams, levees, military installations, nuclear power plants and hazardous material sites.

For essential facilities, there are 1 hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of 142 beds. There are 45 schools, 13 fire stations, 8 police stations and 0 emergency operation facilities. With respect to high potential loss facilities (HPL), there are 0 dams identified within the region. Of these, 0 of the dams are classified as 'high hazard'. The inventory also includes 22 hazardous material sites, 0 military installations and 0 nuclear power plants.

## Transportation and Utility Lifeline Inventory

Within Hazus, the lifeline inventory is divided between transportation and utility lifeline systems. There are seven (7) transportation systems that include highways, railways, light rail, bus, ports, ferry and airports. There are six (6) utility systems that include potable water, wastewater, natural gas, crude & refined oil, electric power and communications. The lifeline inventory data are provided in Tables 1 and 2.

The total value of the lifeline inventory is over 6,628.00 (millions of dollars). This inventory includes over 460 kilometers of highways, 332 bridges, 6,315 kilometers of pipes.

**Table 1: Transportation System Lifeline Inventory** 

System	Component	# Locations/ # Segments	Replacement value (millions of dollars)
Highway	Bridges	332	2,674.00
	Segments	88	2,239.00
	Tunnels	0	0.00
		Subtotal	4,913.00
Railways	Bridges	0	0.00
	Facilities	3	8.00
	Segments	69	129.50
	Tunnels	0	0.00
		Subtotal	137.50
Light Rail	Bridges	0	0.00
<b>g</b>	Facilities	0	0.00
	Segments	0	0.00
	Tunnels	0	0.00
		Subtotal	0.00
Bus	Facilities	1	1.20
		Subtotal	1.20
Ferry	Facilities	0	0.00
•		Subtotal	0.00
Port	Facilities	0	0.00
		Subtotal	0.00
Airport	Facilities	4	42.60
All port	Runways	4	151.90
	Tallways	Subtotal	194.50
		Total	5,246.10

Table 2: Utility System Lifeline Inventory

System	Component	# Locations / Segments	Replacement value (millions of dollars)
Potable Water	Distribution Lines	NA	63.20
	Facilities	1	36.60
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	99.80
Waste Water	Distribution Lines	NA	37.90
	Facilities	10	732.60
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	770.50
Natural Gas	Distribution Lines	NA	25.30
	Facilities	6	7.20
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	32.50
Oil Systems	Facilities	0	0.00
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	0.00
Electrical Power	Facilities	5	605.00
		Subtotal	605.00
Communication	Facilities	8	0.90
		Subtotal	0.90
		Total	1,508.60

### Earthquake Scenario

Hazus uses the following set of information to define the earthquake parameters used for the earthquake loss estimate provided in this report.

Scenario Name Nisqually M7.2 USGS Shakemap

Type of Earthquake User-defined

**Fault Name** NA NA Historical Epicenter ID # NA **Probabilistic Return Period** NA Longitude of Epicenter NA Latitude of Epicenter 7.20 Earthquake Magnitude NA Depth (Km) NA Rupture Length (Km)

Attenuation Function NA

## **Building Damage**

## **Building Damage**

Hazus estimates that about 2,629 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 8.00 % of the buildings in the region. There are an estimated 22 buildings that will be damaged beyond repair. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in Volume 1: Chapter 5 of the Hazus technical manual. Table 3 below summarizes the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 4 below summarizes the expected damage by general building type.

Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy

	None		Slight		Moderate		Extensive		Complete	
	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Agriculture	144	0.57	35	0.59	24	1.08	6	1.52	0	1.91
Commercial	890	3.54	422	7.09	373	16.97	104	25.37	7	30.37
Education	39	0.16	13	0.21	11	0.49	3	0.79	0	0.86
Government	35	0.14	11	0.18	6	0.27	1	0.18	0	0.11
Industrial	304	1.21	126	2.11	111	5.03	31	7.59	2	9.68
Other Residential	3,154	12.53	1,884	31.65	1,353	61.53	226	55.28	11	50.46
Religion	98	0.39	31	0.53	24	1.10	7	1.62	0	1.78
Single Family	20,512	81.47	3,432	57.65	298	13.53	31	7.65	1	4.84
Total	25,176		5,954		2,199		409		22	

Table 4: Expected Building Damage by Building Type (All Design Levels)

	None		Slight		Moderate		Extensive		Complete	
	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Wood	20,982	83.34	3627	60.93	278	12.65	4	0.99	0	0.33
Steel	307	1.22	116	1.95	134	6.10	49	11.90	5	21.35
Concrete	232	0.92	118	1.98	107	4.89	29	7.02	2	7.55
Precast	244	0.97	108	1.82	138	6.27	50	12.33	3	15.63
RM	615	2.44	168	2.82	200	9.10	63	15.40	2	9.83
URM	86	0.34	64	1.07	42	1.90	7	1.71	0	1.78
МН	2,711	10.77	1753	29.44	1,299	59.09	207	50.65	10	43.52
Total	25,176		5,954		2,199		409		22	

\*Note:

RM Reinforced Masonry
URM Unreinforced Masonry
MH Manufactured Housing

## **Essential Facility Damage**

Before the earthquake, the region had 142 hospital beds available for use. On the day of the earthquake, the model estimates that only 74 hospital beds (53.00%) are available for use by patients already in the hospital and those injured by the earthquake. After one week, 94.00% of the beds will be back in service. By 30 days, 100.00% will be operational.

**Table 5: Expected Damage to Essential Facilities** 

		# Facilities					
Classification	Total	At Least Moderate Damage > 50%	Complete Damage > 50%	With Functionality > 50% on day 1			
Hospitals	1	0	0	1			
Schools	45	0	0	45			
EOCs	0	0	0	0			
PoliceStations	8	0	0	8			
FireStations	13	0	0	13			

## Transportation and Utility Lifeline Damage

Table 6 provides damage estimates for the transportation system.

**Table 6: Expected Damage to the Transportation Systems** 

				Number of Location	ons_		
System	Component	Locations/	With at Least	With Complete			
		Segments	Mod. Damage	Damage	After Day 1	After Day 7	
Highway	Segments	88	0	0	88	88	
	Bridges	332	9	0	323	332	
	Tunnels	0	0	0	0	0	
Railways	Segments	69	0	0	69	69	
	Bridges	0	0	0	0	0	
	Tunnels	0	0	0	0	0	
	Facilities	3	0	0	3	3	
Light Rail	Segments	0	0	0	0	0	
	Bridges	0	0	0	0	0	
	Tunnels	0	0	0	0	0	
	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0	
Bus	Facilities	1	0	0	1	1	
Ferry	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0	
Port	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0	
Airport	Facilities	4	0	0	4	4	
	Runways	4	0	0	4	4	

Note: Roadway segments, railroad tracks and light rail tracks are assumed to be damaged by ground failure only. If ground failure maps are not provided, damage estimates to these components will not be computed.

Tables 7-9 provide information on the damage to the utility lifeline systems. Table 7 provides damage to the utility system facilities. Table 8 provides estimates on the number of leaks and breaks by the pipelines of the utility systems. For electric power and potable water, Hazus performs a simplified system performance analysis. Table 9 provides a summary of the system performance information.

Table 7 : Expected Utility System Facility Damage

	# of Locations							
System	Total # With at Leas		With Complete	with Functionality > 50 %				
		Moderate Damage	Damage	After Day 1	After Day 7			
Potable Water	1	0	0	1	1			
Waste Water	10	0	0	3	10			
Natural Gas	6	0	0	6	6			
Oil Systems	0	0	0	0	0			
Electrical Power	5	0	0	3	5			
Communication	8	0	0	8	8			

Table 8 : Expected Utility System Pipeline Damage (Site Specific)

System	Total Pipelines Length (kms)	Number of Leaks	Number of Breaks
Potable Water	3,158	130	33
Waste Water	1,895	93	23
Natural Gas	1,263	27	7
Oil	0	0	0

Table 9: Expected Potable Water and Electric Power System Performance

	Total # of	Number of Households without Service						
	Households	At Day 1	At Day 3	At Day 7	At Day 30	At Day 90		
Potable Water	29,743	0	0	0	0	0		
Electric Power		0	0	0	0	0		

## **Induced Earthquake Damage**

#### Fire Following Earthquake

Fires often occur after an earthquake. Because of the number of fires and the lack of water to fight the fires, they can often burn out of control. Hazus uses a Monte Carlo simulation model to estimate the number of ignitions and the amount of burnt area. For this scenario, the model estimates that there will be 0 ignitions that will burn about 0.00 sq. mi 0.00 % of the region's total area.) The model also estimates that the fires will displace about 0 people and burn about 0 (millions of dollars) of building value.

#### **Debris Generation**

Hazus estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the earthquake. The model breaks the debris into two general categories: a) Brick/Wood and b) Reinforced Concrete/Steel. This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.

The model estimates that a total of 0.07 million tons of debris will be generated. Of the total amount, Brick/Wood comprises 27.00% of the total, with the remainder being Reinforced Concrete/Steel. If the debris tonnage is converted to an estimated number of truckloads, it will require 2,800 truckloads (@25 tons/truck) to remove the debris generated by the earthquake.

## Social Impact

#### **Shelter Requirement**

Hazus estimates the number of households that are expected to be displaced from their homes due to the earthquake and the number of displaced people that will require accommodations in temporary public shelters. The model estimates 158 households to be displaced due to the earthquake. Of these, 100 people (out of a total population of 75,455) will seek temporary shelter in public shelters.

## **Casualties**

Hazus estimates the number of people that will be injured and killed by the earthquake. The casualties are broken down into four (4) severity levels that describe the extent of the injuries. The levels are described as follows;

Severity Level 1: Injuries will require medical attention but hospitalization is not needed.
 Severity Level 2: Injuries will require hospitalization but are not considered life-threatening
 Severity Level 3: Injuries will require hospitalization and can become life threatening if not promptly treated.

· Severity Level 4: Victims are killed by the earthquake.

The casualty estimates are provided for three (3) times of day: 2:00 AM, 2:00 PM and 5:00 PM. These times represent the periods of the day that different sectors of the community are at their peak occupancy loads. The 2:00 AM estimate considers that the residential occupancy load is maximum, the 2:00 PM estimate considers that the educational, commercial and industrial sector loads are maximum and 5:00 PM represents peak commute time.

Table 10 provides a summary of the casualties estimated for this earthquake

Table 10: Casualty Estimates

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
2 AM	Commercial	1	0	0	0
	Commuting	0	0	0	0
	Educational	0	0	0	0
	Hotels	0	0	0	0
	Industrial	1	0	0	0
	Other-Residential	17	2	0	0
	Single Family	7	0	0	0
	Total	25	3	0	0
2 PM	Commercial	34	5	0	1
	Commuting	0	0	0	0
	Educational	14	2	0	0
	Hotels	0	0	0	0
	Industrial	7	1	0	0
	Other-Residential	4	0	0	0
	Single Family	2	0	0	0
	Total	60	9	1	2
5 PM	Commercial	24	4	0	1
	Commuting	1	2	3	1
	Educational	1	0	0	0
	Hotels	0	0	0	O
	Industrial	5	1	0	O
	Other-Residential	6	1	0	С
	Single Family	2	0	0	C
	Total	39	7	3	1

## **Economic Loss**

The total economic loss estimated for the earthquake is 397.32 (millions of dollars), which includes building and lifeline related losses based on the region's available inventory. The following three sections provide more detailed information about these losses.

#### **Building-Related Losses**

The building losses are broken into two categories: direct building losses and business interruption losses. The direct building losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the earthquake. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the earthquake.

The total building-related losses were 237.97 (millions of dollars); 21 % of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. By far, the largest loss was sustained by the residential occupancies which made up over 45 % of the total loss. Table 11 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.

Table 11: Building-Related Economic Loss Estimates

(Millions of dollars)

Category	Area	Single Family	Other Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total
Income Los	ses						
	Wage	0.00	1.49	9.86	0.69	0.56	12.60
	Capital-Related	0.00	0.64	8.33	0.45	0.16	9.57
	Rental	0.50	2.67	6.04	0.30	0.21	9.72
	Relocation	1.52	3.15	9.30	1.37	2.23	17.55
	Subtotal	2.02	7.94	33.53	2.81	3.15	49.44
Capital Sto	ck Losses						
	Structural	5.24	6.56	14.71	5.19	3.42	35.12
	Non_Structural	39.90	20.72	27.18	10.19	6.73	104.72
	Content	20.19	4.52	12.71	6.44	3.22	47.07
	Inventory	0.00	0.00	0.43	1.11	0.07	1.62
	Subtotal	65.33	31.80	55.03	22.93	13.43	188.52
	Total	67.35	39.75	88.56	25.73	16.58	237.97

## **Transportation and Utility Lifeline Losses**

For the transportation and utility lifeline systems, Hazus computes the direct repair cost for each component only. There are no losses computed by Hazus for business interruption due to lifeline outages. Tables 12 & 13 provide a detailed breakdown in the expected lifeline losses.

Hazus estimates the long-term economic impacts to the region for 15 years after the earthquake. The model quantifies this information in terms of income and employment changes within the region. Table 14 presents the results of the region for the given earthquake.

**Table 12: Transportation System Economic Losses** 

(Millions of dollars)

System	Component	Inventory Value	Economic Loss	Loss Ratio (%)
Highway	Segments	2,239.01	\$0.00	0.00
	Bridges	2,673.99	\$41.14	1.54
	Tunnels	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	4913.00	41.10	
Railways	Segments	129.50	\$0.00	0.00
	Bridges	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Tunnels	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	7.99	\$1.39	17.37
	Subtotal	137.50	1.40	
Light Rail	Segments	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Bridges	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Tunnels	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	
Bus	Facilities	1.20	\$0.22	18.67
	Subtotal	1.20	0.20	
Ferry	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	
Port	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	
Airport	Facilities	42.60	\$5.15	12.09
	Runways	151.86	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	194.50	5.20	
	Total	5246.10	47.90	

## Table 13: Utility System Economic Losses

(Millions of dollars)

System	Component	Inventory Value	Economic Loss	Loss Ratio (%)
Potable Water	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	36.60	\$3.86	10.54
	Distribution Lines	63.20	\$0.59	0.93
	Subtotal	99.78	\$4.45	
Waste Water	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	732.60	\$56.39	7.70
	Distribution Lines	37.90	\$0.42	1.11
	Subtotal	770.49	\$56.81	
Natural Gas	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	7.20	\$0.44	6.18
	Distribution Lines	25.30	\$0.12	0.48
	Subtotal	32.45	\$0.57	
Oil Systems	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	\$0.00	
Electrical Power	Facilities	605.00	\$49.57	8.19
	Subtotal	605.00	\$49.57	
Communication	Facilities	0.90	\$0.06	7.31
	Subtotal	0.88	\$0.06	
	Total	1,508.61	\$111.45	

# Table 14. Indirect Economic Impact with outside aid (Employment as # of people and Income in millions of \$)

LOSS	Total	%

Append	dix A: County Listing	for the Region		
	Lewis,WA			

## **Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data**

-			Building	Building Value (millions of dollars)			
State	County Name	Population	Residential	Non-Residential	Total		
Washington							
	Lewis	75,455	5,480	1,847	7,328		
Total State		75,455	5,480	1,847	7,328		
Total Region		75,455	5,480	1,847	7,328		

# Hazus-MH: Earthquake Event Report

Region Name: Lewis County EQ 2015 St Helens

Earthquake Scenario: St Helens M7 USGS Shakemap

Print Date: July 17, 2015

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Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region.

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The earthquake loss estimates provided in this report was based on a region that includes 1 county(ies) from the following state(s):

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#### Note:

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The replacement value of the transportation and utility lifeline systems is estimated to be 5,246 and 1,382 (millions of dollars), respectively.

## **Building and Lifeline Inventory**

#### **Building Inventory**

Hazus estimates that there are 33 thousand buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of 7,328 (millions of dollars). Appendix B provides a general distribution of the building value by State and County.

In terms of building construction types found in the region, wood frame construction makes up 74% of the building inventory. The remaining percentage is distributed between the other general building types.

#### **Critical Facility Inventory**

Hazus breaks critical facilities into two (2) groups: essential facilities and high potential loss facilities (HPL). Essential facilities include hospitals, medical clinics, schools, fire stations, police stations and emergency operations facilities. High potential loss facilities include dams, levees, military installations, nuclear power plants and hazardous material sites.

For essential facilities, there are 1 hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of 142 beds. There are 45 schools, 13 fire stations, 8 police stations and 0 emergency operation facilities. With respect to high potential loss facilities (HPL), there are 0 dams identified within the region. Of these, 0 of the dams are classified as 'high hazard'. The inventory also includes 22 hazardous material sites, 0 military installations and 0 nuclear power plants.

## Transportation and Utility Lifeline Inventory

Within Hazus, the lifeline inventory is divided between transportation and utility lifeline systems. There are seven (7) transportation systems that include highways, railways, light rail, bus, ports, ferry and airports. There are six (6) utility systems that include potable water, wastewater, natural gas, crude & refined oil, electric power and communications. The lifeline inventory data are provided in Tables 1 and 2.

The total value of the lifeline inventory is over 6,628.00 (millions of dollars). This inventory includes over 460 kilometers of highways, 332 bridges, 6,315 kilometers of pipes.

Table 1: Transportation System Lifeline Inventory

System	Component	# Locations/ # Segments	Replacement value (millions of dollars)
Highway	Bridges	332	2,674.00
	Segments	88	2,239.00
	Tunnels	0	0.00
		Subtotal	4,913.00
Railways	Bridges	0	0.00
-	Facilities	3	8.00
	Segments	69	129.50
	Tunnels	0	0.00
		Subtotal	137.50
Light Rail	Bridges	0	0.00
_	Facilities	0	0.00
	Segments	0	0.00
	Tunnels	0	0.00
		Subtotal	0.00
Bus	Facilities	1	1.20
		Subtotal	1.20
Ferry	Facilities	0	0.00
•		Subtotal	0.00
Port	Facilities	0	0.00
		Subtotal	0.00
Airport	Facilities	4	42.60
•	Runways	4	151.90
		Subtotal	194.50
	·	Total	5,246.10

Table 2: Utility System Lifeline Inventory

System	Component	# Locations / Segments	Replacement value (millions of dollars)
Potable Water	Distribution Lines	NA	63.20
	Facilities	1	36.60
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	99.80
Waste Water	Distribution Lines	NA	37.90
	Facilities	10	732.60
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	770.50
Natural Gas	Distribution Lines	NA	25.30
	Facilities	6	7.20
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	32.50
Oil Systems	Facilities	0	0.00
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	0.00
Electrical Power	Facilities	5	605.00
		Subtotal	605.00
Communication	Facilities	8	0.90
		Subtotal	0.90
		Total	1,508.60

## Earthquake Scenaric

Hazus uses the following set of information to define the earthquake parameters used for the earthquake loss estimate provided in this report.

Scenario Name St Helens M7 USGS Shakemap

NA

Type of Earthquake User-defined

Fault Name NA
Historical Epicenter ID # NA
Probabilistic Return Period NA
Longitude of Epicenter NA
Latitude of Epicenter NA
Earthquake Magnitude 7.00
Depth (Km) NA

Rupture Length (Km) NA

Attenuation Function NA

**Rupture Orientation (degrees)** 

# **Building Damage**

## **Building Damage**

Hazus estimates that about 1,281 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 4.00 % of the buildings in the region. There are an estimated 1 buildings that will be damaged beyond repair. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in Volume 1: Chapter 5 of the Hazus technical manual. Table 3 below summarizes the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 4 below summarizes the expected damage by general building type.

Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy

	None		Slight		Moderate		Extensive		Complete	
	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Agriculture	170	0.58	24	0.77	14	1.18	2	1.87	0	2.51
Commercial	1,482	5.04	202	6.52	101	8.58	11	11.32	0	16.07
Education	57	0.19	6	0.19	3	0.26	0	0.30	0	0.39
Government	42	0.14	6	0.19	4	0.30	0	0.41	0	0.55
Industrial	462	1.57	67	2.17	39	3.30	5	4.54	0	5.55
Other Residential	4,374	14.89	1,282	41.44	895	75.76	76	76.60	1	72.84
Religion	137	0.47	16	0.50	8	0.68	1	0.78	0	1.06
Single Family	22,660	77.12	1,493	48.23	117	9.94	4	4.17	0	1.03
Total	29,384		3,095		1,181		99		1	

Table 4: Expected Building Damage by Building Type (All Design Levels)

	None		Sligh	ıt	Modera	ite	Extens	ive	Comple	ete
	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Wood	23,251	79.13	1545	49.91	96	8.10	1	0.56	0	0.00
Steel	479	1.63	74	2.38	52	4.40	6	5.77	0	7.43
Concrete	402	1.37	57	1.86	26	2.22	2	1.69	0	1.29
Precast	427	1.45	60	1.95	49	4.11	7	7.53	0	7.19
RM	906	3.08	78	2.51	58	4.92	7	6.65	0	1.80
URM	147	0.50	35	1.14	15	1.27	2	2.08	0	10.68
МН	3,773	12.84	1246	40.25	885	74.98	75	75.72	1	71.61
Total	29,384		3,095		1,181		99		1	

\*Note:

RM Reinforced Masonry
URM Unreinforced Masonry
MH Manufactured Housing

## **Essential Facility Damage**

Before the earthquake, the region had 142 hospital beds available for use. On the day of the earthquake, the model estimates that only 139 hospital beds (98.00%) are available for use by patients already in the hospital and those injured by the earthquake. After one week, 100.00% of the beds will be back in service. By 30 days, 100.00% will be operational.

**Table 5: Expected Damage to Essential Facilities** 

			# Facilities	
Classification	Total	At Least Moderate Damage > 50%	Complete Damage > 50%	With Functionality > 50% on day 1
Hospitals	1	0	0	1
Schools	45	0	0	42
EOCs	0	0	0	0
PoliceStations	8	0	0	7
FireStations	13	0	0	12

## Transportation and Utility Lifeline Damage

Table 6 provides damage estimates for the transportation system.

**Table 6: Expected Damage to the Transportation Systems** 

		Number of Locations_							
System	Component	Locations/	With at Least	With Complete	With Functionality > 50 %				
		Segments	Mod. Damage	Damage	After Day 1	After Day 7			
Highway	Segments	88	0	0	88	88			
	Bridges	332	0	0	332	332			
	Tunnels	0	0	0	0	0			
Railways	Segments	69	0	0	69	69			
	Bridges	0	0	0	0	0			
	Tunnels	0	0	0	0	0			
	Facilities	3	0	0	3	3			
Light Rail	Segments	0	0	0	0	0			
	Bridges	0	0	0	0	0			
	Tunnels	0	0	0	0	0			
	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0			
Bus	Facilities	1	0	0	1	1			
Ferry	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0			
Port	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0			
Airport	Facilities	4	0	0	4	4			
	Runways	4	0	0	4	4			

Note: Roadway segments, railroad tracks and light rail tracks are assumed to be damaged by ground failure only. If ground failure maps are not provided, damage estimates to these components will not be computed.

Tables 7-9 provide information on the damage to the utility lifeline systems. Table 7 provides damage to the utility system facilities. Table 8 provides estimates on the number of leaks and breaks by the pipelines of the utility systems. For electric power and potable water, Hazus performs a simplified system performance analysis. Table 9 provides a summary of the system performance information.

Table 7 : Expected Utility System Facility Damage

	# of Locations						
System	Total # With at Least		With Complete	with Function	with Functionality > 50 %		
		Moderate Damage	Damage	After Day 1	After Day 7		
Potable Water	1	0	0	1	1		
Waste Water	10	1	0	8	10		
Natural Gas	6	0	0	6	6		
Oil Systems	0	0	0	0	0		
Electrical Power	5	0	0	5	5		
Communication	8	0	0	8	8		

Table 8 : Expected Utility System Pipeline Damage (Site Specific)

System	Total Pipelines Length (kms)	Number of Leaks	Number of Breaks
Potable Water	3,158	52	13
Waste Water	1,895	37	9
Natural Gas	1,263	11	3
Oil	0	0	0

Table 9: Expected Potable Water and Electric Power System Performance

	Total # of	Number of Households without Service					
	Households	At Day 1	At Day 3	At Day 7	At Day 30	At Day 90	
Potable Water	20.742	0	0	0	0	0	
Electric Power	29,743	0	0	0	0	0,	

## **Induced Earthquake Damage**

#### Fire Following Earthquake

Fires often occur after an earthquake. Because of the number of fires and the lack of water to fight the fires, they can often burn out of control. Hazus uses a Monte Carlo simulation model to estimate the number of ignitions and the amount of burnt area. For this scenario, the model estimates that there will be 0 ignitions that will burn about 0.00 sq. mi 0.00 % of the region's total area.) The model also estimates that the fires will displace about 0 people and burn about 0 (millions of dollars) of building value.

#### **Debris Generation**

Hazus estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the earthquake. The model breaks the debris into two general categories: a) Brick/Wood and b) Reinforced Concrete/Steel. This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.

The model estimates that a total of 0.01 million tons of debris will be generated. Of the total amount, Brick/Wood comprises 47.00% of the total, with the remainder being Reinforced Concrete/Steel. If the debris tonnage is converted to an estimated number of truckloads, it will require 480 truckloads (@25 tons/truck) to remove the debris generated by the earthquake.

# Social Impact

#### **Shelter Requirement**

Hazus estimates the number of households that are expected to be displaced from their homes due to the earthquake and the number of displaced people that will require accommodations in temporary public shelters. The model estimates 4 households to be displaced due to the earthquake. Of these, 2 people (out of a total population of 75,455) will seek temporary shelter in public shelters.

## **Casualties**

Hazus estimates the number of people that will be injured and killed by the earthquake. The casualties are broken down into four (4) severity levels that describe the extent of the injuries. The levels are described as follows;

Severity Level 1: Injuries will require medical attention but hospitalization is not needed.
 Severity Level 2: Injuries will require hospitalization but are not considered life-threatening
 Severity Level 3: Injuries will require hospitalization and can become life threatening if not promptly treated.

· Severity Level 4: Victims are killed by the earthquake.

The casualty estimates are provided for three (3) times of day: 2:00 AM, 2:00 PM and 5:00 PM. These times represent the periods of the day that different sectors of the community are at their peak occupancy loads. The 2:00 AM estimate considers that the residential occupancy load is maximum, the 2:00 PM estimate considers that the educational, commercial and industrial sector loads are maximum and 5:00 PM represents peak commute time.

Table 10 provides a summary of the casualties estimated for this earthquake

Table 10: Casualty Estimates

-		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
2 AM	Commercial	0	0	0	0
	Commuting	0	0	0	0
	Educational	0	0	0	0
	Hotels	0	0	0	0
	Industrial	0	0	0	0
	Other-Residential	6	1	0	0
	Single Family	2	0	0	0
	Total	8	1	0	0
2 PM	Commercial	6	1	0	0
	Commuting	0	0	0	0
	Educational	2	0	0	0
	Hotels	0	0	0	0
	Industrial	1	0	0	0
	Other-Residential	1	0	0	0
	Single Family	1	0	0	0
	Total	12	1	0	0
5 PM	Commercial	4	0	0	0
	Commuting	0	0	0	0
	Educational	0	0	0	0
	Hotels	0	0	0	0
	Industrial	1	0	0	0
	Other-Residential	2	0	0	0
	Single Family	1	0	0	0
	Total	8	1	0	0

## **Economic Loss**

The total economic loss estimated for the earthquake is 132.00 (millions of dollars), which includes building and lifeline related losses based on the region's available inventory. The following three sections provide more detailed information about these losses.

#### **Building-Related Losses**

The building losses are broken into two categories: direct building losses and business interruption losses. The direct building losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the earthquake. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the earthquake.

The total building-related losses were 68.03 (millions of dollars); 13 % of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. By far, the largest loss was sustained by the residential occupancies which made up over 58 % of the total loss. Table 11 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.

Table 11: Building-Related Economic Loss Estimates

(Millions of dollars)

Category	Area	Single Family	Other Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total
Income Los	ses						
	Wage	0.00	0.19	1.39	0.13	0.24	1.96
	Capital-Related	0.00	0.08	1.16	0.08	0.03	1.35
	Rental	0.17	0.47	0.93	0.05	0.04	1.66
	Relocation	0.50	1.35	1.36	0.21	0.47	3.89
	Subtotal	0.68	2.10	4.83	0.48	0.78	8.86
Capital Sto	ck Losses						
	Structural	1.86	2.06	2.14	0.78	0.89	7.74
	Non_Structural	16.78	5.92	6.08	2.73	2.23	33.73
	Content	8.77	1.27	3.75	1.87	1.51	17.17
	Inventory	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.35	0.05	0.52
	Subtotal	27.42	9.25	12.09	5.73	4.68	59.16
	Total	28.09	11.35	16.92	6.20	5.46	68.03

## **Transportation and Utility Lifeline Losses**

For the transportation and utility lifeline systems, Hazus computes the direct repair cost for each component only. There are no losses computed by Hazus for business interruption due to lifeline outages. Tables 12 & 13 provide a detailed breakdown in the expected lifeline losses.

Hazus estimates the long-term economic impacts to the region for 15 years after the earthquake. The model quantifies this information in terms of income and employment changes within the region. Table 14 presents the results of the region for the given earthquake.

**Table 12: Transportation System Economic Losses** 

(Millions of dollars)

System	Component	Inventory Value	Economic Loss	Loss Ratio (%)
Highway	Segments	2,239.01	\$0.00	0.00
	Bridges	2,673.99	\$10.59	0.40
	Tunnels	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	4913.00	10.60	
Railways	Segments	129.50	\$0.00	0.00
	Bridges	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Tunnels	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	7.99	\$0.60	7.56
	Subtotal	137.50	0.60	
Light Rail	Segments	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Bridges	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Tunnels	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	
Bus	Facilities	1.20	\$0.09	7.56
	Subtotal	1.20	0.10	
Ferry	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	
Port	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	
Airport	Facilities	42.60	\$5.30	12.45
	Runways	151.86	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	194.50	5.30	
	Total	5246.10	16.60	

## Table 13: Utility System Economic Losses

(Millions of dollars)

System	Component	Inventory Value	Economic Loss	Loss Ratio (%)
Potable Water	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	36.60	\$0.94	2.58
	Distribution Lines	63.20	\$0.23	0.37
	Subtotal	99.78	\$1.18	
Waste Water	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	732.60	\$29.56	4.03
	Distribution Lines	37.90	\$0.17	0.44
	Subtotal	770.49	\$29.73	
Natural Gas	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	7.20	\$0.12	1.73
	Distribution Lines	25.30	\$0.05	0.19
	Subtotal	32.45	\$0.17	
Oil Systems	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	\$0.00	
Electrical Power	Facilities	605.00	\$16.28	2.69
	Subtotal	605.00	\$16.28	
Communication	Facilities	0.90	\$0.03	3.14
	Subtotal	0.88	\$0.03	
	Total	1,508.61	\$47.39	

# Table 14. Indirect Economic Impact with outside aid (Employment as # of people and Income in millions of \$)

LOSS	Total	%
	•	

Append	dix A: County Listing	for the Region		
	Lewis,WA			

## **Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data**

-	County Name		Building Value (millions of dollars)			
State		Population	Residential	Non-Residential	Total	
Washington						
	Lewis	75,455	5,480	1,847	7,328	
Total State		75,455	5,480	1,847	7,328	
Total Region		75,455	5,480	1,847	7,328	

# **Hazus-MH: Flood Event Report**

Region Name: LC Chehalis Flood with 2009 DG

Flood Scenario: Chehalis Flood

Print Date: Tuesday, August 04, 2015

#### Disclaimer:

This version of Hazus utilizes 2010 Census Data.

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region.

The estimates of social and economic impacts contained in this report were produced using Hazus loss estimation methodology software which is based on current scientific and engineering knowledge. There are uncertainties inherent in any loss estimation technique. Therefore, there may be significant differences between the modeled results contained in this report and the actual social and economic losses following a specific Flood. These results can be improved by using enhanced inventory data and flood hazard information.

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# General Description of the Region

Hazus is a regional multi-hazard loss estimation model that was developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the National Institute of Building Sciences (NIBS). The primary purpose of Hazus is to provide a methodology and software application to develop multi-hazard losses at a regional scale. These loss estimates would be used primarily by local, state and regional officials to plan and stimulate efforts to reduce risks from multi-hazards and to prepare for emergency response and recovery.

The flood loss estimates provided in this report were based on a region that included 1 county(ies) from the following state(s):

Washington

#### Note:

Appendix A contains a complete listing of the counties contained in the region .

The geographical size of the region is 2,436 square miles and contains 4,288 census blocks. The region contains over 30 thousand households and has a total population of 75,455 people (2010 Census Bureau data). The distribution of population by State and County for the study region is provided in Appendix B.

There are an estimated 33,760 buildings in the region with a total building replacement value (excluding contents) of 7,329 million dollars (2010 dollars). Approximately 91.53% of the buildings (and 74.79% of the building value) are associated with residential housing.

## **General Building Stock**

Hazus estimates that there are 33,760 buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of 7,329 million (2010 dollars). Table 1 and Table 2 present the relative distribution of the value with respect to the general occupancies by Study Region and Scenario respectively. Appendix B provides a general distribution of the building value by State and County.

Table 1
Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Study Region

Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Total
Residential	5,480,925	74.8%
Commercial	1,119,023	15.3%
Industrial	402,707	5.5%
Agricultural	59,229	0.8%
Religion	122,667	1.7%
Government	45,225	0.6%
Education	99,056	1.4%
Total	7,328,832	100.00%

Table 2
Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Scenario

Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Total
Residential	1,383,795	74.0%
Commercial	283,557	15.2%
Industrial	143,432	7.7%
Agricultural	13,951	0.7%
Religion	28,658	1.5%
Government	3,368	0.2%
Education	12,900	0.7%
Total	1,869,661	100.00%

#### **Essential Facility Inventory**

For essential facilities, there are 1 hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of 142 beds. There are 45 schools, 13 fire stations, 8 police stations and no emergency operation centers.

# Flood Scenario Parameters

Hazus used the following set of information to define the flood parameters for the flood loss estimate provided in this report.

Study Region Name: LC Chehalis Flood with 2009 DG

Scenario Name: Chehalis Flood

Return Period Analyzed: 100

Analysis Options Analyzed: No What-Ifs

## **General Building Stock Damage**

Hazus estimates that about 691 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 43% of the total number of buildings in the scenario. There are an estimated 27 buildings that will be completely destroyed. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in Volume 1: Chapter 5 of the Hazus Flood Technical Manual. Table 3 below summarizes the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 4 summarizes the expected damage by general building type.

**Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy** 

	1-1	0	11-2	20	21-3	30	31-4	0	41-5	50	Substan	tially
Occupancy	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Agriculture	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Commercial	2	100.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Education	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Government	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Industrial	0	0.00	0	0.00	2	66.67	0	0.00	1	33.33	0	0.00
Religion	0	0.00	1	100.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Residential	1	0.15	71	10.32	379	55.09	80	11.63	130	18.90	27	3.92
Total	3		72		381		80		131		27	

Table 4: Expected Building Damage by Building Type

Building	1-10	11-20		21-30		31-40		41-50	Substantially			
Туре	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Concrete	1	50.00	0	0.00	1	50.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
ManufHousing	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	18	100.00
Masonry	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Steel	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	100.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Wood	1	0.15	71	10.60	379	56.57	80	11.94	130	19.40	9	1.34

# Essential Facility Damage

Before the flood analyzed in this scenario, the region had 142 hospital beds available for use. On the day of the scenario flood event, the model estimates that 142 hospital beds are available in the region.

**Table 5: Expected Damage to Essential Facilities** 

# Facilities

Classification	Total	At Least Moderate	At Least Substantial	Loss of Use
Fire Stations	13	0	0	0
Hospitals	1	0	0	0
Police Stations	8	0	0	0
Schools	45	5	0	5

If this report displays all zeros or is blank, two possibilities can explain this.

- (1) None of your facilities were flooded. This can be checked by mapping the inventory data on the depth grid.
- (2) The analysis was not run. This can be tested by checking the run box on the Analysis Menu and seeing if a message box asks you to replace the existing results.

# **Induced Flood Damage**

## **Debris Generation**

Hazus estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the flood. The model breaks debris into three general categories: 1) Finishes (dry wall, insulation, etc.), 2) Structural (wood, brick, etc.) and 3) Foundations (concrete slab, concrete block, rebar, etc.). This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.

Analysis has not been performed for this Scenario.

Social Impact

## **Shelter Requirements**

Analysis has not been performed for this Scenario.

The total economic loss estimated for the flood is 326.20 million dollars, which represents 17.45 % of the total replacement value of the scenario buildings.

#### **Building-Related Losses**

The building losses are broken into two categories: direct building losses and business interruption losses. The direct building losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the flood. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the flood.

The total building-related losses were 325.53 million dollars. 0% of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. The residential occupancies made up 49.23% of the total loss. Table 6 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.

Table 6: Building-Related Economic Loss Estimates

(Millions of dollars)

Category	Area	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total
Building Lo	<u>ss</u>					
	Building	95.37	16.69	18.58	2.07	132.71
	Content	65.02	49.74	60.72	9.21	184.70
	Inventory	0.00	1.02	6.89	0.23	8.13
	Subtotal	160.39	67.45	86.19	11.50	325.53
Business In	terruption					
	Income	0.02	0.15	0.01	0.01	0.19
	Relocation	0.06	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.11
	Rental Income	0.04	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.06
	Wage	0.07	0.19	0.01	0.04	0.31
	Subtotal	0.19	0.39	0.04	0.05	0.67
ALL	Total	160.58	67.84	86.23	11.55	326.20
<del></del>						

# **Appendix A: County Listing for the Region**

Washington

- Lewis

# **Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data**

## **Building Value (thousands of dollars)**

	Population	Residential Non-Resident		Total
Washington	<u> </u>			
Lewis	75,455	5,480,925	1,847,907	7,328,832
Total	75,455	5,480,925	1,847,907	7,328,832
Total Study Region	75,455	5,480,925	1,847,907	7,328,832

# **Hazus-MH: Flood Event Report**

**Region Name:** Cowlitz Flood with 2009 DG

Flood Scenario: Cowlitz Flood

Print Date: Monday, August 03, 2015

#### Disclaimer:

This version of Hazus utilizes 2010 Census Data.

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region.

The estimates of social and economic impacts contained in this report were produced using Hazus loss estimation methodology software which is based on current scientific and engineering knowledge. There are uncertainties inherent in any loss estimation technique. Therefore, there may be significant differences between the modeled results contained in this report and the actual social and economic losses following a specific Flood. These results can be improved by using enhanced inventory data and flood hazard information.

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## **General Description of the Region**

Hazus is a regional multi-hazard loss estimation model that was developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the National Institute of Building Sciences (NIBS). The primary purpose of Hazus is to provide a methodology and software application to develop multi-hazard losses at a regional scale. These loss estimates would be used primarily by local, state and regional officials to plan and stimulate efforts to reduce risks from multi-hazards and to prepare for emergency response and recovery.

The flood loss estimates provided in this report were based on a region that included 1 county(ies) from the following state(s):

Washington

#### Note:

Appendix A contains a complete listing of the counties contained in the region .

The geographical size of the region is 2,045 square miles and contains 2,481 census blocks. The region contains over 14 thousand households and has a total population of 34,580 people (2010 Census Bureau data). The distribution of population by State and County for the study region is provided in Appendix B.

There are an estimated 17,533 buildings in the region with a total building replacement value (excluding contents) of 3,104 million dollars (2010 dollars). Approximately 93.17% of the buildings (and 82.32% of the building value) are associated with residential housing.

#### **General Building Stock**

Hazus estimates that there are 17,533 buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of 3,104 million (2010 dollars). Table 1 and Table 2 present the relative distribution of the value with respect to the general occupancies by Study Region and Scenario respectively. Appendix B provides a general distribution of the building value by State and County.

Table 1
Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Study Region

Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Total		
Residential	2,554,854	82.3%		
Commercial	277,369	8.9%		
Industrial	124,254	4.0%		
Agricultural	36,711	1.2%		
Religion	44,326	1.4%		
Government	21,564	0.7%		
Education	44,531	1.4%		
Total	3,103,609	100.00%		

Table 2
Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Scenario

Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Total
Residential	911,777	80.6%
Commercial	108,296	9.6%
Industrial	52,860	4.7%
Agricultural	14,904	1.3%
Religion	21,506	1.9%
Government	9,011	0.8%
Education	13,458	1.2%
Total	1,131,812	100.00%

#### **Essential Facility Inventory**

For essential facilities, there are no hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of no beds. There are 25 schools, 8 fire stations, 5 police stations and no emergency operation centers.

## Flood Scenario Parameters

Hazus used the following set of information to define the flood parameters for the flood loss estimate provided in this report.

Study Region Name: Cowlitz Flood with 2009 DG

Scenario Name: Cowlitz Flood

Return Period Analyzed: 100

Analysis Options Analyzed: No What-Ifs

#### **General Building Stock Damage**

Hazus estimates that about 274 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 26% of the total number of buildings in the scenario. There are an estimated 84 buildings that will be completely destroyed. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in Volume 1: Chapter 5 of the Hazus Flood Technical Manual. Table 3 below summarizes the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 4 summarizes the expected damage by general building type.

**Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy** 

	1-10		11-2	20	21-3	0	31-	40	41-5	0	Substar	ntially
Occupancy	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Agriculture	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Commercial	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	1	100.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Education	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Government	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Industrial	0	0.00	1	100.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Religion	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Residential	0	0.00	12	4.41	84	30.88	23	8.46	69	25.37	84	30.88
Total	0		13		84		24		69		84	

Table 4: Expected Building Damage by Building Type

Building	1-10		11-20		21-30		31-40		41-50		Substantially	
Туре	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Concrete	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
ManufHousing	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	80	100.00
Masonry	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Steel	0	0.00	1	100.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Wood	0	0.00	12	6.25	84	43.75	23	11.98	69	35.94	4	2.08

## Essential Facility Damage

Before the flood analyzed in this scenario, the region had 0 hospital beds available for use. On the day of the scenario flood event, the model estimates that 0 hospital beds are available in the region.

**Table 5: Expected Damage to Essential Facilities** 

# Facilities

Classification	Total	At Least Moderate	At Least Substantial	Loss of Use
Fire Stations	8	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	0	0
Police Stations	5	0	0	0
Schools	25	0	0	0

If this report displays all zeros or is blank, two possibilities can explain this.

- (1) None of your facilities were flooded. This can be checked by mapping the inventory data on the depth grid.
- (2) The analysis was not run. This can be tested by checking the run box on the Analysis Menu and seeing if a message box asks you to replace the existing results.

### **Induced Flood Damage**

#### **Debris Generation**

Hazus estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the flood. The model breaks debris into three general categories: 1) Finishes (dry wall, insulation, etc.), 2) Structural (wood, brick, etc.) and 3) Foundations (concrete slab, concrete block, rebar, etc.). This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.

Analysis has not been performed for this Scenario.

### Social Impact

#### **Shelter Requirements**

Hazus estimates the number of households that are expected to be displaced from their homes due to the flood and the associated potential evacuation. Hazus also estimates those displaced people that will require accommodations in temporary public shelters. The model estimates 607 households will be displaced due to the flood. Displacement includes households evacuated from within or very near to the inundated area. Of these, 908 people (out of a total population of 34,580) will seek temporary shelter in public shelters.

#### **Economic Loss**

The total economic loss estimated for the flood is 105.02 million dollars, which represents 9.28 % of the total replacement value of the scenario buildings.

#### **Building-Related Losses**

The building losses are broken into two categories: direct building losses and business interruption losses. The direct building losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the flood. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the flood.

The total building-related losses were 104.85 million dollars. 0% of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. The residential occupancies made up 67.96% of the total loss. Table 6 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.

Table 6: Building-Related Economic Loss Estimates

(Millions of dollars)

			Industrial	Others	Total
Building	44.58	3.86	2.91	1.32	52.67
Content	26.76	11.40	6.77	5.89	50.81
Inventory	0.00	0.25	1.03	0.09	1.37
Subtotal	71.34	15.50	10.71	7.29	104.85
ruption					
Income	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.01
Relocation	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
Rental Income	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Wage	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.12	0.13
Subtotal	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.12	0.17
Total	71.37	15.52	10.71	7.42	105.02
	Content Inventory  Subtotal  ruption Income Relocation Rental Income Wage Subtotal	Content         26.76           Inventory         0.00           Subtotal         71.34           ruption         Income           Relocation         0.02           Rental Income         0.00           Wage         0.00           Subtotal         0.02	Content         26.76         11.40           Inventory         0.00         0.25           Subtotal         71.34         15.50           ruption         Income         0.00         0.01           Relocation         0.02         0.00           Rental Income         0.00         0.00           Wage         0.00         0.01           Subtotal         0.02         0.02	Content         26.76         11.40         6.77           Inventory         0.00         0.25         1.03           Subtotal         71.34         15.50         10.71           ruption         Income         0.00         0.01         0.00           Relocation         0.02         0.00         0.00           Rental Income         0.00         0.00         0.00           Wage         0.00         0.01         0.00           Subtotal         0.02         0.02         0.00	Content         26.76         11.40         6.77         5.89           Inventory         0.00         0.25         1.03         0.09           Subtotal         71.34         15.50         10.71         7.29           ruption         Income         0.00         0.01         0.00         0.01           Relocation         0.02         0.00         0.00         0.00           Rental Income         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.00           Wage         0.00         0.01         0.00         0.12           Subtotal         0.02         0.02         0.00         0.12

## **Appendix A: County Listing for the Region**

Washington

- Lewis

## **Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data**

#### **Building Value (thousands of dollars)**

	Population	Residential	Non-Residential	Total
Washington	<b>_</b>			
Lewis	34,580	2,554,854	548,755	3,103,609
Total	34,580	2,554,854	548,755	3,103,609
Total Study Region	34,580	2,554,854	548,755	3,103,609

## **Hazus-MH: Flood Event Report**

Region Name: Nisqually Flood with 2009 DG

Flood Scenario: Nisqually Flood

Print Date: Tuesday, August 04, 2015

#### Disclaimer:

This version of Hazus utilizes 2010 Census Data.

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region.

The estimates of social and economic impacts contained in this report were produced using Hazus loss estimation methodology software which is based on current scientific and engineering knowledge. There are uncertainties inherent in any loss estimation technique. Therefore, there may be significant differences between the modeled results contained in this report and the actual social and economic losses following a specific Flood. These results can be improved by using enhanced inventory data and flood hazard information.

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## **General Description of the Region**

Hazus is a regional multi-hazard loss estimation model that was developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the National Institute of Building Sciences (NIBS). The primary purpose of Hazus is to provide a methodology and software application to develop multi-hazard losses at a regional scale. These loss estimates would be used primarily by local, state and regional officials to plan and stimulate efforts to reduce risks from multi-hazards and to prepare for emergency response and recovery.

The flood loss estimates provided in this report were based on a region that included 1 county(ies) from the following state(s):

Washington

#### Note:

Appendix A contains a complete listing of the counties contained in the region.

The geographical size of the region is 1,335 square miles and contains 1,002 census blocks. The region contains over 4 thousand households and has a total population of 10,017 people (2010 Census Bureau data). The distribution of population by State and County for the study region is provided in Appendix B.

There are an estimated 6,457 buildings in the region with a total building replacement value (excluding contents) of 1,091 million dollars (2010 dollars). Approximately 94.02% of the buildings (and 82.49% of the building value) are associated with residential housing.

#### **General Building Stock**

Hazus estimates that there are 6,457 buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of 1,091 million (2010 dollars). Table 1 and Table 2 present the relative distribution of the value with respect to the general occupancies by Study Region and Scenario respectively. Appendix B provides a general distribution of the building value by State and County.

Table 1
Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Study Region

Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Total		
Residential	900,173	82.5%		
Commercial	95,645	8.8%		
Industrial	37,179	3.4%		
Agricultural	10,012	0.9%		
Religion	21,991	2.0%		
Government	15,637	1.4%		
Education	10,609	1.0%		
Total	1,091,246	100.00%		

Table 2
Building Exposure by Occupancy Type for the Scenario

Occupancy	Exposure (\$1000)	Percent of Total
Residential	70,342	89.1%
Commercial	2,630	3.3%
Industrial	1,606	2.0%
Agricultural	350	0.4%
Religion	958	1.2%
Government	3,078	3.9%
Education	0	0.0%
Total	78,964	100.00%

#### **Essential Facility Inventory**

For essential facilities, there are no hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of no beds. There are 7 schools, 5 fire stations, 1 police station and no emergency operation centers.

## Flood Scenario Parameters

Hazus used the following set of information to define the flood parameters for the flood loss estimate provided in this report.

Study Region Name: Nisqually Flood with 2009 DG

Scenario Name: Nisqually Flood

Return Period Analyzed: 100

Analysis Options Analyzed: No What-Ifs

#### **General Building Stock Damage**

Hazus estimates that about 5 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 20% of the total number of buildings in the scenario. There are an estimated 0 buildings that will be completely destroyed. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in Volume 1: Chapter 5 of the Hazus Flood Technical Manual. Table 3 below summarizes the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 4 summarizes the expected damage by general building type.

**Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy** 

1-10		11-20	0	21-30 31-40			10	41-5	50	Substantially		
Occupancy	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Agriculture	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Commercial	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Education	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Government	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Industrial	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Religion	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Residential	0	0.00	0	0.00	4	80.00	0	0.00	1	20.00	0	0.00
Total	0		0		4		0		1		0	

Table 4: Expected Building Damage by Building Type

Building	1-10	)	11-20	)	21-3	0	31-4	0	41-5	0	Substan	itially
Туре	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Concrete	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
ManufHousing	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Masonry	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Steel	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Wood	0	0.00	0	0.00	4	80.00	0	0.00	1	20.00	0	0.00

## Essential Facility Damage

Before the flood analyzed in this scenario, the region had 0 hospital beds available for use. On the day of the scenario flood event, the model estimates that 0 hospital beds are available in the region.

**Table 5: Expected Damage to Essential Facilities** 

# Facilities

Classification	Total	At Least Moderate	At Least Substantial	Loss of Use
Fire Stations	5	1	0	1
Hospitals	0	0	0	0
Police Stations	1	0	0	0
Schools	7	0	0	0

If this report displays all zeros or is blank, two possibilities can explain this.

- (1) None of your facilities were flooded. This can be checked by mapping the inventory data on the depth grid.
- (2) The analysis was not run. This can be tested by checking the run box on the Analysis Menu and seeing if a message box asks you to replace the existing results.

### **Induced Flood Damage**

#### **Debris Generation**

Hazus estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the flood. The model breaks debris into three general categories: 1) Finishes (dry wall, insulation, etc.), 2) Structural (wood, brick, etc.) and 3) Foundations (concrete slab, concrete block, rebar, etc.). This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.

Analysis has not been performed for this Scenario.

### **Social Impact**

#### **Shelter Requirements**

Hazus estimates the number of households that are expected to be displaced from their homes due to the flood and the associated potential evacuation. Hazus also estimates those displaced people that will require accommodations in temporary public shelters. The model estimates 25 households will be displaced due to the flood. Displacement includes households evacuated from within or very near to the inundated area. Of these, 13 people (out of a total population of 10,017) will seek temporary shelter in public shelters.

The total economic loss estimated for the flood is 2.12 million dollars, which represents 2.69 % of the total replacement value of the scenario buildings.

#### **Building-Related Losses**

The building losses are broken into two categories: direct building losses and business interruption losses. The direct building losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the flood. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the flood.

The total building-related losses were 2.11 million dollars. 1% of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. The residential occupancies made up 91.19% of the total loss. Table 6 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.

Table 6: Building-Related Economic Loss Estimates

(Millions of dollars)

Category	Area	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total
Building Lo	<u>ss</u>					
	Building	1.22	0.02	0.01	0.01	1.26
	Content	0.72	0.06	0.02	0.06	0.85
	Inventory	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	1.94	0.08	0.03	0.07	2.11
Business In	terruption_					
	Income	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Relocation	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Rental Income	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Wage	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01
ALL	Total	1.94	0.08	0.03	0.08	2.12

## **Appendix A: County Listing for the Region**

Washington

- Lewis

## **Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data**

#### **Building Value (thousands of dollars)**

	Population	Residential	Non-Residential	Total
Washington	<b>]</b>			
Lewis	10,017	900,173	191,073	1,091,246
Total	10,017	900,173	191,073	1,091,246
Total Study Region	10,017	900,173	191,073	1,091,246



HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN POINT OF CONT	TACT
Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact
Emil Pierson, Community Development Director	LG Nelson, Building Official
PO Box 609	PO Box 609
118 W Maple Street	118 W Maple Street
Centralia WA 98531	Centralia WA 98531
(360) 330-7662	(360) 330-7684
epierson@cityofcentralia.com	lgnelson@cityofcentralia.com
www.cityofcentralia.com	www.cityofcentralia.com

**Profile:** The City of Centralia is the most populated city in Lewis County. Located 25 miles south of Olympia, the City covers an area of 7.4 square miles. The City of Centralia was settled in 1852 along the junction of the Chehalis and Skookumchuck Rivers. Once known as a "Hub City," or midway point, between Seattle and Portland, major rail routes transferred in Centralia to transport goods across the state. Rail industry and passenger trains spurred local economic activity.

The City of Centralia and its Urban Growth Area have a rich diversity of terrain and natural features. The City is surrounded by Ham Hill, Seminary Hill, Cooks Hill, Davis Hill, and Widgeon Hill. The hills surround the City while the Chehalis River and the Skookumchuck River: are dominant features in the lowlands. The diverse landscape contains features such as steep slopes and floodplains that make development challenging and contain habitats that contribute to the biological diversity. The northern portions of the City contain high quality glacial deposits and alluvial river gravels. It is here that the City's aquifers and gravel mines are located. Historic coal mines are located in the Urban Growth Area and northeast of the City's jurisdiction.

Ranking o	Prev Occurr	ious	Likel Experi	ly to		Pro	bability			Exten	t			
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely (100% next yr)	Likely (10- 100% or 1 in 10 yrs)	Possible (1-10% next year or 1/100 yrs)	Unlikely (less than 1% in 100 yrs)	Catastrophic: more than 50% affected	Severe: 25-50% affected	Limited: 0-25% affected	None: 0% affected	Percentage	Rank
Rating Points	20	0	10	0	20	10	6	0	20	10	4	0		
Flooding	20		10		20						4		54%	1
Earthquake	20	0	10			10				10			50%	2
Wind Storm	20		10			10					4		44%	3
Winter Storm	20		10			10					4		44%	3
Volcano	20		10			10					4		44%	3
Levee Failure	20			0			6				4		30%	4
Dam Failure		0		0			6		20				26%	5
Landslide		0		0			6				4		10%	6
Drought		0		0			6					0	6%	7
Expansive Soils				0			6					0	6%	7

#### Probability:

Highly Likely: Near 100% probability in the next year.

Likely: Between 10 and 100% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in 10 years.

Possible: Between 1 and 10% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in next 100 years.

Unlikely: Less than 1% probability in next 100 years.

#### Extent of damage is defined as follows:

Catastrophic: More than 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected

Severe: 25 to 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected Limited: 0 to 25% of the jurisdiction can be affected

None: 0% of the jurisdiction can be affected

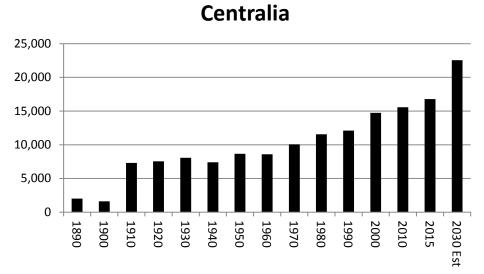
**Current Hazard Mitigation Codes/Plans/Ordinances** 



- Lewis County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan adopted June 2010.
- City of Centralia Comprehensive Plan adopted in July 2015.
- City of Centralia Zoning Ordinance adopted in March 2015.
- City of Centralia Critical Areas Ordinance adopted in May 2009.
- Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan (CEMP) adopted in November 2014.
- City of Centralia Hazard Identification and Vulnerability Assessment (HIVA) adopted 2009.
- Surface/Storm Water Management Plan adopted in 2008.
- Skookumchuck Dam Emergency Action Plan revised in December 2007.
- City of Centralia Water System Plan adopted in December 2005
- General Sewer Plan and Wastewater Treatment Plant Facilities Plan adopted in 2000.
- City Light and the Yelm Project Comprehensive Plan approved in December 2002.

Agency Specific Natural Hazard Event History – 1980 to 2015								
Type of Disaster	FEMA Disaster #	Date	Comments					
Severe Winter Storm and Record and Near Record Snow	DR-1825	3/2/2009	Incident 12/12/2008-1/5/2009					
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides, Flooding	DR-1817	1/30/2009	1/6-/16/2009					
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1734	12/8/2007	Incident 12/1-12/17/2007					
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1682	2/14/2007	Incident 12/14-12/15/2006					
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1671	12/12/2006	Incident 11/2-11/11/2006					
Earthquake	DR-1361	3/1/2001	Incident 2/28-3/16/2001					
Severe Winter Storms/Flooding	DR-1159	1/17/1997	Incident 12/26/1996-2/10/1997					
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-1100	Feb. 9, 1996	Incident 1/26-2/23/1996					
Storms, High Winds, Floods	DR-1079	Jan. 3, 1996	Incident 11/7-Dec 18, 1995					
Severe Storm, High Winds	DR-981	March 4, 1993	Incident 1/20-1/21/1993					
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-784	Dec 15, 1986	Incident 11/22-11/29/1986					
Volcanic Eruption – Mt. St. Helens	DR-623	May 21, 1980						

Demographics					
Donulation	1990	2000	2010	2015	2030 -Projected
Population	12.101	14.742	15.570	16.790	22.535



Quick Facts (US Census)	Centralia	Washington
Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013	0.6	3.7%
Persons under 5 years, percent, 2010	8%	6.5%
Persons under 18 years, percent definition and source info Persons under 18 years, percent, 2010	24.7%	23.5%
Persons 65 years and over, percent definition and source info Persons 65 years and over, percent, 2010	16.6%	12.3%
High school graduate or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	80.3%	90.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	13.8%	31.9%
Homeownership rate, 2009-2013	50.5%	63.2%
Housing units in multi-unit structures, percent, 2009-2013	27.8%	25.6%
Median value of owner-occupied housing units, 2009-2013	160,600	\$262,100
Per capita money income in past 12 months (2013 dollars), 2009-2013	\$19,517	\$30,742



Median household income definition and source info N	·	\$36,25			
Persons below poverty level, percent definition and source info Persons below poverty level, percent, 2009-2013 21.1  Source: U.S. Census – Quickfacts, Date Accessed: July 12, 2015. Website: quickfacts.census.gov					
Land Designations	2, 2015. Website. quickiacts.census.gov				
Land Area within the existing city limits:			4,925		
Land area within urban growth area:			5,242		
Total land area within city limits and urban growth area	a		10,167		
Land area of park, forest, and/or open space  Land area of residential			1,028		
Land area of residential			6,402 949		
Land area of industrial			1787		
<b>Current and Anticipated Development and</b>	Population Trends				
The City expects to see slow growth below 2% to conti (new buildings) and Centralia Station (a commercial de growth with additions or new buildings. The City expec	velopment owned by the Port of Centralia). Provide	nce hospital and the surroundi			
Infrastructure					
Categories	2014	Approximate Value (\$)			
Miles of Street and Roads	80 miles		55,902,000		
Miles of Sanitary Sewer	65 miles				
Miles of Storm Sewer	116,100 linear feet (21.99 miles)				
Miles of water lines	124 miles				
Miles of Electrical lines	250 miles				
Critical Facilities					
Critical Facilities	Address	Approximate Value (\$)			
Centralia City Hall	118 W Maple St.	***	1,636,20		
Centralia Timberland Library	110 S Silver St.		2,079,80		
Utility Customer Service Center	500 North Pearl		629,550		
Utility Building (shops)	1100 North Tower		1,287,850		
Wastewater Building	1401 W Mellen		1,171,50		
Sewer Treatment Facility	1545 Goodrich Rd.		1,918,50		
Parks and Recreation Bldg	902 Johnson Road		3,703,80		
Streets Shop	2600 W Reynolds Ave		\$909,90		
JNL Building	415 North Pearl		294,000		
UP Train Depot	210 Railroad Ave.				
China Creek Lift Station	1401 W Mellen				
Tennis Court Well	2500 Pioneer Way				
Flood Information					
Percentage of existing city limits within the 100-year flo	ood plain		2,549 acres or 25%		
Assessor's valuation of private properties within the 10	00-year flood plain		\$325,289,79		
Critical Facilities within the 100-year flood	plain				
Facility	Address	Approximate V	alue (\$)		
Wastewater Building	1401 W Mellen	1,171,50	0		
Sewer Treatment Facility	1545 Goodrich Rd.	1,918,50	0		
•		1			
China Creek Lift Station	1401 W Mellen				
	1401 W Mellen 2500 Pioneer Way				
Tennis Court Well	1401 W Mellen 2500 Pioneer Way				
			Ye		



Building Code Effective Grading Schedule	Class 3
NFIP Membership	Yes, 3/15/1974
NFIP Compliance Violations?	None
FEMA Floodplain Maps Adopted	Yes, 6/1/1982
Recently Community Assistant Visit or Community Assistance Contact	6/7/2005
Floodplain Administrator	Emil Pierson, Community Development Director
Certified Floodplain Manager	Yes
Floodplain Ordinance Adoption	Adopted 2009. Amended Ord 2350 April 2015.
StormReady Jurisdiction	No
Firewise Jurisdiction	No

Previous Action Plan Implementation			
Mitigation Strategy	Completed 2010-2014	Carried Over to 2015 Plan	Removed or No Longer Feasible
The Floodway, the Special Flood Risk Zone and the 100-year Floodplain shall be regulated to protect human life, property and the public health and safety of the citizens of Centralia; minimize the expenditure of public money; and maintain the city's flood insurance eligibility while avoiding regulations which are unnecessarily restrictive or difficult to administer.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Frequently flooded areas; It is the purpose of this section to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare, and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions in the floodplain and the floodway according to the provisions established under the Floodplain Ordinance.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Manage stormwater runoff to improve drainage, control stormwater quantity, prevent localized flooding of streets and private property during high water table and rainy conditions, and protect and enhance water quality through using Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington, Best Management Practices, and Best Available Science as established by the Department of Ecology.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
The City shall participate in the Community Rating System to obtain the maximum possible reduction in Flood Insurance Rates from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Consider other regulations and programs associated with flood hazard management. Where there is a conflict, the more stringent in terms of long-term management of the ecological resource and natural geohydrological systems shall take precedence.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Restrict development in the 100 year floodplain that potentially increases flood hazard unless it complies Zoning Ordinance, International Building Code and the Critical Areas Ordinance (CAO).	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Provide protection of geological hazards areas which are areas susceptible to the effects of erosion, sliding, earthquake, steepslopes, flooding, wetlands, or other geologic events through the City's adopted Critical Areas Ordinance or Shoreline Plan.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Centralia will continue to meet the requirements of the state municipal stormwater permit program, called NPDES Phase II. This program includes a number of components such as water quality monitoring, annual stormwater inspections, and public education, all of which the city is already engaged in to some extent.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Utilize the latest adopted building code to ensure adequate protection in construction against earthquakes utilizing the adopted bldg. code and land movement Grading Standards	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Nonstructural solutions to flood hazards shall be encouraged including restricting development in flood-prone areas, storm water runoff management, up-stream watershed vegetation management.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Ensure that standards for flood control measures protect and enhance the biological systems and public access opportunities of the shoreline and adjacent uplands.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
The Building Official will continue to require and maintain elevation certificates for permitted development within the floodplain. Elevation certificates are maintained by address.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Provide emergency generator or secondary power capability for all pump stations; upgrade construction at all pump stations to latest seismic and wind standards.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Plan the stormwater management system to be consistent with policies regarding flooding, wetlands, land use and water quality.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Develop an integrated program for quantity and quality control that recognizes the unique situation faced by the City within its location in the 100 year floodplain and its needs for flood control in larger	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Apply best management practices to reduce pollutant loading and minimize the effects of contaminated sediments on the city's waterways. Increase preservation of the open space and drainage corridor through easements, deeding land to city, improve water quality, eliminate failed septic systems, fence out livestock, improve wildlife habitat, do restoration planting projects, increase regulations such as greater setbacks where applicable, implement specialized best management practices to minimize problems in the long run.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	



Encourage the retention of open space and development of recreational opportunities, conserve fish and wildlife habitat, increase access to natural resource lands and water, and develop parks. Integrate these concepts with natural functions such as drainage, agriculture and topographic features	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Encourage residents to sign up for the Lewis County's Code Red System	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Encourage all critical facilities including nursing homes, chemical storage facilities, schools, electric and telephone substations have a working emergency plan in place and that contacts are up-to-date.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Maintain the emergency operations center (EOC) and have training on a regular basis pertaining to flooding and all hazards.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Upgrade all city owned critical facilities to ensure continued operations during hazard events.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Provide on-going public education at all levels, from the renter to the homeowner, regarding residential, commercial and industrial best management practice issues, flood hazard mitigation, water quality, and related local issues.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
The City shall provide on-going public education about flooding. Outreach efforts shall include but are not limited to: newsletter, special targeted mailings to realtors, insurance agents and lenders, training sessions at neighborhood meetings, the public library, and any other means identified.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Provide on-going public education aimed at residents, businesses, and industries about stormwater and its effects on water quality, flooding, fish/wildlife habitat and to discourage dumping of waste material or pollutants into storm drains.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
The Community Development Department and Building Official will continue to make flood map determinations in response to public inquiry.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
The Community Development Department will maintain the Flood Protection information and add updated materials as needed at the Centralia Public Library. Information in this collection includes but is not limited to: natural and beneficial functions of floodplains, flood plan, floodplain map, local early warning and evacuation routes and updated local, state and federal materials.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Maintain updated maps and continue to work on automated base maps and overlays, leading to a planning level geographic information system. Continue data collection and data entry as new information and data sources become accessible.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Maintain and update on a regular basis the City's flood website to provide information and encourage public education about how to reduce flood impacts.	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Expand the Public Information program to address other natural hazards where additional public information will be helpful, such as seismic retrofits for homes and other hazard related topics	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Improve communication and public awareness of natural hazards to residents and businesses before, during and following emergencies	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Continue annual bridge inspections	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Operate Incident Command Post in time of emergency	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Isolate utilities in damaged areas	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Require engineered foundation systems and geotechnical reports for building in critical areas	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Maintain map of landslide areas in permit application office	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Coordinate with Lewis County for growth in critical areas	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
City light tree maintenance program to trim trees around power lines	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Retrofit existing overhead lines to underground as time and budget allows	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	
Continue current City Light practice of burying new utility lines as appropriate	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Remove
Continue contract with Lewis County to provide statutory emergency services.	Yes	Yes (on-going)	

#### **Attached Documents**

- Hazard Identification Worksheet
- Asset Inventory
- Compiled detailed inventory of what can be damaged by a hazard event
- Identification of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population that is located in hazard areas
- Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE
- Mitigation Strategies
- Critical Facilities Mitigation Strategies
- Maps

## HAZARD IDENTIFICATION WORKSHEET

Date Completed: June 2015

Which Agency are you representing?	City of Centralia	
Name:	Title:	
Email:	Telephone #:	
Address:	City:	ZIP:

#### For each Hazard, please fill out the table below based on the following questions:

- Previous Occurrence: Is there a historic record of this type of hazard happening here? Yes or No
- Likely to Experience: Are you likely to experience this type of hazard in the future? Yes or No
- Probability: Based on history, what is the likelihood of this event happening again? Highly Likely, Likely, Possible, Unlikely
- Extent: If this hazard event were to happen, how extensive could the damage be? Catastrophic, Severe, Limited, None

		rious rence?		ly to ience?		Prob	ability			E>	tent	
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Catastrophic	Severe	Limited	None
Avalanche		Х		Х				Х				Х
Coastal Erosion		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Coastal Storm		Х		Х				Х				Х
Dam Failure		Х		Х			Х		Х			
Debris Flow		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Drought		Х		Х			Х					Χ
Earthquake	Х		Х			Х				Х		
Expansive Soils				Х			Х					Χ
Extreme Heat		Х		Х				Х				Х
Flooding	Х		Х		Х						Х	
Hailstorm		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Hurricane		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Land Subsidence		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Landslide		Х		Х			Х				Х	
Levee Failure	Х			Х			Х				Х	
Severe Thunder Storm		Х		Х				Х				Х
Severe Wind Storm	Х		Х			Х					Х	
Severe Winter Storm	Х		Х			Х					Х	
Tornado		Х		Х				Х				Х
Tsunami		Х		Х				Х				Х
Volcano	Х		Х			Х					Х	_
Wildfire		Х		Х				Х				Х
Other:												

Which of the following does you	ır agency have?	(Circle One)	
Comprehensive Plan	<mark>Yes</mark> / No / NA	Date completed:	July 2015
Critical Areas Ordinance	Yes / No / NA	Date completed:	May 2009
Does your agency have an emergence	y plan? Ye	es / No / NA 2014	

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2A	Date Completed: June 2015						
Which Agency are you representing? Centralia							
Name:		Title:					
Email:		Telephone #:					
Address:	City:		ZIP:				
Took A. Inventory the critical facilities that can be demon		amoud associat					

Task A: Inventory the critical facilities that can be damaged by a hazard event. Please fill out the table below.

						St	ruct	ure l	Use		
Name of Building/Business	Address	Contact Information (Telephone #)	Occupancy #	Educational	Government	Hospital	Non/Profit	Public Safety	Residential	Utilities	Other
Centralia City Hall	118 West Maple St.	360-330-7662	35		Χ			Χ			
Centralia Library	110 S. Silver St.	(360) 736-0183		Χ							Χ
Utility Customer Service Center	500 North Pearl	(360) 330-7657								Х	
City Light Building (P.W.)	1100 North Tower	(360) 330-7512	50+							Χ	
Police Training Facility	1401 West Mellen		15+					Х			
WWTP Facility	1545 Goodrich Road		15+							Χ	
Parks and Recreation Building	902 Johnson Road	(360) 330-7688	3+		х						
Rifle Club Building	908 Johnson Road						Χ				
JNL Storage Building	415 North Pearl				Χ						
Union Depot	210 Railroad Avenue		2+								Χ
China Creek Lift Station	1401 W. Mellon									Χ	
Tennis Court Well	Pioneer Way										
Street Shop	Reynolds		15+		Χ						
City Shop	1219 N. Tower		5+		Χ					Χ	
	+										
			1								

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2B - 2015											D	ate Comp	leted:	June 201	5	
Which Agency are y	ou representing: City of C	entralia									•					
Name:										Title:						
Email:										Telephone #	#:					
Address:						С	ity:						Zip:			
•	detailed inventory of what ts (critical facilities, busine	-	-				areas	and ar	eas o	f special cor	nsideratio	on) that o	an be (	damaged	d by a ha	azard
2. Dar 3. Del HAZARDS 4. Dro 5. Ear 6. Exp	thquake 12. Lan ansive Soils 13. Lev	torm ricane d Subsidence	16. S 17. T 18. V							BUILDING MATERIA		b. co	ick	h. A	Steel Sphalt	
Name or description c Asset (building)	f Address	Hazard(s) List all that apply (See legend above)	Critical Facility	Transportation	Utility System	Comm. System	Economic Assets	Special consideration	Historic/Other	Size of Building (sq. ft.)	Replacement Value (\$)		Contents Value (\$)	Displacement (\$ per day)	Occupancy or capacity (#)	Structural – building materials
Centralia City Hall	118 West Maple St.	2,5,8,15,16,18	Х							22,000	6.0M	1	.5M		50+	d,e,h
Centralia Library	110 S. Silver St.	2,5, 15,16,18								13,500	3.0M	30	0,000		50+	d,e
Utility Customer Service Center	500 North Pearl	2,5,8,15,16,18	Х					Х		1,750						
City Light Building (P.W.)	1100 North Tower	2,5, 15,16,18	Х		Х			Х		21,800						
Police Training Facility	1401 West Mellen	2,5,8, 15,16,18	Х							10,950						
WWTP Facility	1545 Goodrich Road	2,5, 15,16,18	Х		Х											
Parks and Recreatio Building	902 Johnson Road	2,5, 15,16,18								20,000	3.0M	30	0,000		3+	e,f
Rifle Club Building	908 Johnson Road	2,5, 15,16,18									500,00	0 50	0,000			e,f
JNL Storage Building	g 415 North Pearl	2,5, 15,16,18														

Train Depot	210 Railroad Avenue	2,5, 15,16,18						15,000	5.5M	1.0M	10+	d,e,h
China Creek Lift Station	1401 W. Mellon	2,5, 15,16,18	Х		Х							
Tennis Court Well	Pioneer Way	2,5,8, 15,16,18	Х		Х							
Street Shop	Reynolds	2,5, 15,16,18		Х								a,e,f
City Shop	1219 N. Pearl	2,5,13, 15,16,18		Х								e,f

## **ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C**

Date Completed:

Which Agency are you representing?	City of Centralia
Name: Emil Pierson	Title: CDD
Email: epierson@cityofcentralia.com	<b>Telephone #:</b> 360-330-7662
Address: 118 West Maple	City: Centralia ZIP: 98531
Task C. Determine the proportion of buildi community that are located in hazard areas	ngs, the value of buildings, and the population in your s.
Hazard: Flooding	

	Numbe	Number of Structures			of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	6316	1579	25%		377 M	25%	16660	3,892	23%
Commercial	2308	16							
Industrial									
Agricultural		3							
Religious/ Non-profit		0							
Government									
Education									
Utilities		3			3 M				
Total							16,660	3,892	23%

#### Task D. Determine whether (and where) you want to collect additional inventory data. (circle one)

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? **Yes** or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or **No**
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? **Yes** or No

## **ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C**

Date Completed:

Which Agency are you representing?	City of Centralia
Name: Emil Pierson	Title: CDD
Email: epierson@cityofcentralia.com	<b>Telephone #:</b> 360-330-7662
Address: 118 West Maple	City: Centralia ZIP: 98531

## Task C. Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard:	Volcano,	Earthquake,	Wind,	Winter	r

	Number of Structures Value of Structures			ıres	Number of People					
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	7,600	7,600	100%				16,660	16,660	100	
Commercial	2308	2308	100							
Industrial			100							
Agricultural			100							
Religious/ Non-profit			100							
Government			100							
Education			100							
Utilities			100							
Total			100%				16,660	16,660	100	

#### Task D. Determine whether (and where) you want to collect additional inventory data. (circle one)

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? **Yes** or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or **No**
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? **Yes** or No

# Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE - Worksheet 3A Agency: Centralia

Category Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Hazard Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Social (Yes or No)	Technical (Yes or No)	Administrative (Yes or No)	Political (Yes or No)	Legal (Yes or No)	Economical (Yes or No)	Environmental (Yes or No)	Responsible Department/Agency
The Floodway, the Special Flood Risk Zone and the 100-year Floodplain shall be regulated to protect human life, property and the public health and safety of the citizens of Centralia; minimize the expenditure of public money; and maintain the city's flood insurance eligibility while avoiding regulations which are unnecessarily restrictive or difficult to administer.	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Community Development
Frequently flooded areas; It is the purpose of this section to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare, and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions in the floodplain and the floodway according to the provisions established under the Floodplain Ordinance.	Flood	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Community Development
Manage stormwater runoff to improve drainage, control stormwater quantity, prevent localized flooding of streets and private property during high water table and rainy conditions, and protect and enhance water quality through using Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington, Best Management Practices, and Best Available Science as established by the Department of Ecology.	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Public Works, Stormwater
The City shall participate in the Community Rating System to obtain the maximum possible reduction in Flood Insurance Rates from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Community Development
Consider other regulations and programs associated with flood hazard management. Where there is a conflict, the more stringent in terms of long-term management of the ecological resource and natural geohydrological systems shall take precedence.	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Community Development
Restrict development in the 100 year floodplain that potentially increases flood hazard unless it complies Zoning Ordinance, International Building Code and the Critical Areas Ordinance (CAO). The impacts of floodplain shall be addressed by one of the following means:  The CAO shall prohibit structural flood control measures for new development that would potentially increase the risk of flooding, considerably alter the course, speed or flow of the waterway, reduce flood storage capacity, or increase flood heights on unprotected property; or  CAO or Shoreline Plan shall be established and implemented to retain or restore natural conditions of shorelands associated with frequently flooded areas.  Develop a program for operation and maintenance of storm drains, detention systems, ditches and culverts.	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Community Development
Provide protection of geologically hazards areas which are areas susceptible to the effects of erosion, sliding, earthquake, steepslopes, flooding, wetlands, or other geologic events through the City's adopted Critical Areas Ordinance or Shoreline Plan.	Flood, Landslide, Earthquake	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Community Development
Centralia will continue to meet the requirements of the state municipal stormwater permit program, called NPDES Phase II. This program includes a number of components such as water quality monitoring, annual stormwater inspections, and public education, all of which the city is already	Flood, Landslide, Earthquake	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Community Development

Date: June 2015

engaged in to some extent.									
Utilize the latest adopted building code to ensure adequate protection in	Earthquake,	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
construction against earthquakes in Seismic Zone 3, severe storms with	Severe Storm,								
Wind Exposure B, fire with Fire Resistive Construction Standards, and land	Fire, Land								
movement with Grading Standards	Movement								
Nonstructural solutions to flood hazards shall be encouraged including	Flood	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Community Development
restricting development in flood-prone areas, storm water runoff									
management, up-stream watershed vegetation management.									
Ensure that standards for flood control measures protect and enhance the	Flood	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
biological systems and public access opportunities of the shoreline and									
adjacent uplands.									
The Building Official will continue to require and maintain elevation	Flood	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
certificates for permitted development within the floodplain. Elevation									, ,
certificates are maintained by address.									
Provide emergency generator or secondary power capability for all pump	Earthquake,	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	γ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
stations; upgrade construction at all pump stations to latest seismic and	Severe Storm,	-			'	'	•	-	Community Development
wind standards.	Landslide								
Plan the stormwater management system to be consistent with policies	Flood	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
regarding flooding, wetlands, land use and water quality.	11000	•	1.		'	'	ļ ·	'	community Bevelopment
Develop an integrated program for quantity and quality control that	Flood	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
recognizes the unique situation faced by the City within its location in the	11000	'	1.	'	'	'	'	'	Community Development
100 year floodplain and its needs for flood control in larger storm events,									
, ,									
while at the same time needing to control the effects of smaller storms in									
terms of both quantity and quality of runoff.	51 1	<b>.</b>	-			Y		<b>—</b>	
Apply best management practices to reduce pollutant loading and minimize	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Community Development
the effects of contaminated sediments on the city's waterways. Increase									
preservation of the open space and drainage corridor through easements,									
deeding land to city, improve water quality, eliminate failed septic systems,									
fence out livestock, improve wildlife habitat, do restoration planting									
projects, increase regulations such as greater setbacks where applicable,									
implement specialized best management practices to minimize problems in									
the long run.			_						
Encourage the retention of open space and development of recreational	Flood,	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Community Development
opportunities, conserve fish and wildlife habitat, increase access to natural	Earthquake,								
resource lands and water, and develop parks. Integrate these concepts with	Landslide, Fire,								
natural functions such as drainage, agriculture and topographic features	Severe Storm								
Encourage residents to sign up for the Lewis County's Code Red System	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
Encourage all critical facilities including nursing homes, chemical storage	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Community Development
facilities, schools, electric and telephone substations have a working									
emergency plan in place and that contacts are up-to-date.									
Maintain the emergency operations center (EOC) and have training on a	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
regular basis pertaining to flooding and all hazards.									
Upgrade all city owned critical facilities to ensure continued operations	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
during hazard events.									
Provide on-going public education at all levels, from the renter to the	Flood	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
homeowner, regarding residential, commercial and industrial best									,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
management practice issues, flood hazard mitigation, water quality, and									
related local issues.									
The City shall provide on-going public education about flooding. Outreach	Flood	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Community Development
efforts shall include but are not limited to: newsletter, special targeted	11000	"	1.	1.	'	'	1	'	Community Development
mailings to realtors, insurance agents and lenders, training sessions at									
neighborhood meetings, the public library, and any other means identified.									
Provide on-going public education aimed at residents, businesses, and	All	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Community Development
industries about stormwater and its effects on water quality, flooding,	All	'	1	'	Ť	"	'	•	Community Development
fish/wildlife habitat and to discourage dumping of waste material or	1	1							

pollutants into storm drains.									
The Community Development Department and Building Official will continue	Flood	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
to make flood map determinations in response to public inquiry.									
The Community Development Department will maintain the Flood	Flood	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
Protection information and add updated materials as needed at the									
Centralia Public Library. Information in this collection includes but is not									
limited to: natural and beneficial functions of floodplains, flood plan,									
floodplain map, local early warning and evacuation routes and updated									
local, state and federal materials.									
Maintain updated maps and continue to work on automated base maps and	All	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Community Development
overlays, leading to a planning level geographic information system.									
Continue data collection and data entry as new information and data									
sources become accessible.									
Maintain and update on a regular basis the City's flood website to provide	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Community Development
information and encourage public education about how to reduce flood									
impacts.									
Expand the Public Information program to address other natural hazards	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Community Development
where additional public information will be helpful, such as seismic retrofits									
for homes and other hazard related topics									
Improve communication and public awareness of natural hazards to	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	N	Police Department
residents and businesses before, during and following emergencies									
Continue annual bridge inspections	Flood	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Engineering Department
Operate Incident Command Post in time of emergency	All	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Police Department
Isolate utilities in damaged areas	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Utilities (water,
									wastewater, city light)
Continue and enhance annual fire inspections for life safety	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Riverside Fire Authority
Require engineered foundation systems	Landslide	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Building Department
and geotechnical reports for building in									
critical areas									
Maintain map of landslide areas in	Landslide	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Community Development
permit application office									
Coordinate with Lewis County for growth in critical areas	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Community Development
City light tree maintenance program to trim trees around power lines	Wind, Winter	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	City Light
Retrofit existing overhead lines to underground as time and budget allows	Wind, Winter Storm	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	City Light
Continue current City Light practice of burying new utility lines as	Winter, winter,	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	City Light
appropriate	flooding								

#### Notes

- S: Social The public must support the overall implementation strategy and specific mitigation actions.
- T: Technical It is important to determine if the proposed action is technically feasible, will help reduce losses in the long term, and has minimal secondary impacts.
- A: Administrative Under this part of the evaluation criteria, examine the anticipated staffing, funding, and maintenance requirements for the mitigation action to be implemented.
- P: Political Understanding how your community and State leadership feels about issues related to the environment, economic development, safety, and emergency management.
- L: Legal When considering this criterion, determine whether your agency has the legal authority at the State, or local level to implement the action, or if new laws will need to be passed.
- E: Economic Cost-effective mitigation actions that can be funded in current or upcoming budget cycles are much more likely to be implemented.
- E: Environmental Evaluate whether, when implementing mitigation actions, there would be negative consequences to environmental assets (wetlands, endangered species, protected resources).

# Mitigation Strategies – Worksheet 3B Agency: Centralia

	Mitigation Measures	Hazard Addressed	20	)10 Plan	Mitigation Identification	Cost-Benefit and Prioritization			Implementation			
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	(flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Task in 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 2 = Uichast	Priority Rating (Low, Medium,	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
	The Floodway, the Special Flood Risk Zone and the 100-year Floodplain shall be regulated to protect human life, property and the public health and safety of the citizens of Centralia; minimize the expenditure of public money; and maintain the city's flood insurance eligibility while avoiding regulations which are unnecessarily restrictive or difficult to administer.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection	3	3	M	2015-2020	Grants/Budget		Community Development
	Frequently flooded areas; It is the purpose of this section to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare, and to minimize public and private losses due to flood conditions in the floodplain and the floodway according to the provisions established under the Floodplain Ordinance.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection	3	3	M	2015-2020	Grants/Budget		Community Development
	Manage stormwater runoff to improve drainage, control stormwater quantity, prevent localized flooding of streets and private property during high water table and rainy conditions, and protect and enhance water quality through using Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington, Best Management Practices, and Best Available Science as established by the Department of Ecology.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection	3	3	М	2015-2020	Grants/Budget		Community Development, Public Works
	The City shall participate in the Community Rating System to obtain the maximum possible reduction in Flood Insurance Rates from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget		Community Development

Date: June 2015

Consider other regulations and programs associated with flood hazard management. Where there is a conflict, the more stringent in terms of long-term management of the ecological resource and natural geohydrological systems shall	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
take precedence.  Restrict development in the 100 year floodplain that potentially increases flood hazard unless it complies Zoning Ordinance, International Building Code and the Critical Areas Ordinance (CAO).	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Provide protection of geologically hazards areas which are areas susceptible to the effects of erosion, sliding, earthquake, steepslopes, flooding, wetlands, or other geologic events through the City's adopted Critical Areas Ordinance or Shoreline Plan.	Flood, Landslide, Earthquake	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Centralia will continue to meet the requirements of the state municipal stormwater permit program, called NPDES Phase II. This program includes a number of components such as water quality monitoring, annual stormwater inspections, and public education, all of which the city is already engaged in to some extent.	Flood, Landslide, Earthquake	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development, Public Works
Utilize the latest adopted building code to ensure adequate protection in construction against earthquakes in Seismic Zone 3, severe storms with Wind Exposure B, fire with Fire Resistive Construction Standards, and land movement with Grading Standards	Earthquake, Severe Storm, Fire, Land Movement	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Nonstructural solutions to flood hazards shall be encouraged including restricting development in flood-prone areas, storm water runoff management, up-stream watershed vegetation management.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Ensure that standards for flood control measures protect and enhance the biological systems and public access opportunities of the shoreline and adjacent uplands.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection	3	2	М	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
The Building Official will continue to require and maintain elevation certificates for permitted development within the floodplain. Elevation certificates are maintained by address.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection,	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Provide emergency generator or secondary power capability for all pump stations; upgrade construction at all pump stations to latest seismic and wind standards.	Earthquake, Severe Storm, Landslide	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection,	2	2	М	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Public Works, City Light

			T	T	1		1			
Plan the stormwater management system to be consistent with policies regarding flooding, wetlands, land use and water quality.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection	3	3	M	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development, Public Works
Develop an integrated program for quantity and quality control that recognizes the unique situation faced by the City within its location in the 100 year floodplain and its needs for flood control in larger storm events, while at the same time needing to control the effects of smaller storms in terms of both quantity and quality of runoff.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects	3	2	М	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Apply best management practices to reduce pollutant loading and minimize the effects of contaminated sediments on the city's waterways. Increase preservation of the open space and drainage corridor through easements, deeding land to city, improve water quality, eliminate failed septic systems, fence out livestock, improve wildlife habitat, do restoration planting projects, increase regulations such as greater setbacks where applicable, implement specialized best management practices to minimize problems in the long run.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection	3	2	М	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Encourage the retention of open space and development of recreational opportunities, conserve fish and wildlife habitat, increase access to natural resource lands and water, and develop parks. Integrate these concepts with natural functions such as drainage, agriculture and topographic features	Flood, Earthquake, Landslide, Fire, Severe Storm	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection	2	3	М	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Encourage residents to sign up for the Lewis County's Code Red System	All	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development, Police Depart.
Encourage all critical facilities including nursing homes, chemical storage facilities, schools, electric and telephone substations have a working emergency plan in place and that contacts are up-to-date.	All	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection	3	2	М	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development, Police Dept.
Maintain the emergency operations center (EOC) and have training on a regular basis pertaining to flooding and all hazards.	All	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection,	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Police Department
Upgrade all city owned critical facilities to ensure continued operations during hazard events.	All	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Structural Projects	1	3	L	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Public works, City Light
Provide on-going public education at all levels, from the renter to the homeowner, regarding residential, commercial and industrial best management practice issues, flood hazard mitigation, water quality, and related local issues.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education	3	3	М	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development

The City shall provide on-going public education about flooding. Outreach efforts shall include but are not limited to: newsletter, special targeted mailings to realtors, insurance agents and lenders, training sessions at neighborhood meetings, the public library, and any other means identified.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education	3	3	М	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Provide on-going public education aimed at residents, businesses, and industries about stormwater and its effects on water quality, flooding, fish/wildlife habitat and to discourage dumping of waste material or pollutants into storm drains.	All	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education	3	3	М	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
The Community Development Department and Building Official will continue to make flood map determinations in response to public inquiry.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
The Community Development Department will maintain the Flood Protection information and add updated materials as needed at the Centralia Public Library. Information in this collection includes but is not limited to: natural and beneficial functions of floodplains, flood plan, floodplain map, local early warning and evacuation routes and updated local, state and federal materials.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Maintain updated maps and continue to work on automated base maps and overlays, leading to a planning level geographic information system. Continue data collection and data entry as new information and data sources become accessible.	All	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education	2	3	M	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Maintain and update on a regular basis the City's flood website to provide information and encourage public education about how to reduce flood impacts.	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Expand the Public Information program to address other natural hazards where additional public information will be helpful, such as seismic retrofits for homes and other hazard related topics	All	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Improve communication and public awareness of natural hazards to residents and businesses before, during and following emergencies	All	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Continue annual bridge inspections	Flood	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection,	2	2	М	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Public Works
Operate Incident Command Post in time of emergency	All	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection,	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Police Department
Isolate utilities in damaged areas	All	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection,	1	3	L	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Public Works and City Light

Require engineered foundation systems and geotechnical reports for building in critical areas	Landslide	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection	2	2	М	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Maintain map of landslide areas in permit application office	Landslide	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
Coordinate with Lewis County for growth in critical areas	All	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education	3	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	Community Development
City light tree maintenance program to trim trees around power lines	Wind, Winter	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	Н	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	City Light
Retrofit existing overhead lines to underground as time and budget allows	Wind, Winter Storm	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection	1	2	L	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	City Light
Continue current City Light practice of burying new utility lines as appropriate	Winter, winter, flooding	Yes	Yes, Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection	1	2	L	2015-2020	Grants/Budget	City Light

#### Notes

2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task

# **Critical Facilities Mitigation Strategies - Worksheet 3C**

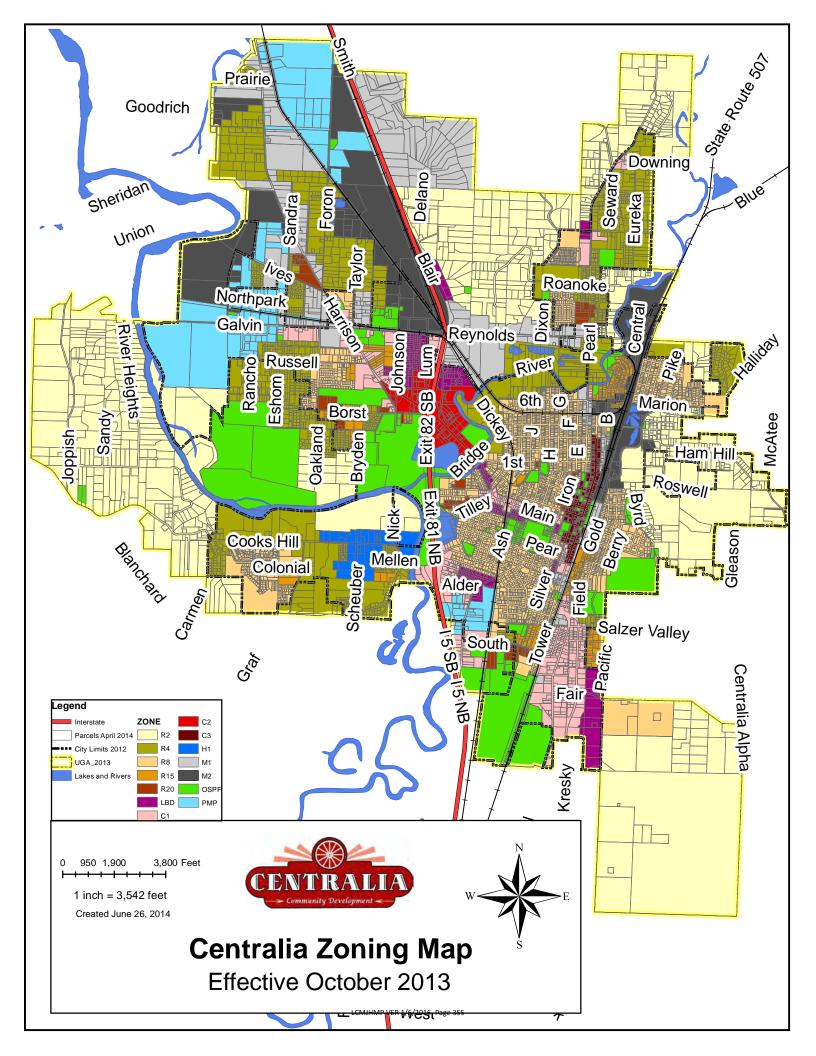
Agency:	Centralia

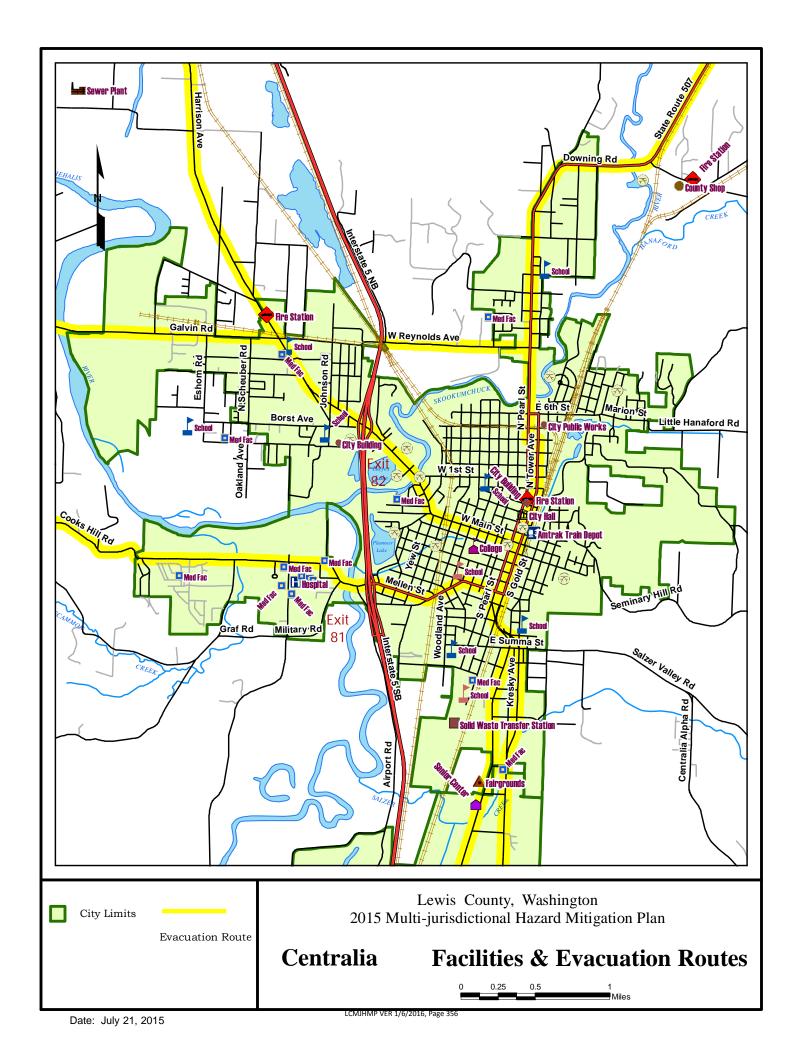
Miti	igation Measures	Hazard Addressed	20	10 Plan	Mitigation Identification		:-Benefit a ioritization		Implementation			
Facility	Mitigation Strategy	(All, flooding, landslide, earthquake, volcanic, etc)	Task listed in the 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest	Priority Rating (Low, Medium,	Timeline (schedule)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
City Hall	Assess building for structural integrity to determine strength in withstanding an earthquake, or volcanic ash fallout on roof	Earthquake, volcanic	Yes	No	Prevention, property protection	1	2	Med.	2010	Budget		Police Chief
City Light HQ	Assess building for structural integrity to determine strength in withstanding an earthquake, or volcanic ash fallout on roof	Earthquake, volcanic	No	No	Prevention, Property Protection, Structural Projects	2	2	Med.		Budget		City light
WWTP	Build new WWTP outside of flood plain and building new flood proof pump station at existing TP site	Flood	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects	1	3	High		Budget		Utilities
Skookumchuck Harrison Ave Bridge	Inspect annually and after every flood or other disaster	Flood	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects	3	2	Med.		Budget		Engineering
Skookumchuck Dam	Raise height of dam to increase storage capacity. Improve spillway control for flood control purposes	Flood	Yes	Yes - Ongoing		2	3	High		Budget		Com Dev / Utilities
	Perform an engineering review of dam's seismic stability	Seismic	Yes	Yes		2	3	High		Grants		Public Works
City/Lewis County	Update improve area-wide alarm system.	All natural hazards	Yes	Yes - Ongoing		2	3	High		Budget		Com Dev.
City Hall	Perform vulnerability assessment to identify actions needed to improve security.	Terrorist	Yes	Completed		2	3	High		Proposed		Com Dev
Emergency Response Planning	Contract with Lewis County to provide statutory emergency services	All	Yes	Yes - Ongoing		2	1	Med		Budget		Com Dev

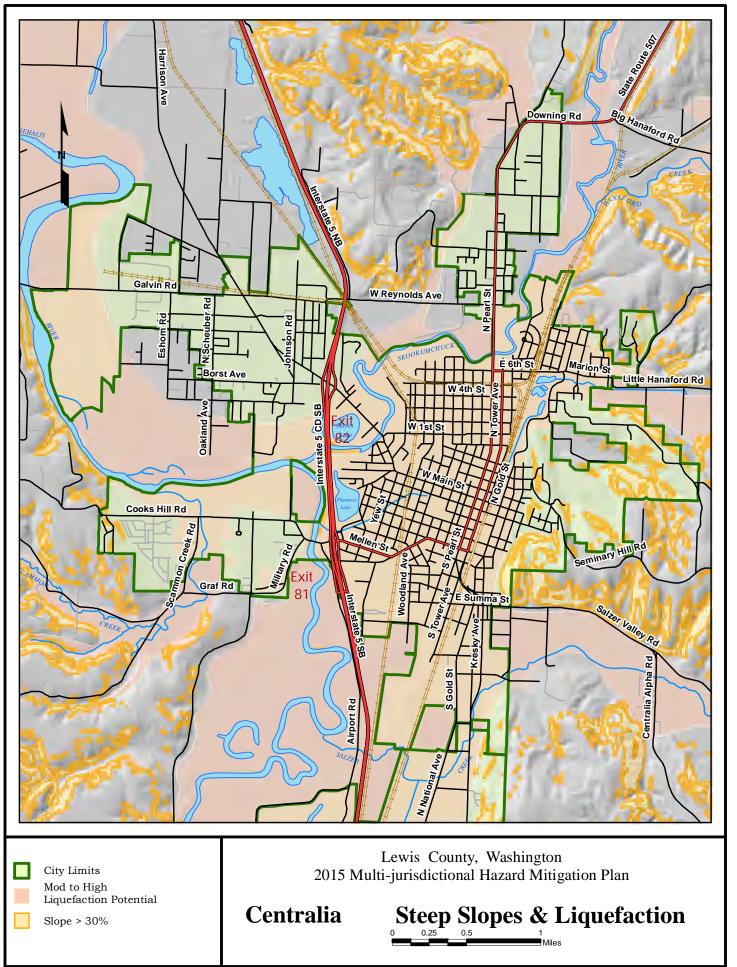
Date: July 2015

	Operate Incident Command Post in time of emergency services	All	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	2	1	Med	Budget	Com Dev
	Isolate utilities in damaged areas	All	Yes	Yes	3	1	Med	Budget	Public Works, Utilities
	Continue and enhance annual fire inspections for life safety	All	Yes	Yes-ongoing	3	1	Med		Fire Chief
Critical Areas Ordinanance Planning	Update critical areas ordinance utilizing best available science	All	Yes	Yes	2	1	Med		Com Dev
Critical Areas Ordinance Update	Require engineered foundation systems and geotechnical reports for building in critical areas	Landslide	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	1	3	Med	Property Owner	Com Dev. Building
	Maintain map of landslide areas in permit application office	Landslide	Yes	Yes - ongoing	3	2	High		Com Dev, Building
	Continue to coordinate with Lewis County for growth in critical areas	All	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	2	1	Med		Com Dev, Building
Public Education	Continue public education on building maintenance related to seismic activity and supplement with information on façade improvement program	Earthquake	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	1	1	Low	Grants	Com Dev, Building
Development Review	Continue to maintain building, plumbing, electrical and other codes that reduce vulnerability of new structures to natural hazards.	All	Yes	Yes- Ongoing	3	3	High		Com Dev, Building
Floodplain Management	Continue to enforce the flood ordinance which is based on NFIP Model	Flood	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	3	3	High	Budget	Com Dev
Floodplain Management	Implement Centralia/Chehalis Flood Control Project through USACE	Flood	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	3	3	High	WA State US Corps	Com Dev
Floodplain Management	Continue to participate in CRS program	Flood	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	2	2	Med	Budget	Com Dev
Floodplain Management	Continue applying for grant to elevate homes	Flood	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	1	3	Med	HMGP grants	Com Dev

Floodplain	Continue annual levy	Flood	Yes	Yes- Annual	3	3	High	Budget	Com Dev, USACE
Management	inspection								
Evacuation	Continue annual bridge	Flood	Yes	Yes- Annual	3	3	High	Budget	City Engineer
Planning	inspections	6	.,					5	0 0 0 1
Protect Utilities	Continue tree maintenance program for street trees	Severe weather storm	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	2	2	Med	Budget	Com Dev, Parks
Protect Utilities	City light tree maintenance program to trim trees around power lines	Severe weather storm	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	2	2	Med	Budget	Public Works, Light
Protect Utilities	Continue current City Light practice of burying new utility lines as appropriate	Severe weather storm	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	3	3	High	Budget	Public Works, Light
Protect Utilities	Retrofit existing overhead lines to underground as time and budget allows	Severe weather storm	Yes	Yes- ongoing	3	3	High	Budget	Public Works, Light
Protect Utilities	Continue flood proofing utilities in flood prone areas (electrical power)	Flood	Yes	Yes - Ongoing	1	3	Med	Budget	Public Works, Light







Date: July 21, 2015

### **Building Damage by Count by General Occupancy**

October 09, 2009

	# of Buildings									
	None	Slight	Moderate	Extensive	Complete	Total				
Washington										
Lewis										
Agriculture	4	1	1	0	0	6				
Single Family	4,886	746	163	15	1	5,811				
Commercial	89	25	20	5	0	139				
Other Residential	692	252	243	49	4	1,239				
Government	3	1	1	0	0	5				
Religion	9	2	2	0	0	13				
Education	3	1	1	0	0	5				
Industrial	22	6	6	2	0	35				
Total	5,708	1,033	435	71	5	7,253				
Region Total	5,708	1,033	435	71	5	7,253				

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/states were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region : Centralia Earthquake

Scenario: 7M Cascadia Deep Event 60km

### **Direct Economic Losses For Buildings**

Scenario: 7M Cascadia Deep Event 60km

October 9, 2009

All values are in thousands of dollars

•		Capital St	ock Losses							
	Cost Structural Damage	Cost Non-struct. Damage	Cost Contents Damage	Inventory Loss	Loss Ratio %	Relocation Loss	Capital Related Loss	Wages Losses	Rental Income Loss	Total Loss
Washington Lewis Total	4,527 4,527	13,838 13,838	6,246 6,246	240	1.44	3,981	2,176 <b>2,176</b>	2,836 <b>2,836</b>	2,184	36,028 36,028
Region Total	4,527	13,838	6,246	240	1.44	3,981	2,176	2,836	2,184	36,028

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/states were selected at the time of study region creation.

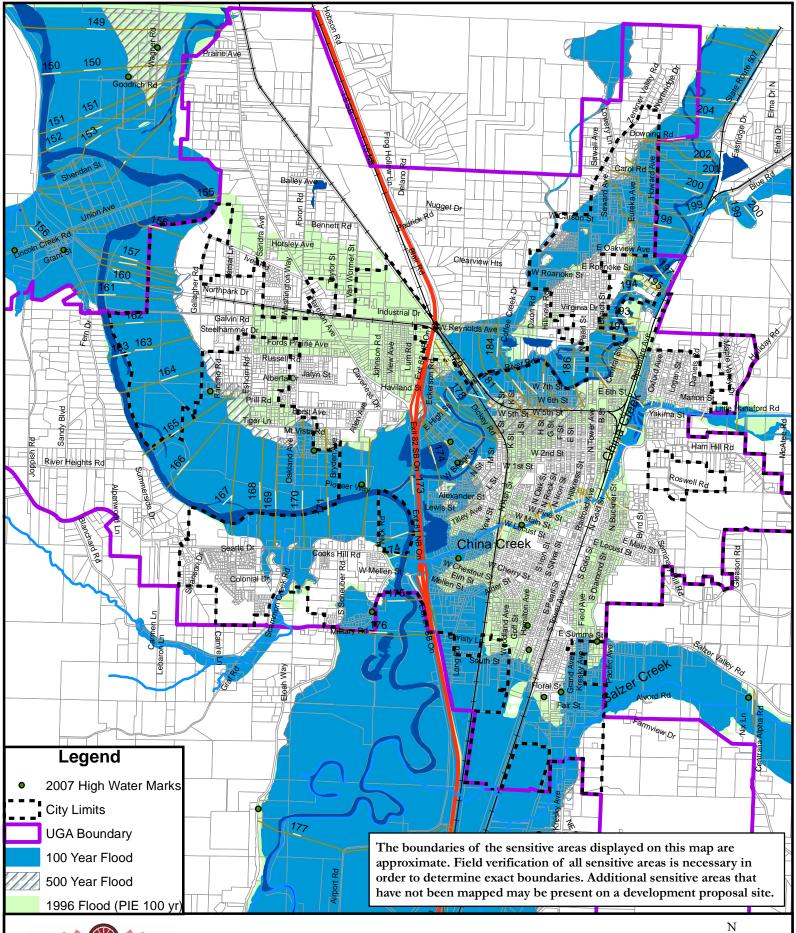
Study Region : Centralia Earthquake

## **Shelter Summary Report**

October 09, 2009

	# of Displaced	# of People Needing
	Households	Short Term Shelter
Washington		
Lewis	26	19
Total	26	19
Region Total	26	19

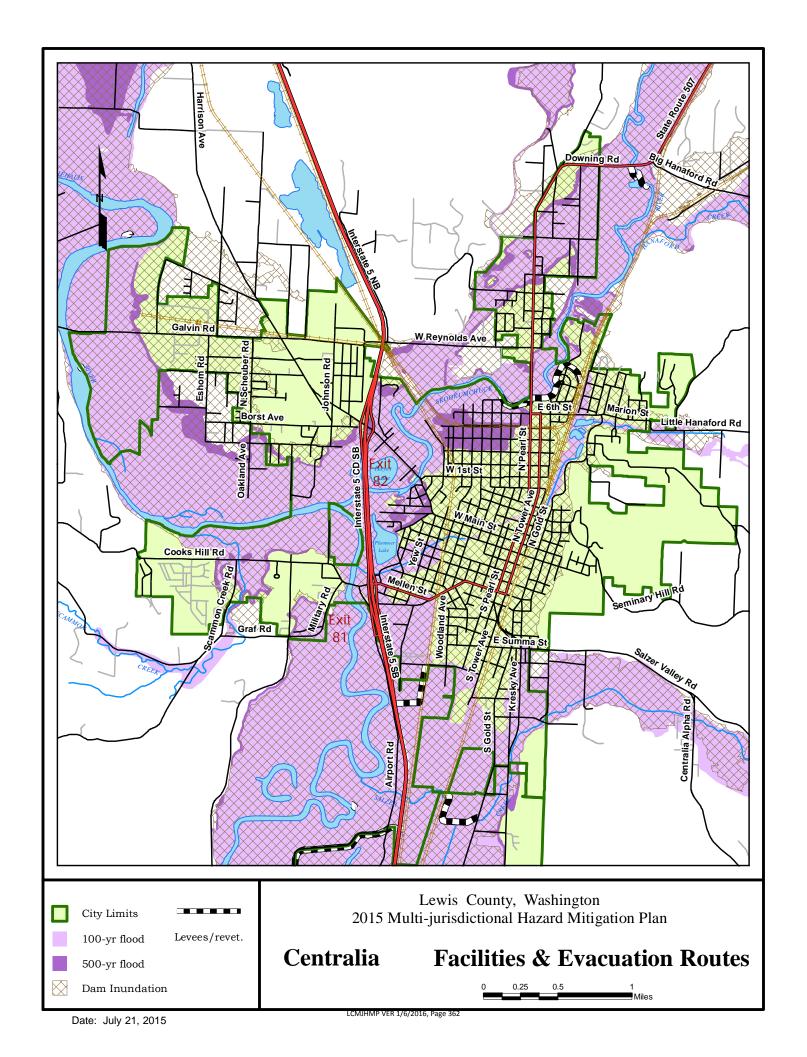
Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/states were selected at the time of study region creation.





# Centralia Floodplain Map





#### **Building Damage Count by General Occupancy**

October 09, 2009

	Count of Buildings (#) by Range of Damage (%)							
	None	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	Substantial	Total
Washington								
Lewis								
Agriculture	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
Commercial	1	0	10	1	0	1	3	16
Education	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Government	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Industrial	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	3
Religion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Residential	498	0	87	372	77	135	77	1,246
Total	501	0	98	373	79	136	81	1,268
Total	501	0	98	373	79	136	81	1,268
Scenario Total	501	0	98	373	79	136	81	1,268

#### Special Notice Regarding Building Count:

Unlike the earthquake and hurricane models, the flood model performs its analysis at the census block level. This means that the analysis starts with a small number of buildings within each census block and applies a series of distributions necessary for analyzing the potential damage. The application of these distributions and the small number of buildings make the flood model more sensitive to rounding errors that introduces uncertainty into the building count results. Please use these results with suitable caution.

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Centralia Flood

Scenario: 100-Year with 2007 data

Return Period: Mix0

Page : 1 of 1

### **Direct Economic Losses for Buildings**

October 09, 2009

All values are in thousands of dollars

	Capital Stock Losses				Income Losses				
	Cost Building Damage	Cost Contents Damage	Inventory Loss	Building Loss Ratio %	Relocation Loss	Capital Related Loss	Wages Losses	Rental Income Loss	Total Loss
Washington									
Lewis	66,704	99,020	1,468	12.1	232	333	670	120	169,860
Total	66,704	99,020	1,468	12.1	232	333	670	120	169,860
Scenario Total	66,704	99,020	1,468	12.1	232	333	670	120	169,860

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Centralia Flood

Scenario: 100-Year with 2007 data

Return Period: Mix0

Page: 1 of 1

## **Shelter Summary Report**

October 09, 2009

	# of Displaced People	# of People Needing Short Term Shelter
Washington		
Lewis	4,971	3,806
Total	4,971	3,806
Scenario Total	4,971	3,806

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Centralia Flood

Scenario: 100-Year with 2007 data

Return Period: Mix0

Page: 1 of 1



HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN POINT OF CONTACT					
Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact				
Dennis Osborn, CDD	Rick Sahlin, Public Works Director				
1321 S Market Blvd.	1321 S Market Blvd.				
Chehalis WA 98532	Chehalis WA 98532				
(360) 345-2227	<u>rsahlin@ci.chehalis.wa.us</u>				
dosborn@ci.chehalis.wa.us					

**Profile:** The City of Chehalis is the second most populated city in Lewis County. The city straddles Interstate 5 at a point almost exactly halfway between Seattle, Washington and Portland, Oregon. The historic downtown and most of the city's amenities lie on the east side of the freeway, nestled at the base of a small range of forested hills. On the west side of the freeway are parks, farms, and a few subdivisions developed in the hills to the west. A small airport is located immediately west of the freeway towards the northern end of the city. The primary development on the west side of the interstate is a large commercial development featuring numerous big box stores, a strip mall and restaurants. From numerous vantage points in the hills just west of town, one can see Mount Rainier, Mount Adams, and Mount St. Helens—weather permitting.

According to the United States Census Bureau, the city has a total area of 5.6 square miles all of it land. The City of Chehalis is characterized by a broad floodplain and low terraces surrounded by upland valleys of low to moderate relief that have broad, rounded ridges. The Chehalis River winds its way through the valley in which the city resides, and is there joined by a tributary, the Newaukum River. Both rivers are prone to flooding during periods of abnormally heavy or persistent rain, and the lowlands from the freeway westward are particularly susceptible to inundation.

	Previous Likely to Occurrence? Experience?		-	Probability			Extent							
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely (100% next yr)	Likely (10- 100% or 1 in 10 yrs)	Possible (1-10% next year or 1/100 yrs)	Unlikely (less than 1% in 100 yrs)	Catastrophic: more than 50% affected	Severe: 25-50% affected	Limited: 0-25% affected	None: 0% affected	Percentage	Rank
Rating Points	20	0	10	0	20	10	6	0	20	10	4	0		
Earthquake	20		10			10			20				60%	1
Flooding	20		10		20					10			60%	1
Volcano	20						6			10			36%	2
Landslide	20						6				4		30%	3
Levee Failure	20						6				4		30%	3
Wind Storm	20						6				4		30%	3
Tsunami									20				20%	4
Hurricane							6			10			16%	5
Winter Storm							6			10			16%	5
Tornado							6			10			16%	5

#### Probability:

Highly Likely: Near 100% probability in the next year.

Likely: Between 10 and 100% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in 10 years.

Possible: Between 1 and 10% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in next 100 years.

Unlikely: Less than 1% probability in next 100 years.

#### Extent of damage is defined as follows:

Catastrophic: More than 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected

Severe: 25 to 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected

Limited: 0 to 25% of the jurisdiction can be affected

None: 0% of the jurisdiction can be affected

#### **Current Hazard Mitigation Codes/Plans/Ordinances**

- Comprehensive Land Use Plan, 2011
- Uniform Development Regulations Title 17 Zoning Ordinance, 2009
- Critical Areas Ordinance, 2009

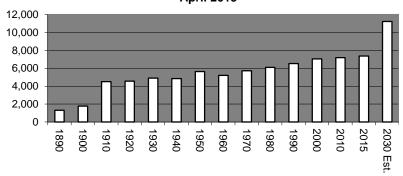


- City of Chehalis Emergency Management Plan
- Lewis County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, 2010
- Development Engineering Standards
- International Building Code (IBC), Adopted 2014
- State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA)

Agency Specific Natural Hazard Event History – 1980 to 2015					
Type of Disaster	FEMA Disaster #	Date	Comments		
Severe Winter Storm and Record and Near Record Snow	DR-1825	3/2/2009	Incident 12/12/2008-1/5/2009		
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides, Flooding	DR-1817	1/30/2009	1/6-/16/2009		
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1734	12/8/2007	Incident 12/1-12/17/2007		
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1682	2/14/2007	Incident 12/14-12/15/2006		
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1671	12/12/2006	Incident 11/2-11/11/2006		
Earthquake	DR-1361	3/1/2001	Incident 2/28-3/16/2001		
Severe Winter Storms/Flooding	DR-1159	1/17/1997	Incident 12/26/1996-2/10/1997		
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-1100	Feb. 9, 1996	Incident 1/26-2/23/1996		
Storms, High Winds, Floods	DR-1079	Jan. 3, 1996	Incident 11/7-Dec 18, 1995		
Severe Storm, High Winds	DR-981	March 4, 1993	Incident 1/20-1/21/1993		
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-784	Dec 15, 1986	Incident 11/22-11/29/1986		
Volcanic Eruption – Mt. St. Helens	DR-623	May 21, 1980			

Demographics					
Population	1990	2000	2010	2015	2030 -Projected
	6,527	7,057	7,185	7,365	11,230

#### Chehalis Population 1890-2015 Office of Financial Management (OFM) April 2015



Quick Facts (US Census)	Chehalis	Washington
Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013	0.1%	3.7%
Persons under 5 years, percent, 2010	6.5%	6.5%
Persons under 18 years, percent definition and source info Persons under 18 years, percent, 2010	24.5%	23.5%
Persons 65 years and over, percent definition and source info Persons 65 years and over, percent, 2010	14.4%	12.3%
High school graduate or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	84.3%	90.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	19.9%	31.9%
Homeownership rate, 2009-2013	47.8%	63.2%
Housing units in multi-unit structures, percent, 2009-2013	33.8%	25.6%
Median value of owner-occupied housing units, 2009-2013	\$179,500	\$262,100
Per capita money income in past 12 months (2013 dollars), 2009-2013	\$20,861	\$30,742
Median household income definition and source info Median household income, 2009-2013	\$35,271	\$59,478
Persons below poverty level, percent definition and source info Persons below poverty level, percent, 2009-2013	15.2%	13.4%

Source: U.S. Census – Quickfacts, Date Accessed: July 12, 2015. Website: quickfacts.census.gov

Land Designations	
Land Area within the existing city limits:	1,714
Land area within urban growth area:	5,102
Total land area within city limits and urban growth area	6,816
Land area of park, forest, and/or open space	1,853



Land area of residential	878
Land area of commercial	1,463
Land area of industrial	377

#### **Current and Anticipated Development and Population Trends**

The City of Chehalis anticipates slow growth, below 2%. Historic development trends for residential construction have been primarily in the Urban Growth Areas south of the existing city limits and east of Jackson Highway. Some infill residential development has occurred within established neighborhoods. The type and age of housing stock varies throughout the city. The central and west-side neighborhoods were established in the 1920's to 1940's. The hillside and southern neighborhoods date from the 1940's. The 'Snively' area was developed through the 1950's and 1960's. A few subdivisions have been approved since the 1970's but large-scale residential development has not occurred since then.

Commercial development occurred around the central business district and expanded outward. Market Blvd. and Main Street have been the focus of the commercial district for many years. The construction of Interstate 5 in the 1950's generated significant commercial development near the three interchanges. Tourist oriented businesses continue to be developed in those locations today. In the 1990's, significant commercial development began west of the freeway around the Chehalis-Centralia airport. Future residential development will continue to occur south of the existing city limits in the vicinity of Jackson Highway. The Chehalis Urban Growth Area abuts the city of Napavine and their commercial areas at Exit 72. Commercial development will continue west of the freeway in the vicinity of the airport. Infill tourist oriented development will occur at all three of the existing freeway interchanges within the city limits, and also around the new interchange at LaBree Road in the southern Chehalis UGA. Redevelopment of existing, aged commercial buildings will continue in established commercial districts. Chehalis has adopted an economic development program called the Renaissance Project. Significant interest has been shown in both redevelopment of the central business district and enhancement of the historic significance of all three Chehalis historic districts.

Infrastructure			
Categories	2008-09	Approximate Value (\$)	
Miles of Street and Roads	50.5	35+M	
Miles of Sanitary Sewer			
Miles of Storm Sewer			
Miles of Water Lines			
Miles of Electrical lines	Lewis County PUD		
Critical Facilities			
Critical Facilities	Address	Approximate Value (\$)	
Station 48 (Fire)	455 NW Park St.	1.5M	
City Hall (Police)	350 N Market Blvd.	2M	
Activity Bldg (EOC)	1321 S Market Blvd.	500000	
Wastewater Facility	425 NW Louisiana Ave.	20M	
Plantation Pump Station	SR 6	10M	
Riverside Pump Station	SW Riverside Ave.	5M	
Prindle Pump Station	SW Prindle St.	5M	
Water Reservoir	305 SE Parkhill Dr.	20M	
Water Intake	Newaukum River	10M	
Water Intake	Chehalis River	10M	
Chamber Wy Bridge	NW Chamber Way	50M	
Main St Overcrossing	W Main / SR 6	30M	
13 <sup>th</sup> St Overcrossing	SW 13 <sup>th</sup> / Rice Rd	30M	
Flood Information			
Percentage of existing city limits within the 100-y	ear flood plain	9%	
Assessor's valuation of private properties within t	he 100-year flood plain		
Critical Facilities within the 100-year	r flood plain		
Facility	Address	Approximate Value (\$)	
Station 48 (Fire)	455 NW Park St.	1.5M	
City Hall (Police)	350 N Market Blvd.	2M	
Activity Bldg (EOC)	1321 S Market Blvd.	500000	



Wastewater Facility	425 NW Louisiana Ave.	20M
Plantation Pump St	SR 6	10M
Riverside Pump Sta	SW Riverside Ave.	5M
Prindle Pump Sta SW Prindle St.		5M
Water Reservoir	305 SE Parkhill Dr.	20M
Water Intake	Newaukum River	10M
Water Intake	Nater Intake Chehalis River	
Chamber Way Bridge	NW Chamber Way	50M
Main St Overcrosng	W Main / SR 6	30M
13 <sup>th</sup> St Overcrossng	SW 13 <sup>th</sup> / Rice Rd	30M
Residential structrs	100yr floodplain	40M
Commercial structrs	100yr floodplain	100M
Street system	100yr floodplain	100M
NFIP/CRS Section		
NFIP/CRS Community		Yes
Community Rating Classification		Class 6
Building Code Effective Grading Schedule		Class 3
NFIP Membership		Yes, 6/7/1974
NFIP Compliance Violations?		None
FEMA Floodplain Maps Adopted		Yes, 7/17/2006
Recently Community Assistant Visit or Community Assi	stance Contact	3/26/2004
Floodplain Administrator	Dennis Osborn, Community Development Director	
Certified Floodplain Manager	No	
Floodplain Ordinance Adoption	Adopted 2009	
StormReady Jurisdiction	No	
Firewise Jurisdiction	No	

Previous Action Plan Implementation			
Mitigation Strategy	Completed 2010-2014	Carried Over to 2015 Plan	Removed or No Longer Feasible
Continue contract with Lewis County to provide statutory emergency services.	Yes (on-going)	Yes	
Operate incident command post during event	Yes (on-going)	Yes	
Continue annual bridge inspections	Yes (on-going)	Yes	
Maintain mapping of critical areas for public information	Yes (on-going)	Yes	
Continue using 'Statement of Restrictions' form for notice to public	Yes (on-going)	Yes	
Continue requiring engineered foundations in critical slope or vicinity of fault line areas	Yes (on-going)	Yes	
Continue using SEPA authority to mitigate identified hazards	Yes (on-going)	Yes	
Continue participation in the Community Rating System (CRS) program	Yes (on-going)	Yes	
Continue applications for Hazard Mitigation Grant funding when available	Yes (on-going)	Yes	
Continue annual levee inspection/maintenance	Yes (on-going)	Yes	
Continue requirements for undergrounding utilities in new subdivisions	Yes (on-going)	Yes	
Continue updates to utility plans (water, wastewater and stormwater systems)	Yes (on-going)	Yes	

#### **Attached Documents**

- Hazard Identification Worksheet
- Asset Inventory
- Compiled detailed inventory of what can be damaged by a hazard event



- Identification of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population that is located in hazard areas
- Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE
- Mitigation Strategies
- Critical Facilities Mitigation Strategies
- Maps

# HAZARD IDENTIFICATION WORKSHEET

Date Completed: June 2015

Which Agency are you representing?	City of Chehalis	
Name:	Title:	
Email:	Telephone #:	
Address:	Citv:	ZIP:

#### For each Hazard, please fill out the table below based on the following questions:

- Previous Occurrence: Is there a historic record of this type of hazard happening here? Yes or No
- Likely to Experience: Are you likely to experience this type of hazard in the future? Yes or No
- **Probability:** Based on history, what is the likelihood of this event happening again? *Highly Likely, Likely, Possible, Unlikely*
- Extent: If this hazard event were to happen, how extensive could the damage be? Catastrophic, Severe, Limited, None

		rious rence?	Like Experi	ly to ience?		Proba	ability			Ex	tent	
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Catastrophic	Severe	Limited	None
Avalanche		Χ		Х				Х			Х	
Coastal Erosion		Χ		Х				Х				Х
Coastal Storm		Х		Χ				Х				Х
Dam Failure		Χ		Χ				Χ			Χ	
Debris Flow		Х		Х			Χ				Χ	
Drought		Χ		Χ			Х				Χ	
Earthquake	Х		Х			Х			Х			
Expansive Soils		Χ		Х			Х				Х	
Extreme Heat		Χ		Х			Х				Х	
Flooding	Х		Х		Х					Х		
Hailstorm		Χ		Х			Х				Х	
Hurricane		Х		Χ			Х			Χ		
Land Subsidence		Χ		Х			Х				Х	
Landslide	Х			Χ			Х				Χ	
Levee Failure	Х			Χ			Х				Χ	
Severe Thunder Storm		Х		Х			Х				Х	
Severe Wind Storm	Х			Х			Х				Х	
Severe Winter Storm		Х		Х			Х			Х		
Tornado		Χ		Х			Х			Х		
Tsunami		Х		Х				Х	Х			
Volcano	Х			Х			Х			Х		
Wildfire		Х		Х			Х				Х	
Other:		_	_	_					_			

Which of the following does your	agency have	? (Circle One)	
Comprehensive Plan	Yes / No / NA	Date completed: 2009	
Critical Areas Ordinance	Yes / No / NA	Date completed: 2009	
Does your agency have an emergency	plan? Y	<mark>es</mark> / No / NA	

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2A	Date Cor	mpleted: June, 2015	
Which Agency are you representing? City of Chehalis			
Name: Dennis Osborn		Title: Community De	velopment Director
Email: dosborn@ci.chehalis.wa.us		Telephone #:	
Address: 1321 S. Market Blvd.	City: Che	halis	ZIP: 98532

Task A: Inventory the critical facilities that can be damaged by a hazard event.

Please fill out the table below.

						St	ruct	ure l	Jse		
Name of Building/Business	Address	Contact Information (Telephone #)	Occupancy #	Educational	Government	Hospital	Non/Profit	Public Safety	Residential	Utilities	Other
ExampleCity Hall	123 Hall Drive	360-123-4567	1234		Χ						
Station 48 (Fire)	455 NW Park St.	(360) 748-3394	6					Х			
City Hall (Police)	350 N Market Blvd.	(360) 748-8605	16		Х			Х			
Activity Bldg (EOC)	1321 S Market Blvd.	(360) 748-0271	0					Χ			
Wastewater Facility	42 NW Louisiana Ave.	(360) 748-0238	10							Х	
Plantation Pump St	SR 6	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	
Riverside Pump Sta	SW Riverside Ave.	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	
Prindle Pump Sta	SW Prindle St.	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	
Water Reservoir	405 SE Parkhill Dr.	(360) 748-0238	2							Х	
Water Intake	Newaukum River	(360) 748-0238	1							Х	
Water Intake	Chehalis River	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	
Chamber Wy Bridge	NW Chamber Way	(360) 748-0238	0								Χ
Main St Ovrcrssing	W Main / SR 6	(360) 748-0238	0								Χ
13 <sup>th</sup> St Ovrcrssing	SW 13 <sup>th</sup> / Rice Rd	(360) 748-0238	0								Χ
Water Utility System	See adopted water system plan	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	
Wastewater Utility System	See adopted water system plan	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	
Stormwater Utility System	See adopted water system plan	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	
Chehalis River Pump Station	540 SW Riverside	(360) 748-0238	0								
Public Works Office		(360) 345-1223	10							Χ	
High Level Pump Station	405 S E Park Hill	(360) 748-0238	0							Χ	
High Level Reservoir	Above McFadden Park	(360) 748-0238	0							Χ	
Valley View Pump Station	285 SE Prospect	(360) 748-0238	0							Χ	
Valley View Reservoir	End of SE Prospect	(360) 748-0238	0							Χ	
Kennicott Reservoir	149-A Kennicott Rd.	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	
Yates Reservoir	133 Yates Rd.	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	
18 <sup>th</sup> St. Pump Station	71 SW 18 <sup>th</sup> St.	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	
South End Pump Station	299-A Jackson Highway	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	
Centralia Alpha Rd.	909 N Fork Rd.	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	
WTRR B	404 Coal Creek Rd.	(360) 748-0238	0							Х	

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET	2B - 2015										Dat	e Com	pleted: June 2015		
Which Agency are you representing	: Ci	ty of Chehalis													
Name: Dennis Osborn									1	Title: Comn	nunity D	evelo	pment Director		
Email:	dosborn	@ci.chehalis.wa.us							7	Γelephone #	<b>!:</b>				
Address:	1321	S. Market Blvd.				С	ity: (	hehali	s			Z	ip: 98532		
Task B: Compile a detailed inven	tory of what ca	an be damaged by	a haz	ard ev	ent.										
Inventory the assets (critical facil event.	ities, businesse	s, historic, cultural	, natu	ral res	source	e area	as and	d areas	s of s	special cons	sideratio	on) th	at can be damaged	by a haz	ard
HAZARDS	1. Avalanche 2. Dam Failure 3. Debris Flow 4. Drought 5. Earthquake 6. Expansive Soils 7. Extreme Heat	8. Flooding 9. Hailstorm 10. Hurricane 11. Land Subsidence 12. Landslide 13. Levee Failure 14. Severe Thunder Storm	16. Se 17. To 18. V	evere V evere V ornado olcano /ildfire	Vinter S					BUILDIN MATERIA	<b>G</b> c. <b>ALS</b> d e	. Masoo . concr . Concr . Brick . Stick Metal	, ,		
Name or description of Asset (building)	Address	Hazard(s) List all that apply (See legend above)	Critical Facility	Transportation	Utility System	Comm. System	Economic Assets	Special consideration	Historic/Other	Size of Building (sq. ft.)	Replacement Value (\$)	Contents Value (\$)	Displacement (\$ per day)	Occupancy or capacity (#)	Structural – building materials
Example – A Building	123 Hall Dr.	5,8,15,18	Х							250,000	2.5 M	1.0 M	5,000	25	d,e
City Hall (Police)	350 N Market Blvd.	5,8	Х							8000	1.5M	3M	5000	10	b
Activity Bldg (EOC)	1321 S Market Blvd.	5,8	Х							9000	2M	1M	1000	90	е
Wastewater Facility	425 NW Louisiana Ave.	5,8	Х							2000	500000	500000	0 100	50	b
Plantation Pump St	SR 6	5,8	Х		Х					50000	20M	10M	5000	50	f
Riverside Pump Station	SW Riverside Ave.	5,8	Х		Х					1000	10M	incl	1000	0	b
Prindle Pump Station	SW Prindle St.	5,8	Х		Х					500	5M	incl	50000	0	b

Water Reservoir	305 SE Parkhill Dr.	5,8	Х		Х			500	5M	incl	50000	0	b
Water Intake	Newaukum River	5,8	Х		Х			40000	20M	incl	100000	3	b
Water Intake	Chehalis River	5,8	Х		Х			1000	10M	incl	50000	0	b
Chamber Way Bridge	NW Chamber Way	5,8	Х		Х			1000	10M	incl	50000	0	b
Main St Over-crossing	W Main / SR 6	5,8	Х	Х				10000	50M	incl	10000	0	b
13 <sup>th</sup> St Overcrossng	SW 13 <sup>th</sup> / Rice Rd	5,8	Х	Х				10000	30M	incl	10000	0	b
Residential structrs	City limits	5,8	Х	Х				10000	30M	incl	10000	0	е
Commercial structrs	City limits	5,8				Χ	Х	3M	300M	1B	1M	7500	е
Street system	City limits	5,8				Χ	Х	5M	500M	1B	1M	500	h
Underground pipes	City limits and UGA	5	Х	Х		Х		25m	500M	incl	100000	0	

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEE	SSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C			
Which Agency are you representing?	City of Chehalis			
Name: Dennis Osborn			Title: Community Develop	oment Director
Email: dosborn@ci.chehalis.wa.us			Telephone #: (360) 345-22	227
Address: 1321 S Market Blvd.			City: Chehalis	ZIP: 98532

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: Flooding

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Num	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	2571	2500	100	100M	100m	100	7365	7365	100
Commercial	150	150	100	500M	500m	100	25000	25000	100
Industrial	50	50	100	20M	20M	100	200	200	100
Agricultural	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Religious/ Non-profit	20	20	100	1M	1M	100	1000	1000	100
Government	20	20	100	3M	3M	100	80	80	100
Education	8	8	100	30M	30M	100	1000	1000	100
Utilities	10	10	100	50M	50M	100	10	10	100
Total	2829	2829	100	704M	704M	100	34665	34665	100

#### Task D. Determine whether (and where) you want to collect additional inventory data. (circle one)

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Z Yes or **No**

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEE	SSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C			
Which Agency are you representing?	City of Chehalis			
Name: Dennis Osborn			Title: Community Develop	oment Director
Email: dosborn@ci.chehalis.wa.us			Telephone #: (360) 345-22	227
Address: 1321 S Market Blvd.			City: Chehalis	ZIP: 98532

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: Earthquake

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Num	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	2571	2500	100	100M	100m	100	7365	7365	100
Commercial	150	150	100	500M	500m	100	25000	25000	100
Industrial	50	50	100	20M	20M	100	200	200	100
Agricultural	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Religious/ Non-profit	20	20	100	1M	1M	100	1000	1000	100
Government	20	20	100	3M	3M	100	80	80	100
Education	8	8	100	30M	30M	100	1000	1000	100
Utilities	10	10	100	50M	50M	100	10	10	100
Total	2829	2829	100	704M	704M	100	34665	34665	100

#### Task D. Determine whether (and where) you want to collect additional inventory data. (circle one)

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages?
   Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? **Yes** or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Z Yes or **No**

# Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE - Worksheet 3A Agency: City of Chehalis

Category Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Hazard Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Social (Yes or No)	Technical (Yes or No)	Administrative (Yes or No)	Political (Yes or No)	Legal (Yes or No)	Economical (Yes or No)	Environmental (Yes or No)	Responsible Department/Agency
Example - Continue to enforce the flood ordinance which is based on NFIP model	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Community Development
Continue contract with Lewis County to provide statutory emergency services.	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Fire Dept
Operate incident command post during event	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Fire Dept
Continue annual bridge inspections	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Public Works Dept
Continue update of critical areas ordinance	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Comm Dev Dept
Adopt new earthquake hazard maps (when available from DNR)	Earthquake	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Comm Dev Dept
Maintain mapping of critical areas for public information	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Comm Dev Dept
Continue using 'Statement of Restrictions' form for notice to public	Flooding	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Comm Dev Dept
Continue requiring engineered foundations in critical slope or vicinity of fault line areas	Earthquake	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Comm Dev Dept
Continue using SEPA authority to mitigate identified hazards	All	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Comm Dev Dept
Continue annual fire inspections of existing business occupancies	All	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Fire Dept
Continue participation in the Community Rating System (CRS) program	Flooding	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Comm Dev Dept
Continue participation in the Chehalis River Basin Flood Authority (the Flood Authority)	Flooding	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Comm Dev Dept
Continue applications for Hazard Mitigation Grant funding when available for vent retrofitting, home elevation, home buyout, and other similar type mitigation projects.	All (primarily flooding)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Comm Dev Dept
Continue annual levee inspection/maintenance	Flooding	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Airport Board
Continue requirements for undergrounding utilities in new subdivisions	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Comm Dev Dept
Relocate Fire station (first responders)	All	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Fire Dept
Continue updates to utility plans (water, wastewater and stormwater systems)	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Public Works Dept
Replace Chamber Way bridge	Earthquake	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Public Works Dept

Date: November 5, 2015

#### Notes

- S: Social The public must support the overall implementation strategy and specific mitigation actions.
- T: Technical It is important to determine if the proposed action is technically feasible, will help reduce losses in the long term, and has minimal secondary impacts.
- A: Administrative Under this part of the evaluation criteria, examine the anticipated staffing, funding, and maintenance requirements for the mitigation action to be implemented.
- P: Political Understanding how your community and State leadership feels about issues related to the environment, economic development, safety, and emergency management.
- L: Legal When considering this criterion, determine whether your agency has the legal authority at the State, or local level to implement the action, or if new laws will need to be passed.
- E: Economic Cost-effective mitigation actions that can be funded in current or upcoming budget cycles are much more likely to be implemented.
- E: Environmental Evaluate whether, when implementing mitigation actions, there would be negative consequences to environmental assets (wetlands, endangered species, protected resources).

# Mitigation Strategies – Worksheet 3B Agency: City of Chehalis

Mitigation Measures		Hazard 2010 Plan Addressed		Mitigation Identification		t-Benefit a ioritization		Implementation				
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	(flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Task in 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task complete d as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 3 = Highest	Priority Rating (Low, Medium, High)	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrati ve Responsibilit y
Administration	Continue contract with Lewis County to provide statutory emergency services.	All	Yes	Yes (on- going)	Property Protection	2	3	Н	On-going	General Fund	1,000 / annual	Fire Dept
Administration	Operate incident command post during event	All	Yes	Yes (on- going)	Property Protection	3	3	Н	On-going	General Fund	varies	Fire Dept
Planning	Continue annual bridge inspections	All	Yes	Yes (on- going)	Damage Prevention	3	2	Н	On-going	General Fund	500 / annual	Public Works
Planning	Continue update of critical areas ordinance	All	Yes	No	Damage Prevention , Public Education	3	1	М	On-going	General Fund, Grants	50,000	Comm Dev
Planning	Adopt new earthquake hazard maps (when available from DNR)	Earthquake	Yes	No	Damage Prevention , Public Education	3	1	М	Unknown	General Fund	included	Comm Dev
Education	Maintain mapping of critical areas for public information	All	Yes	Yes (on- going)	Damage Prevention , Public Education	3	2	Н	On-going	General Fund	included	Comm Dev
Education	Continue using 'Statement of Restrictions' form for notice to public	Flooding	Yes	Yes (on- going)	Damage Prevention , Public Education	3	1	М	On-going	General Fund	included	Comm Dev

Date: June 2015

Administration	Continue requiring engineered foundations in critical slope or vicinity of fault line areas	Earthquake	Yes	Yes (on- going)	Property Protection, Damage Prevention	3	2	Н	On-going	Developer	varies	Comm Dev
Administration	Continue using SEPA authority to mitigate identified hazards	All	Yes	Yes (on- going)	Property Protection, Damage Prevention	3	2	Н	On-going	General Fund	included	Comm Dev
Education	Continue annual fire inspections of existing business occupancies	All	Yes	No	Property Protection, Damage Prevention, Public Education	3	2	Н	2010	General Fund	included	Fire Dept
Administration	Continue participation in the Community Rating System (CRS) program	Flooding	Yes	Yes (on- going)	Property Protection, Damage Prevention	3	2	Н	On-going	General Fund	1,000 / annual	Comm Dev
Planning	Continue participation in the Chehalis River Basin Flood Authority (the Flood Authority)	Flooding	No	N/A	Damage Prevention	3	3	Н	On-going	General Fund	included	Comm Dev
Administration	Continue applications for Hazard Mitigation Grant funding when available for vent retrofitting, home elevation, home buyout, and other similar type mitigation projects.	All - focus on flooding	Yes	Yes (on- going)	Property Protection, Damage Prevention	3	2	Н	After every declaratio n	Grants	included	Comm Dev
Administration	Continue annual levee inspection/mainte nance	Flooding	Yes	Yes (on- going)	Property Protection, Damage Prevention	3	1	М	On-going	Airpor t Board	5,000 / annual	Airport Board
Administration	Continue requirements for undergrounding utilities in new subdivisions	All	Yes	Yes (on- going)	Property Protection, Damage Prevention	3	3	Н	On-going	Developer	included	Comm Dev
Mitigation	Relocate Fire station (first responders)	All	Yes	No	Damage Prevention	1	3	М	Unknown	General Fund / Grants / Loans	4M	Fire Dept

Administration	Continue updates to utility plans (water, wastewater and stormwater systems)	All	Yes	Yes (on- going)	Damage Prevention , Public Education	3	2	Н	On-going	Utility Funds / Grants	50,000	Public Works
Planning	Obtain seismic analysis for water reservoir	Earthquake	Yes	No	Damage Prevention	2	3	Н	Unknown	Utility Funds / Grants	100,000	Public Works
Mitigation	Replace Chamber Way Bridge	Earthquake	Yes	No	Damage Prevention	1	3	Н	Unknown	Arteri al Street / Grants	4M	Public Works

#### Notes

2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task

# **Critical Facilities Mitigation Strategies - Worksheet 3C**

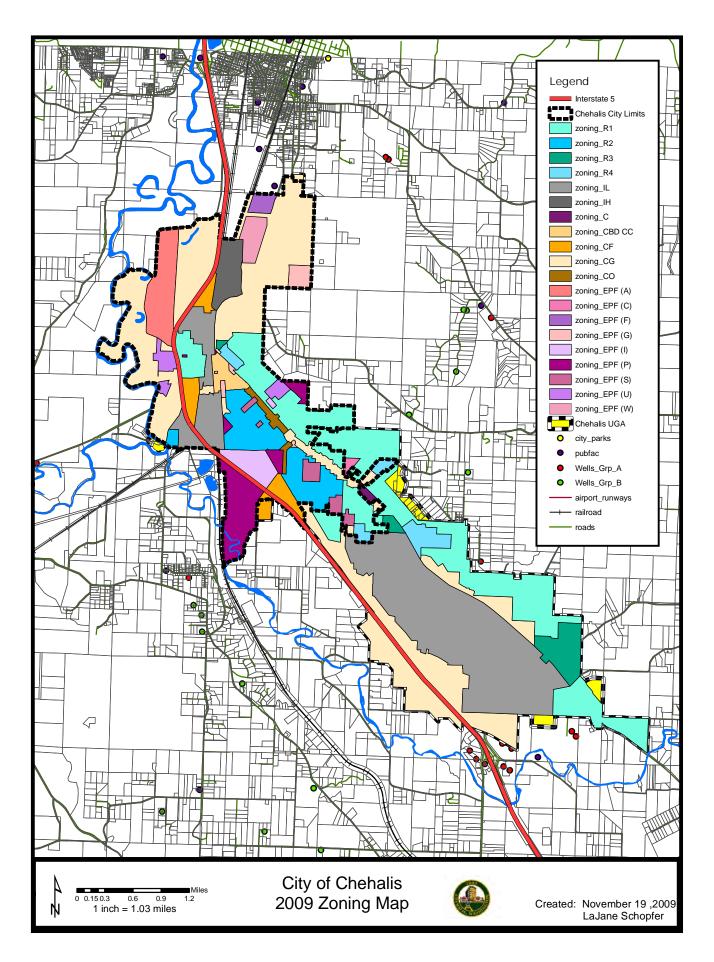
**Agency: City of Chehalis** 

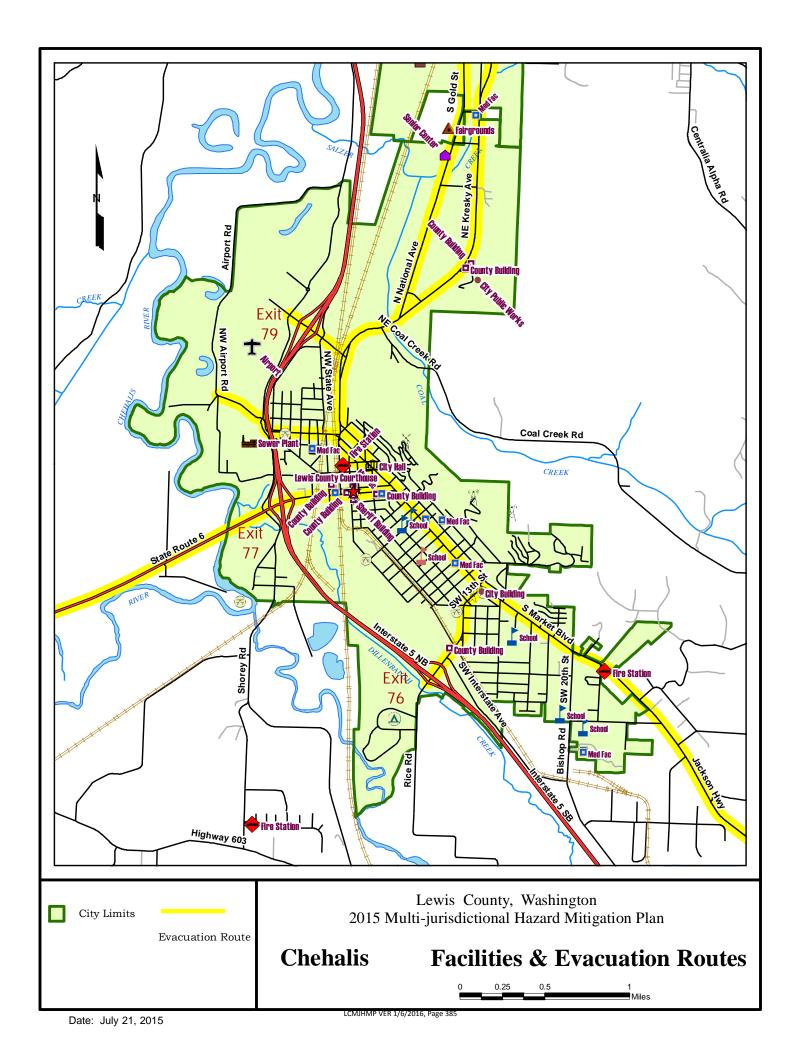
Mitiga	ation Measures	Hazard Addressed			Mitigation Identification		-Benefit ar oritization		Implementation			
Facility Mitigation Stra	Mitigation Strategy	(All, flooding, landslide, earthquake, volcanic, etc)	Task listed in the 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost  1 = Highest  3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 3 - Hinhaet	Priority Rating (Low, Medium,	Timeline (schedule)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
Mitigation	Relocate Fire station (first responders)	All	Yes	No	Damage Prevention	1	3	М	Unknown	General Fund / Grants / Loans	4M	Fire Dept
Planning	Obtain seismic analysis for water reservoir	Earthquake	Yes	No	Damage Prevention	2	3	Н	Unknown	Utility Funds / Grants	100,000	Public Works
Mitigation	Replace Chamber Way Bridge	Earthquake	Yes	No	Damage Prevention	1	3	Н	Unknown	Arterial Street / Grants	4M	Public Works
Netes												

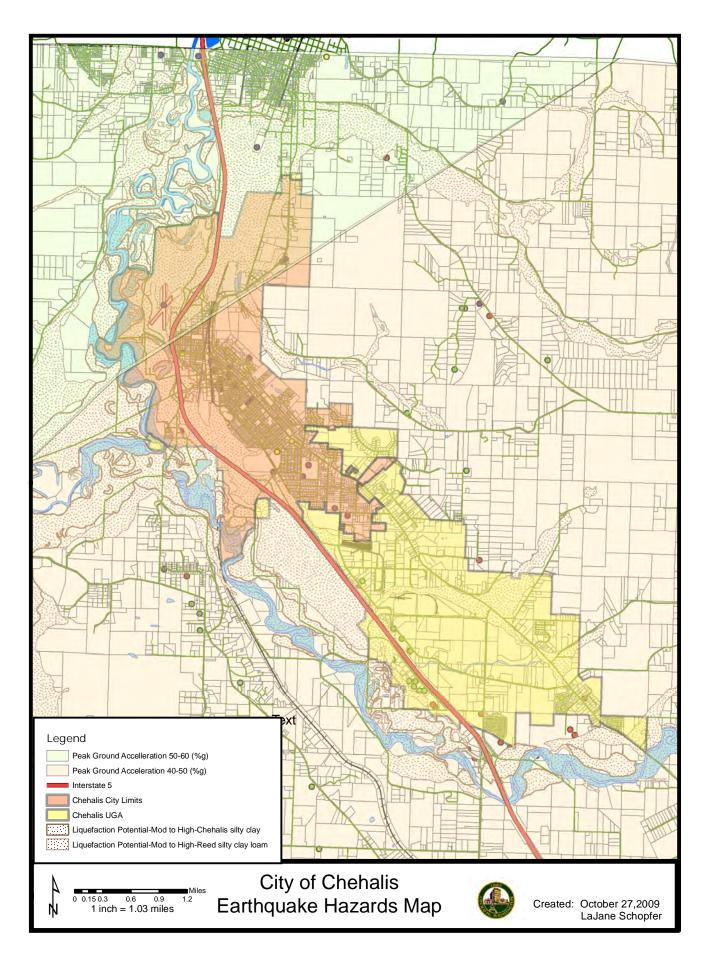
Date: 11/5/2015

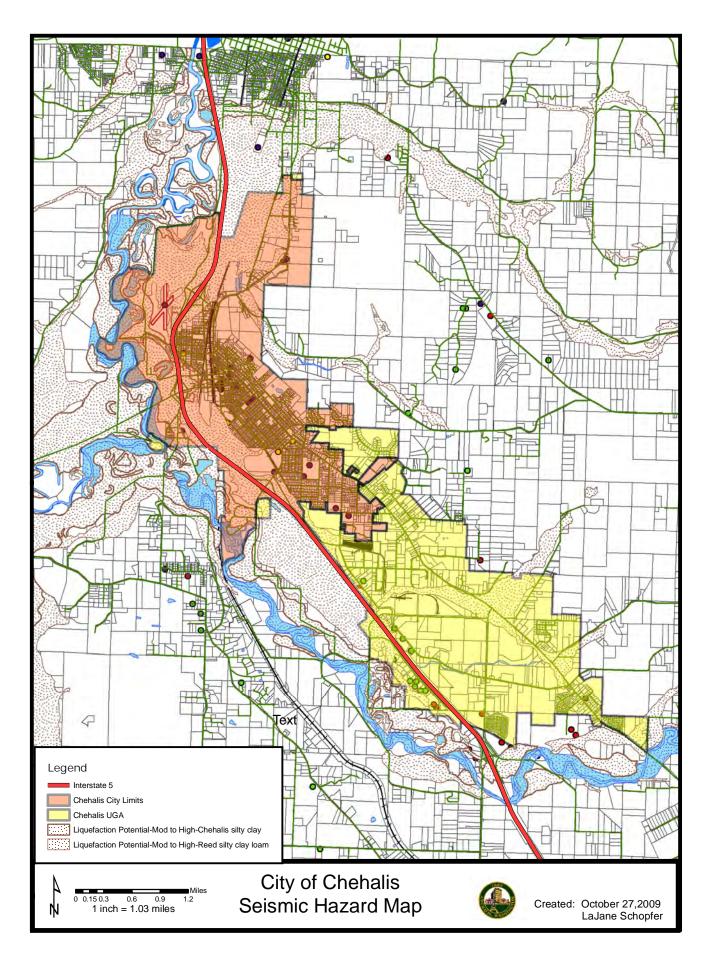
#### Notes

Facility: Critical facility
Mitigation Strategy: description of mitigation or task
2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Timeline: give approximate timeframe of completing this task
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task









### **Building Damage by Count by General Occupancy**

October 09, 2009

	# of Buildings							
	None	Slight	Moderate	Extensive	Complete	Total		
Washington								
Lewis								
Agriculture	2	0	0	0	0	3		
Single Family	1,930	304	68	6	0	2,308		
Commercial	59	17	14	4	0	95		
Other Residential	216	68	61	13	1	359		
Government	6	2	1	0	0	9		
Religion	5	1	1	0	0	7		
Education	3	1	1	0	0	4		
Industrial	15	4	4	1	0	25		
Total	2,235	398	150	25	2	2,810		
Region Total	2,235	398	150	25	2	2,810		

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/states were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region : Chehalis Earthquake

Scenario: 7M Cascadia Deep Event 60km

### **Direct Economic Losses For Buildings**

October 9, 2009

All values are in thousands of dollars

•		Capital St	ock Losses							
	Cost Structural Damage	Cost Non-struct. Damage	Cost Contents Damage	Inventory Loss	Loss Ratio %	Relocation Loss	Capital Related Loss	Wages Losses	Rental Income Loss	Total Loss
Washington  Lewis  Total	2,780 2,780	7,351 <b>7,351</b>	4,091 <b>4,091</b>	207	1.68 1.68	2,808 	1,407 1, <b>407</b>	1,878 <b>1,878</b>	1,514 1,514	22,036 22,036
Region Total	2,780	7,351	4,091	207	1.68	2,808	1,407	1,878	1,514	22,036

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/states were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region :

Scenario:

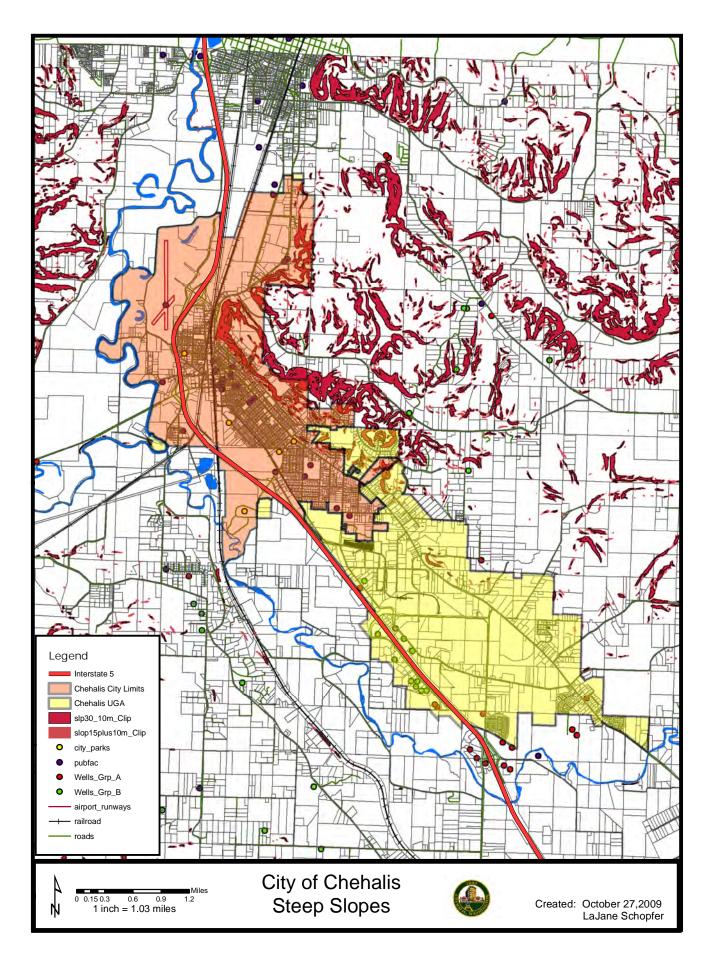
## **Shelter Summary Report**

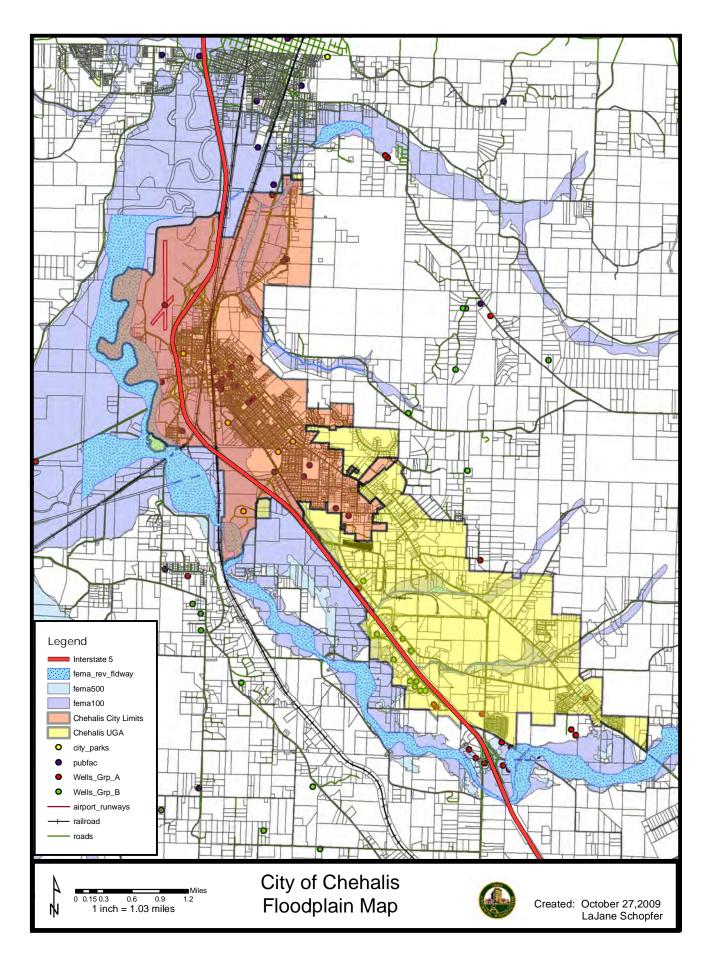
October 09, 2009

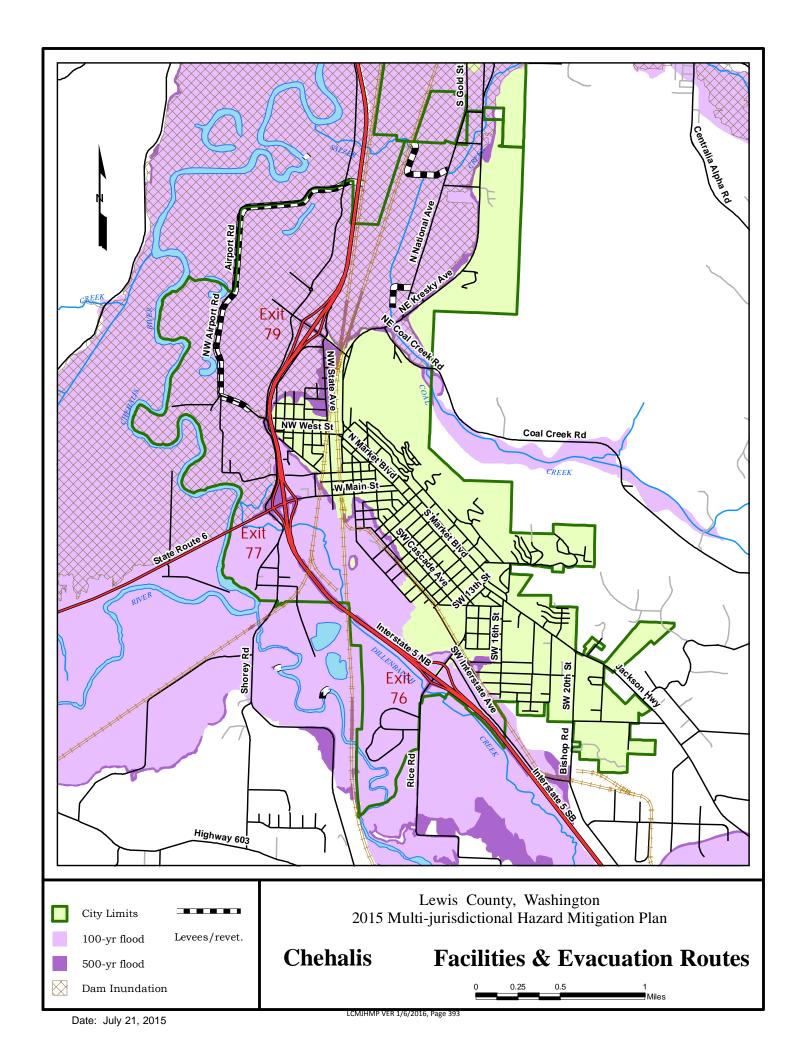
	# of Displaced	# of People Needing	
	Households	Short Term Shelter	
<b>Vashington</b>			
_ewis	14	10	
Total	14	10	
Region Total	14	10	

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/states were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region : Chehalis Earthquake Scenario : 7M Cascadia Deep Event 60km







### **Building Damage Count by General Occupancy**

October 09, 2009

	Count of Buildings (#) by Range of Damage (%)								
	None	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	Substantial	Total	
Washington									
Lewis									
Agriculture	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Commercial	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
Education	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Government	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Religion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Residential	32	0	2	18	5	24	7	88	
Total	32	0	3	18	5	24	7	89	
Total	32	0	3	18	5	24	7	89	
Scenario Total	32	0	3	18	5	24	7	89	

#### Special Notice Regarding Building Count:

Unlike the earthquake and hurricane models, the flood model performs its analysis at the census block level. This means that the analysis starts with a small number of buildings within each census block and applies a series of distributions necessary for analyzing the potential damage. The application of these distributions and the small number of buildings make the flood model more sensitive to rounding errors that introduces uncertainty into the building count results. Please use these results with suitable caution.

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Chehalis Flood

Scenario: 100-Year with 2007 data

Return Period: Mix0

Page: 1 of 1

## **Direct Economic Losses for Buildings**

October 09, 2009

All values are in thousands of dollars

	Сар	ital Stock Losse	es		Income Losses				
	Cost Building Damage	Cost Contents Damage	Inventory Loss	Building Loss Ratio %	Relocation Loss	Capital Related Loss	Wages Losses	Rental Income Loss	Total Loss
Washington Lewis	21,862	44,557	2,338	13.9	88	144	271	51	69,887
Total	21,862	44,557	2,338	13.9	88	144	271	51	69,887
Scenario Total	21,862	44,557	2,338	13.9	88	144	271	51	69,887

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Chehalis Flood

Scenario: 100-Year with 2007 data

Return Period: Mix0

Page: 1 of 1

### **Shelter Summary Report**

October 09, 2009

	# of Displaced People	# of People Needing Short Term Shelter
Washington		
Lewis	519	368
Total	519	368
Scenario Total	519	368

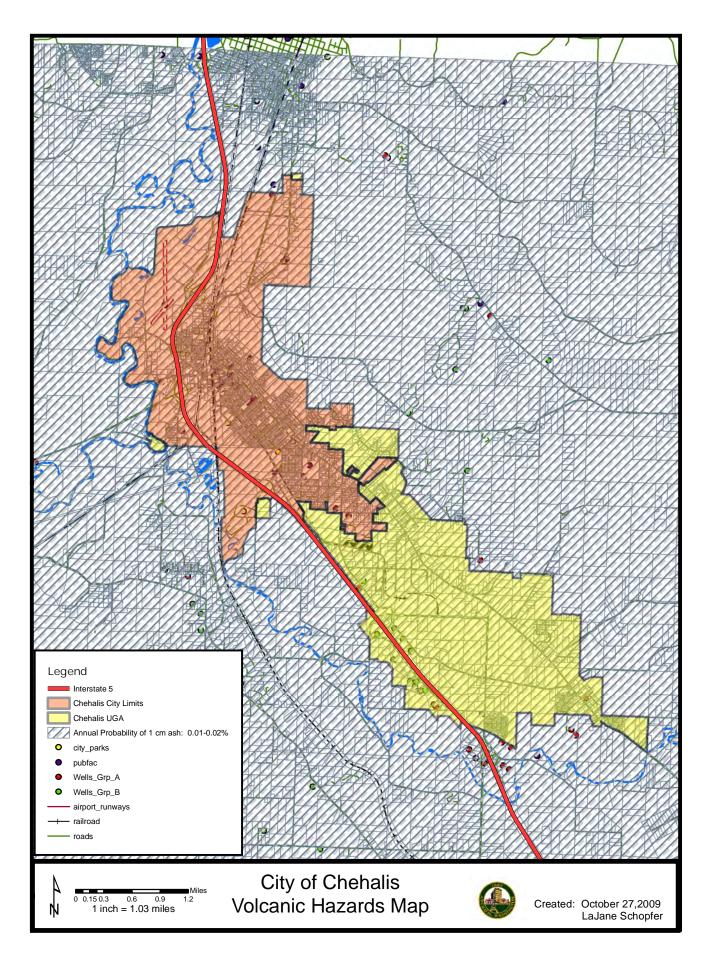
Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Chehalis Flood

Scenario: 100-Year with 2007 data

Return Period: Mix0

Page: 1 of 1



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## JURISDICTION City of Morton

HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN POINT OF CONT	TACT
Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact
Keith Cournyer, Public Works Superintendent	
PO Box 1089	
Morton WA 98356	
(360) 496-5210	
dpowell@visitmorton.com	

**Profile:** Morton is located 31 miles west of Interstate 5 on U.S. 12. Washington state routes 508 and 7 join with U.S. 12 in According to the United States Census Bureau, the city has a total area of 1.0 square miles, all of it land. Morton is nestled in a valley between Mt. Rainier National Park and Mt. St. Helens National Volcanic Monument at the junction of Washington SR 7 (National Park Highway) and US Highway 12, a Washington Scenic byway.

The Tilton River winds its way through the valley in which the city resides, and is there joined by tributaries, Lake Creek and Highland Creek. The City is prone to flooding during periods of abnormally heavy or persistent rain, and the lowlands from the freeway westward are particularly susceptible to inundation. Bellicum Peak, Bergen Mountain, Johnson Mountain and Cottlers Rock are major land features that surround Morton.

**Ranking of Identified Hazards** 

	Previou Occurren		Likel Exper e	rienc		Proba	ability			Extent				
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	N o	Highl y Likely (100 % next yr)	Likely (10- 100% or 1 in 10 yrs)	Possibl e (1- 10% next year or 1/100 yrs)	Unlikel y (less than 1% in 100 yrs)	Catastrophic: more than 50% affected	Severe: 25-50% affected	Limite d: 0- 25% affecte d	None: 0% affected	Percent %	Rank
Rating Points	20	0	10	0	20	10	6	0	20	10	4	0		
Winter Storm	20		10		20					10			60%	1
Volcano	20		10			10			20				60%	1
Earthqua ke	20					10			20				50%	2
Flooding	20		10			10				10			50%	2
Landslide	20		10			10					4		44%	3
Debris Flow	20		10				6				4		40%	4
Wind Storm			10				6			10	4		30%	5
Wildfire			10				6			10	4		30%	5
Hailstor m			10				6				4		20%	6
Thunder Storm			10				6				4		20%	6

#### Probability:

Highly Likely: Near 100% probability in the next year.

Likely: Between 10 and 100% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in 10 years.

Possible: Between 1 and 10% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in next 100 years.

Unlikely: Less than 1% probability in next 100 years.

### Extent of damage is defined as follows:

Catastrophic: More than 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected

Severe: 25 to 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected Limited: 0 to 25% of the jurisdiction can be affected

None: 0% of the jurisdiction can be affected

### **Current Hazard Mitigation Codes/Plans/Ordinances**

- Lewis County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan adopted June 2010.
- City of Morton Comprehensive Land Use Plan, 1992/Amended 2005
- City of Morton Critical Areas Ordinance, 1992/Amended 2005
- City of Morton Emergency Management Plan, 1999
- Zoning Ordinance



# JURISDICTION <u>City of Morton</u>

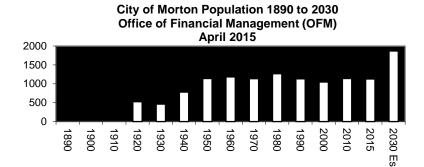
- State Environmental Policy Act
- Shoreline Management Master Program

Agency Specific Natural Hazard Event History – 1980 to 2015							
Type of Disaster	FEMA Disaster	Date	Comments				
	#						
Severe Winter Storm and Record and Near Record Snow	DR-1825	3/2/2009	Incident 12/12/2008-1/5/2009				
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides, Flooding	DR-1817	1/30/2009	1/6-/16/2009				
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1734	12/8/2007	Incident 12/1-12/17/2007				
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1682	2/14/2007	Incident 12/14-12/15/2006				
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1671	12/12/2006	Incident 11/2-11/11/2006				
Earthquake	DR-1361	3/1/2001	Incident 2/28-3/16/2001				
Severe Winter Storms/Flooding	DR-1159	1/17/1997	Incident 12/26/1996-2/10/1997				
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-1100	Feb. 9, 1996	Incident 1/26-2/23/1996				
Storms, High Winds, Floods	DR-1079	Jan. 3, 1996	Incident 11/7-Dec 18, 1995				
Severe Storm, High Winds	DR-981	March 4, 1993	Incident 1/20-1/21/1993				
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-784	Dec 15, 1986	Incident 11/22-11/29/1986				
Volcanic Eruption – Mt. St. Helens	DR-623	May 21, 1980					

**Demographics** 

Land area of industrial

Population	1990	2000	2010	2015	2030 -Projected
Population	1,130	1,045	1,140	1,125	1,869



Quick Facts (US Census)	Morton	Washington				
Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013		3.7%				
Persons under 5 years, percent, 2010	21.1%	6.5%				
Persons under 18 years, percent definition and source info Persons under 18 years, percent, 2010	45.0%	23.5%				
Persons 65 years and over, percent definition and source info Persons 65 years and over, percent, 2010	9.6%	12.3%				
High school graduate or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	85%	90.0%				
Bachelor's degree or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	15.4%	31.9%				
Homeownership rate, 2009-2013	66.9%	63.2%				
Housing units in multi-unit structures, percent, 2009-2013	33.1%	25.6%				
Median value of owner-occupied housing units, 2009-2013	\$141,700	\$262,100				
Per capita money income in past 12 months (2013 dollars), 2009-2013	\$23,357	\$30,742				
Median household income definition and source info Median household income, 2009-2013	\$36,184	\$59,478				
Persons below poverty level, percent definition and source info Persons below poverty level, percent, 2009-2013	14.2%	13.4%				
Source U.S. Consus. Data Assessed July 12, 2015. Website http://featfinder.consus.gov/feacs/tableconsiscs/inflance/large/untilousyhtml?cre.html						

Source: U.S. Census - Date Accessed: July 12, 2015. Website: http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?src=bkmk

Land Designations	
Land Area within the existing city limits:	486
Land area within urban growth area:	933
Total land area within city limits and urban growth area	1557
Land area of park, forest, and/or open space	501
Land area of residential	406
Land area of commercial	56

56

### **Current and Anticipated Development and Population Trends**



## JURISDICTION City of Morton

The City of Morton anticipates slow growth (under 2%) to no growth will continue into the future. The existing City of Morton limits contain 486 acres. The City provides a base of operation for services critical to Eastern Lewis County, supporting the Morton Elementary School, Junior High and High School, Centralia College East, County Center and Employment Security. The community is mostly residential with 262 households. Morton contains a commercial business district consisting of Main Street and State Route 7.

Tourism is a growing industry in Morton with a number of new restaurants along US 12. Recent residential growth has taken place along SR 508 north and west of the city. Of current vacant industrial lands, only two parcels were large enough to serve as anything more than as cottage industry. Likewise 36 acres of land designated vacant commercial has had improvements.

Infrastructure			
Categories	2014		Approximate Value (\$)
Miles of Street and Roads	6.83		6,881,000
Miles of Sanitary Sewer	8 miles		
Miles of Storm Sewer	4 mile		
Miles of water lines	10 mile		
Miles of Electrical lines	N/A- provided by	LCPUD	
	Critical I	Facilities	
Facility	Address		Approximate Value (\$)
Fire Department	105 Third Stre	eet	\$386,000
Water Treatment Plant	117 Klasey R	ld.	4.1 M
WW Treatment Plant	200 Sewer Plan	nt Rd.	3.4 M
Water Reservoir #1	135 Longmire I	Lane	\$661,000
Water Reservoir #2	O'Neil Road	d	\$225,000
Public Works Equipment Yard	551 Westlake	Ave.	\$238,000
Water Intake	Connelly Cre	ek	\$250,000
Morton Airport	809 Airport W	Vay	\$102,500
Flood Information	400 conflored data		
Percentage of existing city limits within the			
Assessor's valuation of private properties v			
Critical Facilities within the 100			A
Facility	Address		Approximate Value (\$)
Water treatment plant	117 Klasey Ro		4.1 M
WWTP	200 Sewer Plant		2 4 4 4
			3.4 M
	Connelly Cre		3.4 M \$250,000
Gus Backstorm City Park	750 Main		\$250,000
Gus Backstorm City Park Bob Lyle Community Center	750 Main 700 Main	ek	\$250,000 1.5 M
Gus Backstorm City Park Bob Lyle Community Center Old Settlers Museum	750 Main	ek	\$250,000
Gus Backstorm City Park Bob Lyle Community Center	750 Main 700 Main	ek	\$250,000 1.5 M
Gus Backstorm City Park  Bob Lyle Community Center  Old Settlers Museum  NFIP/CRS Section	750 Main 700 Main	ek	\$250,000 1.5 M
Gus Backstorm City Park  Bob Lyle Community Center  Old Settlers Museum  NFIP/CRS Section  NFIP/CRS Community	750 Main 700 Main	ek	\$250,000 1.5 M \$150,000
Gus Backstorm City Park  Bob Lyle Community Center  Old Settlers Museum  NFIP/CRS Section  NFIP/CRS Community  Floodplain Administrator	750 Main 700 Main	ek	\$250,000 1.5 M \$150,000
Gus Backstorm City Park  Bob Lyle Community Center  Old Settlers Museum  NFIP/CRS Section  NFIP/CRS Community  Floodplain Administrator  Certified Floodplain Manager	750 Main 700 Main	ek	\$250,000 1.5 M \$150,000 No
Gus Backstorm City Park  Bob Lyle Community Center  Old Settlers Museum  NFIP/CRS Section  NFIP/CRS Community  Floodplain Administrator  Certified Floodplain Manager  Floodplain Ordinance Adoption	750 Main 700 Main 750 Main Av	ek	\$250,000 1.5 M \$150,000 No None None
Water Intake Gus Backstorm City Park Bob Lyle Community Center Old Settlers Museum NFIP/CRS Section NFIP/CRS Community Floodplain Administrator Certified Floodplain Manager Floodplain Ordinance Adoption Recently community Assistant Visit or Com NFIP Compliance Violations?	750 Main 700 Main 750 Main Av	ek	\$250,000  1.5 M \$150,000  No None None None I Areas Ordinance, 1992/Amended 2005
Gus Backstorm City Park  Bob Lyle Community Center  Old Settlers Museum  NFIP/CRS Section  NFIP/CRS Community  Floodplain Administrator  Certified Floodplain Manager  Floodplain Ordinance Adoption  Recently community Assistant Visit or Com  NFIP Compliance Violations?	750 Main 700 Main 750 Main Av	ek ve Critica	\$250,000  1.5 M \$150,000  No None None I Areas Ordinance, 1992/Amended 2005 N/A
Gus Backstorm City Park  Bob Lyle Community Center  Old Settlers Museum  NFIP/CRS Section  NFIP/CRS Community  Floodplain Administrator  Certified Floodplain Manager  Floodplain Ordinance Adoption  Recently community Assistant Visit or Com	750 Main 700 Main 750 Main Av	ek ve Critica	\$250,000  1.5 M \$150,000  No None None I Areas Ordinance, 1992/Amended 2005 N/A N/A



# JURISDICTION <u>City of Morton</u>

StormReady Community	No
Firewise Community	No

The Mise Seminaries			
Previous Action Plan Implementation			
Mitigation Strategy	Complete d 2010- 2014	Carried Over to 2015 Plan	Removed or No Longer Feasible (updated 10/23/2015)
Continue to enforce the flood ordinance & update as needed	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Train Planning Commission, Elected Officials and staff when sessions are available	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Make information available to the public	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Contract with Lewis County for emergency services	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Upgrade Radio Communications	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Operate Incident Command Post in time of emergency	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Continuing Education	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Continue to require water & sewer locates for new developments, new construction and	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Continue inspections of manholes and storm drain facilities	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Continue routine maintenance & repairs/replacement of backup generators & inspections of	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Keep ditches clean and infringing trees removed from Water and Wastewater treatment plant, reservoirs and water intake	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Routinely do structural assessments of all critical utility facilities	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Continue to require water & sewer locates for new developments, new construction and other utility pole or underground placement	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Continue inspections of manholes and storm drain facilities	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Continue routine maintenance & repairs/replacement of backup generators & inspections of	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Keep ditches clean and infringing trees removed from Water and Wastewater treatment plants, reservoirs and water intake	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
Routinely do structural assessments of all critical utility facilities	Yes	Yes	Ongoing
WWTP, Water Reservoir, Fire Department, City Hall, Police Station: Assess buildings for structural integrity to determine strength in withstanding an earthquake, volcanic ash	Yes	No	Completed
WWTP: Culvert cleanout, storm drain and outfall line inspection as protection from flooding.	Yes	Yes - ongoing	Ongoing
WWTP: Replacement of backup generator.	Yes	No	No funding
Fire Department: Routine maintenance on backup generator.	Yes	Yes. Ongoing	Fire District responsibility
Fire Department: Dependable Water supply	Yes	Yes.	Fire District responsibility
City Hall/Police Station: Purchase of backup power supply	Yes		No funding
City Hall/Police Station: Upgrade radio communications, training, office protective measures.	Yes	Yes. Ongoing	Ongoing
Water Reservoir: Removal of surrounding trees	Yes	Yes & ongoing	Ongoing
Water System Intake: Install Chemical additive pumps at City's back-up emergency well.	Yes	No	No funding
Water System Intake: Routine maintenance on structure.	Yes	No	No funding
Water System Intake: Roads graded and ditches cleaned. Bridge is a more recent concern	Yes	Yes & ongoing	Ongoing

### **Attached Documents:**

- Land Use Map
- Public Facilities Map
- Hazard Identification Worksheet(s)
- Mitigation Strategies Worksheet(s)
- Steep Slopes and Liquefaction Map
- Flood Hazard Map
- HAZUS-MH: Flood Results

### HAZARD IDENTIFICATION WORKSHEET

Date Completed:

Which Agency are you representing? City of Morton

Name: James GErwigTitle: MayorEmail: mayor@visitmorton.comTelephone #: (360) 496-8496Address: PO Box 1089City: MortonZIP: 98356

### For each Hazard, please fill out the table below based on the following questions:

- Previous Occurrence: Is there a historic record of this type of hazard happening here? Yes or No
- Likely to Experience: Are you likely to experience this type of hazard in the future? Yes or No
- **Probability:** Based on history, what is the likelihood of this event happening again? *Highly Likely, Likely, Possible, Unlikely*
- Extent: If this hazard event were to happen, how extensive could the damage be? Catastrophic, Severe, Limited, None

	Prev Occuri	rious rence?	Like Experi	ly to ience?		Proba	ability			Ex	tent	
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Catastrophic	Severe	Limited	None
Avalanche		Х		Х			Х	Х		Х		Х
Coastal Erosion		Х		Х				Х				Х
Coastal Storm		Х		Х				Х				Х
Dam Failure		Χ		Х				Х				Х
Debris Flow	Χ		Χ				X				X	
Drought		Χ		Χ				X			X	
Earthquake	Χ					Χ			Χ			
Expansive Soils		Χ		Χ				X				Χ
Extreme Heat												
Flooding	Χ		Χ			Χ				Χ		
Hailstorm		Χ	Χ				X				X	
Hurricane		Χ		Χ				Χ				Χ
Land Subsidence		Χ		Χ				Χ				Χ
Landslide	Х		Χ			Х					X	
Levee Failure		Χ		X				Х				Х
Severe Thunder Storm		Χ	Х				Х				Х	
Severe Wind Storm		Χ	Χ				Х			Х	Х	
Severe Winter Storm	Х		Χ		Х					Х		
Tornado		Х		Х				Х			Х	
Tsunami		Χ		Χ				Х				Χ
Volcano	Х		Х			Х			Х			
Wildfire		Χ	Х				X			Х	X	
Other:												

Which of the following does you	agency have? (Circle One)	
Comprehensive Plan	Yes)/ No / NA Date completed: 1998/A	mended 2005
Critical Areas Ordinance	Yes)/ No / NA Date completed: 1998/A	mended 2005
Does your agency have an emergency	olan? (Yes)/ No / NA 1999	

ASSET INVENTORY W	ORKSHEET 2B - 2015										Date Co	omplete	ed: 4/9/2015	j	
Which Agency are you	representing: City of N	lorton									l				
Name: Keith Cournye	r									Title: Public	Works Superio	ntender	nt		
Email: mortonwater	rtx@gmail.com									Telephone #	: (360) 496-52	10			
Address: PO Box 10	89					С	ity: Mo	orton	I.			7	Zip: 98356		
•	tailed inventory of wha (critical facilities, busine	_	-				areas a	and ar	eas of	special con	sideration) th	at can I	be damaged	d by a ha	azard
1. Avalan 2. Dam F 3. Debris HAZARDS 4. Drougl 5. Earthq 6. Expans 7. Extrem	ailure       9. Hailst         Flow       10. Hurr         ht       11. Land         juake       12. Land         sive Soils       13. Leve	orm icane I Subsidence	16. S 17. T 18. V							BUILDING MATERIAI	LS	a. Maso b. concr c. Concr d. Brick e. Stick f. Metal	rete h. A rete Block	Steel Asphalt	
Name or description of Asset (building)	Address	Hazard(s) List all that apply (See legend above)	Critical Facility	Transportation	Utility System	Comm. System	Economic Assets	Special consideration	Historic/Other	Size of Building (sq. ft.)	Replacement Value (\$)	Contents Value (\$)	Displacement (\$ per day)	Occupancy or capacity (#)	Structural – building materials
Example – A Building	123 Hall Dr.	5,8,15,18	Х							250,000	2.5 M	1.0 N	M 5,000	25	d,e
Public works shed	551 Westlake Ave.	5, 16, 18, 12													
Water Intake	Connelly Creek	5, 16, 8, 3, 18, 12													
Gus Backstrom City Park	750 Main Ave.	5, 16, 8, 3, 18													
Bob Lyle Community Center	700 Main Ave.	5, 16, 8, 3, 18													
Jubilee Park/Arena	451 Knittles Way	5, 16, 18, 19													
Morton Airport	809 Airport Way	5, 8, 15, 16, 19													
Old Settlers Museum	750 Main Ave.	5, 8, 15, 16													

ASSET INVENTORY W	VORKSHEET 2B - 2015										Date Co	mpleted	l: 4/9/2015		
Which Agency are you	representing: City of N	/lorton									I				
Name: Keith Cournye	r									Title: Public \	Works Superin	ntendent	:		
Email: mortonwate	rtx@gmail.com									Telephone #:	(360) 496-52	10			
Address: PO Box 10	089					С	ity: Mo	orton				Zip	p: 98356		
•	stailed inventory of what (critical facilities, busine	•	•				areas a	and ar	eas of	f special consi	deration) tha	at can be	e damagec	l by a ha	azard
1. Avalar 2. Dam F 3. Debris 4. Droug 5. Eartho 6. Expan 7. Extren	Failure 9. Hails 10. Hur 10. Hur 11. Lan quake 12. Lan sive Soils 13. Lev	torm ricane d Subsidence	16. S 17. T 18. V							BUILDING MATERIALS	;	a. Masonr b. concret c. Concret d. Brick e. Stick f. Metal	te h. A	iteel sphalt	
Name or description of Asset (building)	Address	Hazard(s)  List all that apply (See legend above)	Critical Facility	Transportation	Utility System	Comm. System	Economic Assets	Special consideration	Historic/Other	Size of Building (sq. ft.)	Replacement Value (\$)	Contents Value (\$)	Displacement (\$ per day)	Occupancy or capacity (#)	Structural – building materials
Old Settlers Museum	750 Main Ave.	5, 8, 15, 16													
Main Ave. Lift Station	781 Main Ave.	3, 5, 8, 15, 16, 19													
Heritage Lift Station	Endof W Main Ave.	3, 5, 8, 15, 16, 19													
Water Dist. System		5, 8, 12, 18													
Sewer Collection System		3, 5, 8, 12, 16, 18													
Storm Collection System		3, 5, 8, 12, 16, 18													
City Hall Police Dept.	250 Main Ave.	5, 16, 18													

ASSET INVENTORY W	ORKSHEET 2B - 2015				-						Date C	Complete	ed: 4/9/2015	,	
Which Agency are you	representing: City of N	<b>Morton</b>									<u>l</u>				
Name: Keith Cournyer	•									Title: Public \	Works Super	intende	nt		
Email: mortonwater	tx@gmail.com									Telephone #:	(360) 496-52	210			
Address: PO Box 108	89					С	ity: Mo	orton					Zip: 98356		
•	tailed inventory of what critical facilities, busine	•	•				areas a	and ar	eas of	f special consi	deration) th	nat can	be damage	d by a ha	azard
1. Avalan 2. Dam Fa 3. Debris 4. Drough 5. Earthqi 6. Expans 7. Extrem	hilure 9. Hails Flow 10. Hur ht 11. Lan uake 12. Lan ive Soils 13. Lev	torm ricane d Subsidence	16. S 17. T 18. V							BUILDING MATERIALS	<b>;</b>	a. Maso b. concr c. Concr d. Brick e. Stick f. Metal	rete h. /	Steel Asphalt	
Name or description of Asset (building)	Address	Hazard(s)  List all that apply (See legend above)	Critical Facility	Transportation	Utility System	Comm. System	Economic Assets	Special consideration	Historic/Other	Size of Building (sq. ft.)	Replacement Value (\$)	Contents Value (\$)	Displacement (\$ per day)	Occupancy or capacity (#)	Structural – building materials
Fire Hall	105 3 <sup>rd</sup> St.	5, 16, 18													
Water Treatment Plant	117 Klasey Rd.	5, 16, 8, 3, 18, 12													
Wastewater Treatment Plant	200 Sewer Plant Rd.	5, 16, 8, 3, 18, 12													
Water Reservoir #1	135 Longmire Ln.	5, 16, 18, 12													
Water Reservoir #2	701 O'Neil Rd.	5, 16, 18, 12													

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEE	T 2C	Date Comp	eleted: 4/9/2015	
Which Agency are you representing?	City of Morton			
Name: James Gerwig		Title	: Mayor	
Email: mayor@visitmorton.com		Tele	phone #: (360) 496-8	496
Address: PO Box 1089		City:	: Morton	ZIP: 98356

Hazard: VOLCANIC ERUPTION

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structur	es	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	534	534	100	76,864,560	76,864,560	100	1040	1040	100
Commercial	87	87	100						0
Industrial	2	2	100						
Agricultural									
Religious/	5	5	100						
Non-profit	5	3	100						
Government	3	3	100						
Education	3	3	100						
Utilities	10	10	100						
Total	644	644	100	76,864,560	76,864,560	100	1040	1040	100

1.	Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas?	Yes	or No
	= -	(・・ン	,

- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes of No
- Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages?
   Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? (Yes) or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes of No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Z (Yes or No

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: 4/9/2015
Which Agency are you representing? City of Mor	rton
Name: James Gerwig	Title: Mayor
Email: mayor@visitmorton.com	Telephone #: (360) 496-8496
Address: PO Box 1089	City: Morton ZIP: 98356

Hazard: WINTER STORM/HEAVY SNOW

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structur	es	Number of People			
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	534	534	100	76,864,560	76,864,560	100	1040	1040	100	
Commercial	87	87	100						0	
Industrial	2	2	100							
Agricultural										
Religious/	5	5	100							
Non-profit	5	3	100							
Government	3	3	100							
Education	3	3	100						·	
Utilities	10	10	100							
Total	644	644	100	76,864,560	76,864,560	100	1040	1040	100	

1.	Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas?	Yes	or No
	, , , , , ,		,

- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? (Yes) or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? (Yes) or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Z Yes or(No )

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: 4/9/2015					
Which Agency are you representing? City of Morton						
Name: James Gerwig	Title: Mayor					
Email: mayor@visitmorton.com	Telephone #: (360) 496-849	06				
Address: PO Box 1089	City: Morton	ZIP: 98356				

Hazard: FLOOD

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structur	es	Number of People			
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	534	10	02	76,864,560	15,372	.02	1040	25	.03	
Commercial	87	0	0					0	0	
Industrial	2	1	50		25,000,000	.33		0	0	
Agricultural								0	0	
Religious/ Non-profit	5	0	0					0	0	
Government	3	0	0					0	0	
Education	3	0	0					0	0	
Utilities	10	3	30		7,861,778	10		0	0	
Total	644	14		76,864,560	15,563,606	43.02	1040	25	.03	

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? (Yes) or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes o(No)
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? (Yes) or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes of No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or (No )

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: 4/9/2015	
Which Agency are you representing? City of Morton		
Name: James Gerwig	Title: Mayor	
Email: mayor@visitmorton.com	Telephone #: (360) 496-84	196
Address: PO Box 1089	City: Morton	ZIP: 98356

Hazard: EARTHQUAKE

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structur	es	Number of People			
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	534	10	02	76,864,560	15,372	.02	1040	25	.03	
Commercial	87	0	0					0	0	
Industrial	2	1	50		25,000,000	.33		0	0	
Agricultural								0	0	
Religious/ Non-profit	5	0	0					0	0	
Government	3	0	0					0	0	
Education	3	0	0					0	0	
Utilities	10	3	30		7,861,778	10		0	0	
Total	644	14		76,864,560	15,563,606	43.02	1040	25	.03	

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? (Yes)or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes of No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? (Yes) or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes of No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Z Yes or (No.)

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET	2C	Date C	Completed: 4/9/2015	
Which Agency are you representing?	City of Morton			
Name: James Gerwig			Title: Mayor	
Email: mayor@visitmorton.com			Telephone #: (360) 496-84	196
Address: PO Box 1089			City: Morton	ZIP: 98356

Hazard: WINDSTORM

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structur	es	Number of People			
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	534	10	02	76,864,560	15,372	.02	1040	25	.03	
Commercial	87	0	0					0	0	
Industrial	2	1	50		25,000,000	.33		0	0	
Agricultural								0	0	
Religious/ Non-profit	5	0	0					0	0	
Government	3	0	0					0	0	
Education	3	0	0					0	0	
Utilities	10	3	30		7,861,778	10		0	0	
Total	644	14		76,864,560	15,563,606	43.02	1040	25	.03	

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes of No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? (Yes) or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes of No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? (res or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Z Yes or (No )

# Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE - Worksheet 3A

Date: June 25, 2015

**Agency: City of Morton** 

Category Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Hazard Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Social (Yes or No)	Technical (Yes or No)	Administrative (Yes or No)	Political (Yes or No)	Legal (Yes or No)	Economical (Yes or No)	Environmental (Yes or No)	Responsible Department/Agency
Continue to enforce the flood ordinance.	Flood	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	City Clerk, City Council Planning Commission
Train Planning Commission, Elected Officials and staff when sessions are available	Flood	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	N	City Clerk, City Council Planning Commission
Make information available to the public	Flood	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	City Clerk, City Council Planning Commission
Contract with Lewis County for emergency services	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	N	Mayor, City Council Police Chief
Upgrade radio communications	All	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	Mayor, City Council Police Chief
Operate Incident Command Post in time of emergency	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	N	Υ	N	Mayor, City Council Police Chief
Continuing education	All	Y	Y	Y	Υ	N	Υ	N	City Council, Planning Commission, City Clerk
Continue coordination with Lewis County for managing development in UGAs to address critical areas concerns	All	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	N	City Council, Planning Commission, City Clerk
Maintain map of critical and hazard areas in City Hall	All	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Y	N	City Council, Planning Commission, City Clerk
Continuing education for Planning Commission	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Public Works Supt.
Continue to require water & sewer locates for new developments, new construction and other utility pole or underground placement	All	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	N	Public Works Supt.
Continue inspection of manholes and storm drain facilities	All	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	Public Works Supt.
Continue routine maintenance & repairs/replacement of backup generators & inspections of water reservoirs	All	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	N	Y	N	Public Works Supt.
Keep ditches clean and infringing trees removed from water and wastewater treatment plants, reservoirs and water intake	All	Y	Y	Y	Υ	N	Y	N	Public Works Supt.
Routinely do structural assessments of all critical utility facilities	All	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	Public Works Supt.
Continue using SEPA authority to ensure large projects provide for hazard mitigation	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	City Clerk, Planning Commission, City Council
Continue following guidelines in Morton's Zoning & Development Regulations	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	Υ	N	City Clerk, Planning Commission, City Council
WWTP: Assess building for structural integrity to determine strength in withstanding an earthquake, volcanic ash and snow loading on roof	Earthquake, volcanic eruption, winter storms (wind & snow)	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Public Works Supt./ WWTP Operator
WWTP: Inspection to evaluate structural	Earthquake, flooding,	N	Υ	N	N	N	Υ	N	Public Works Supt./

integrity to withstand earthquake, ash and snow	volcanic activity, winter								WWTP Operator
loading on roof.	snow and wind storms								
WWTP: Culvert cleanout, storm drain and outfall line inspection as protection from flooding.	Flooding,	N	Υ	N	N	N	Υ	N	Public Works Supt./ WWTP Operator
WWTP: Replacement of backup generator.	Earthquake, flooding, volcanic activity, winter snow and wind storms, fire	N	Y	N	Y/N	N	Y	N	Public Works Supt./ WWTP Operator
Fire Department: Inspections to evaluate structural integrity to withstand earthquake and snow/ash loading on roof.	Earthquake, volcanic activity, winter snow, wind storms.	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Public Works Supt./Fire Chief
Fire Department: Routine maintenance on backup generator.	Earthquake, flooding, volcanic activity, winter snow and wind storms, fire	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Public Works Supt./Fire Chief
Fire Department: Dependable Water supply	Earthquake, volcanic activity, rain storms, fire	N	Y	N	Y/N	N	Y	N	Public Works Supt./Fire Chief
City Hall/Police Station: Purchase of backup power supply	Earthquake, flooding, volcanic activity, winter snow and wind storms, fire	N	Y	N	Y/N	N	Y	N	City Clerk/Police Chief
City Hall/Police Station: Upgrade radio communications, training, office protective measures.	Earthquake, Volcanic Activity, Winter snow, wind & rain storms, fire	N	Y	N	Y/N	N	Y	N	City Clerk/Police Chief
City Hall/Police Station: Inspection to evaluate structural integrity to withstand earthquake and snow or ash loading on roof	Earthquake, Volcanic Activity, Winter snow	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	City Clerk/Police Chief
Water Reservoir: Removal of surrounding trees	Earthquake, Landslide, wind, snow and rain storms	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Public Works Supt.
Water Reservoir: Inspections to evaluate structural integrity to withstand earthquake and snow/ash loading on roof	Earthquake, Landslide, wind, snow and rain storms	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Public Works Supt.
Water System Intake: Install Chemical additive pumps at City's back-up emergency well.	Earthquake, Landslides, Flooding	N	Υ	N	Y/N	N	Y	N	Public Works Supt.
Water System Intake: Routine maintenance on structure.	Earthquake, Landslide, wind, snow and rain storms	N	Y	N	N	N	Y	N	Public Works Supt.
Water System Intake: Roads graded and ditches cleaned. Bridge is a more recent concern	Snow and rain storms	N	Y	N	Y/N	N	Y	N	Public Works Supt.

#### Note:

- $S: Social-The\ public\ must\ support\ the\ overall\ implementation\ strategy\ and\ specific\ mitigation\ actions.$
- T: Technical It is important to determine if the proposed action is technically feasible, will help reduce losses in the long term, and has minimal secondary impacts.
- A: Administrative Under this part of the evaluation criteria, examine the anticipated staffing, funding, and maintenance requirements for the mitigation action to be implemented.
- P: Political Understanding how your community and State leadership feels about issues related to the environment, economic development, safety, and emergency management. L: Legal – When considering this criterion, determine whether your agency has the legal authority at the State, or local level to implement the action, or if new laws will need to be passed.
- E: Economic Cost-effective mitigation actions that can be funded in current or upcoming budget cycles are much more likely to be implemented.
- E: Environmental Evaluate whether, when implementing mitigation actions, there would be negative consequences to environmental assets (wetlands, endangered species, protected resources).

# Mitigation Strategies – Worksheet 3B Agency: City of Morton

Mi	tigation Measures	Hazard Addressed	20	010 Plan	Mitigation Identification		st-Benefit a Prioritizatio			Impler	nentation	
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	(flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Task in 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 2 = Highest	Priority Rating (Low, Medium, High)	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
Floodplain Management	Continue to enforce the flood ordinance & update as needed	Flood	Yes	Yes On-going	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	3	High	On-going	Budget	1,000	City Clerk, Planning Commission City Council
Floodplain Management	Train Planning Commission, Elected Officials and staff when sessions are available	Flood	Yes	Yes On-going	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	3	High	On-going	Budget	1,000	City Clerk Planning Commission City Council
Floodplain Management	Make information available to the public	Flood	Yes	Yes On-going	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	3	High	On-going	Budget	1,000	City Clerk Planning Commission City Council
Emergency Response	Contract with Lewis County for emergency services	All	Yes	Yes On-going	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	2	High	On-going	Budget	1,000	Police Chief Mayor
Emergency Response	Upgrade Radio Communications	All	Yes	Yes On-going	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	2	High	On-going	Budget	1,000	Police Chief Mayor
Emergency Response	Operate Incident Command Post in time of emergency	All	Yes	Yes On-going	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	2	High	On-going	Budget	1,000	Police Chief Mayor
Emergency Response	Continuing Education	All	Yes	Yes, and Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	2	High	On-going	Budget	1,000	Police Chief Mayor
Critical Areas Ordinance Enforcement	Continue coordination with Lewis County for managing development in UGAs to address critical areas concerns	All	No	No	Prevention, Property protection, Natural Resource protection	3	2	Medium	On-going	Budget	1,000	City Clerk Planning Commission City Council
Critical Areas Ordinance Enforcement	Maintain map of critical and hazard areas in City Hall	All	No	No	Prevention, Property protection, Natural Resource protection	3	2	Medium	On-going	Budget	1,000	City Clerk Planning Commission City Council

Date: 4/9/2015

Critical Areas Ordinance Enforcement	Continuing education for Planning Commission	All	No	No	Prevention, Property protection, Natural Resource protection	3	2	Medium	On-going	Budget	1,000	City Clerk Planning Commission City Council
Protect Utilities	Continue to require water & sewer locates for new developments, new construction and other utility pole or underground placement	All	Yes	Yes Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource protection and Structural projects.	2	2	High	2010 Ongoing	Grants Budget	30,000	Public Works Supt.
Protect Utilities	Continue inspections of manholes and storm drain facilities	All	Yes	Yes Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource protection and Structural projects.	2	2	High	2010 Ongoing	Grants Budget	30,000	Public Works Supt.
Protect Utilities	Continue routine maintenance & repairs/replacement of backup generators & inspections of water reservoirs.	All	Yes	Yes Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource protection and Structural projects.	2	2	High	2010 Ongoing	Grants Budget	30,000	Public Works Supt.
Protect Utilities	Keep ditches clean and infringing trees removed from Water and Wastewater treatment plants, reservoirs and water intake	All	Yes	Yes Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource protection and Structural projects.	2	2	High	2010 Ongoing	Grants Budget	30,000	Public Works Supt.
Protect Utilities	Routinely do structural assessments of all critical utility facilities	All	Yes	Yes Ongoing	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource protection and Structural projects.	2	2	High	2010 Ongoing	Grants Budget	30,000	Public Works Supt.
Development Review	Continue using SEPA authority to ensure large projects provide for hazard mitigation	All	No	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource protection	3	2	Med	On-going	Budget	0	P.W.S.
Development Review	Continue following guidelines in Morton's Zoning & Development Regulations	All	No	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource protection	3	2	Med	On-going	Budget	0	P.W.S.
Wastewater Treatment Plant	Protective clothing to curtail disease outbreak.	Disease outbreak,	Yes	Yes Ongoing	Prevention	2	2	High	Ongoing	Budget	500	Wastewater Treatment Plant Operator and Public Works Supt.

#### Notes

2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task

# **Critical Facilities Mitigation Strategies - Worksheet 3C**

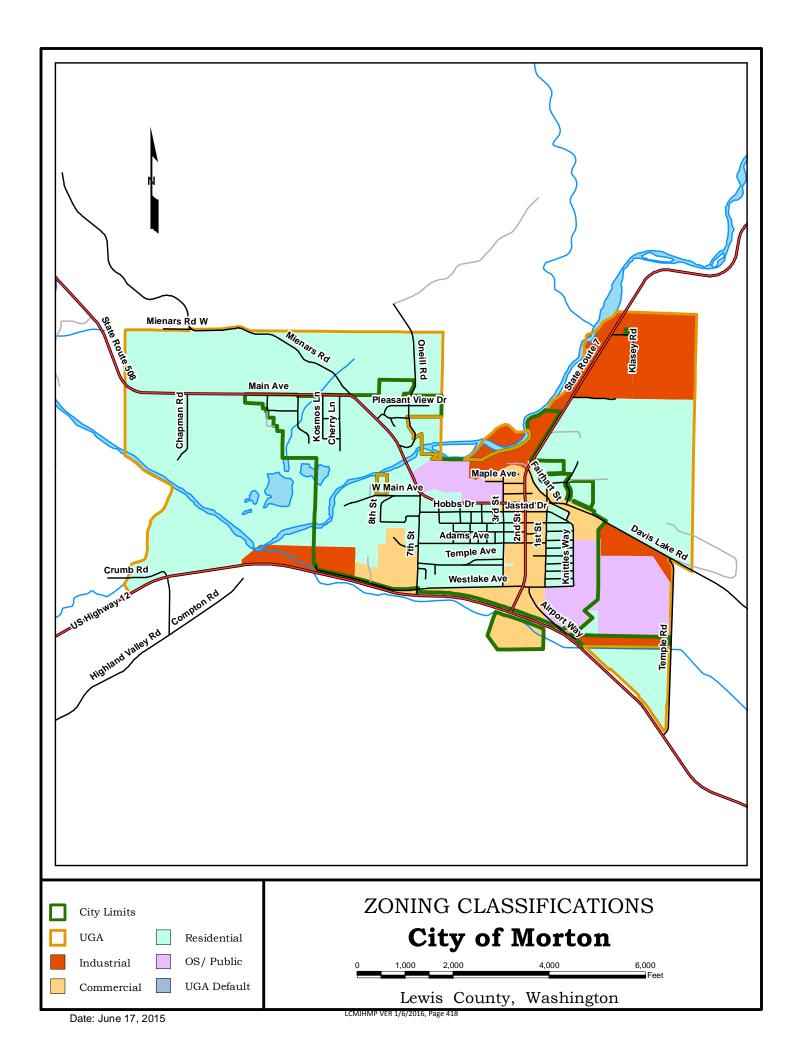
**Agency: City of Morton** 

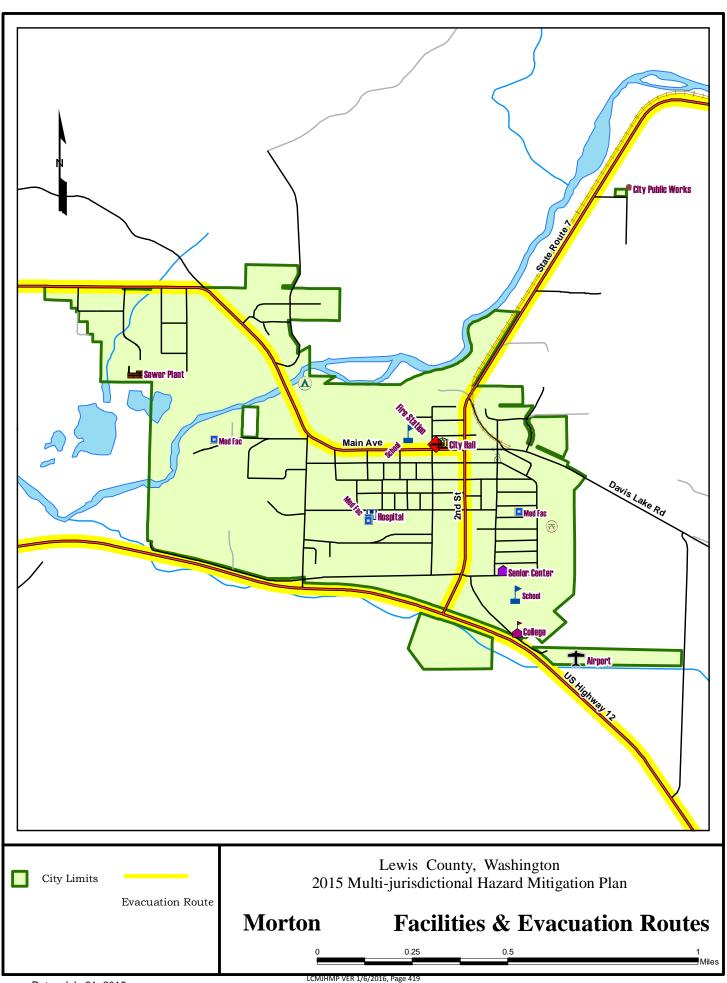
Agency: City of Morton Mitigation Measures		Hazard Addressed	2010 Plan		Mitigation Identification	Cost-Benefit and Prioritization			Implementation				
Facility	Mitigation Strategy	(All, flooding, landslide, earthquake, volcanic, etc)	Task listed in the 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 2 - Hinhaet	Priority Rating (Low,	Timeline (schedule)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility	
Water Treatment Plant	Assess building for structural integrity to determine strength in withstanding an earthquake, volcanic ash and snow loading on roof	Earthquake, volcanic eruption, winter storms (wind & snow)	Yes	No	Prevention, property protection,	2	3	High	Ongoing	Budget	1,800	Public Works Supt.	
Wastewater Treatment Plant	Inspection to evaluate structural integrity to withstand earthquake, ash and snow loading on roof.	Earthquake, flooding, volcanic activity, winter snow and wind storms	Yes	No	Prevention, property protection	2	2	High	Ongoing	Budget	1,800	Wastewater Treatment Plant Operator and Public Works Supt.	
Wastewater Treatment Plant	Culvert cleanout, storm drain and outfall line inspection as protection from flooding.	Flooding,	Yes	Yes - ongoing	Prevention, property protection,	2	2	High	Ongoing	Budget	7,000	Wastewater Treatment Plant Operator and Public Works Supt.	
Wastewater Treatment Plant	Replacement of backup generator.	Earthquake, flooding, volcanic activity, winter snow and wind storms, fire	Yes	No	Prevention, property protection, structural projects and natural resource protection	2	2	High	Ongoing	Budget	7,500	Wastewater Treatment Plant Operator and Public Works Supt.	
Morton Fire Department - roof	Inspections to evaluate structural integrity to withstand earthquake and snow/ash loading	Earthquake, volcanic activity, winter snow, wind storms.	Yes	No	Prevention, Property protection	2	2	High	On going	Budget	1,800	Fire Chief	
Morton Fire Department	Routine maintenance on backup generator.	Earthquake, flooding, volcanic activity, winter snow and wind storms, fire	Yes	Yes. Ongoing maintenance	Prevention, Property protection, Natural resource protection, structural projects	2	2	High	On going	Budget	3500	Fire Chief	

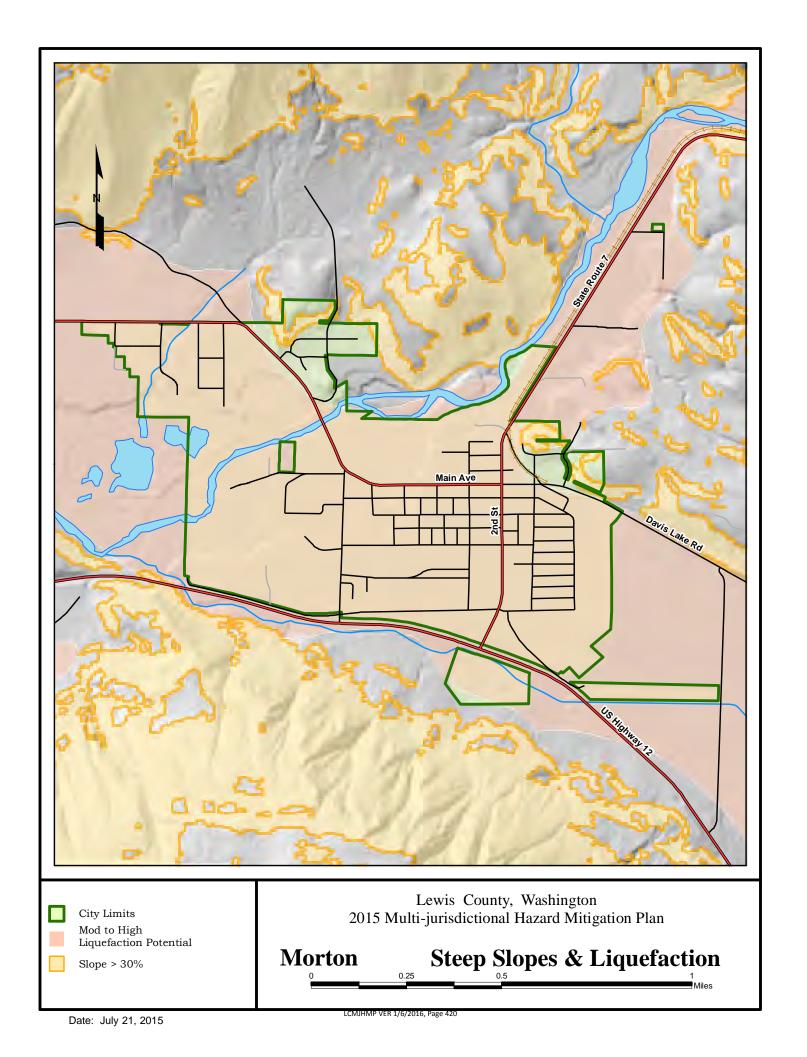
Date: 4/9/2015

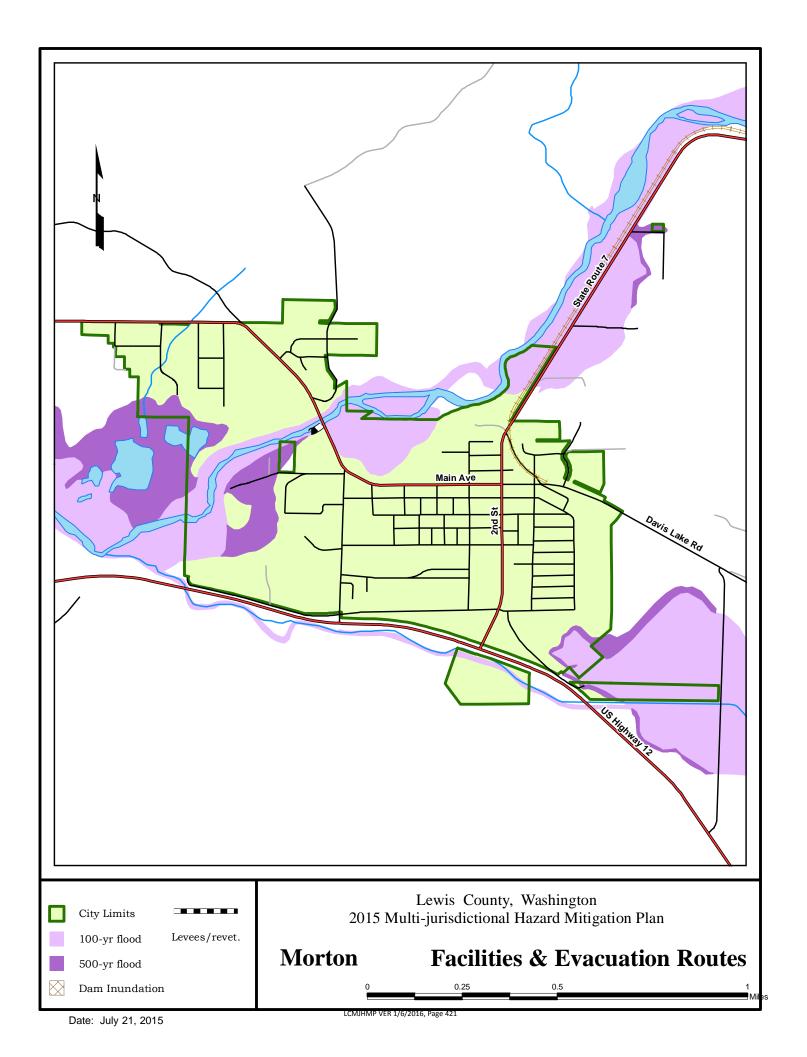
Morton Fire	Dependable Water	Earthquake,	Yes	Yes. Second	Prevention,	2	2	High	Ongoing	Budget	3500	Fire Chief
Department	supply	volcanic activity, rain storms, fire		reservoir constructed.	Property protection, Natural resource protection, structural projects							
City Hall & Police Department	Purchase of backup power supply	Earthquake, flooding, volcanic activity, winter snow and wind storms, fire	Yes	No. Have not purchased backup power supply	Prevention, Property protection	2	2	Med.	Ongoing	Budget	9,000	City Clerk & Police Chief
City Hall & Police Department	Upgrade radio communications, training, office protective measures.	Earthquake, volcanic activity, Winter snow, wind & rain storms, fire	Yes	Yes/No. Partially - Radio communications upgraded, office protective measures done	Prevention, Property protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	2	Med.	ongoing	Budget	1,000	City Clerk & Police Chief
City Hall & Police Department	Inspection to evaluate structural integrity to withstand earthquake and snow or ash loading on roof	Earthquake, Volcanic Activity, Winter snow	Yes	No.	Prevention, Property protection	2	2	Med.	ongoing	Budget	1,800	City Clerk & Police Chief
Water Reservoir	Removal of surrounding trees	Earthquake, Landslide, wind, snow and rain storms	Yes	Yes & ongoing	Prevention, Property protection	2	2	Med	ongoing	Budget	3,500	Public Works Supt.
Water Reservoir Bldg – roof	Inspections to evaluate structural integrity to withstand earthquake and snow/ash loading	Earthquake, Landslide, wind, snow and rain storms	Yes	No	Prevention, Property protection	2	2	Med	ongoing	Budget	1,800	Public Works Supt.
Water System Intake	Install Chemical additive pumps at City's back-up emergency well.	Earthquake, Landslides, Flooding	Yes	No	Prevention	1	3	High	2010 & ongoing	Budget/Grants	100,000+	Public Works Supt.
Water System Intake	Routine maintenance on structure.	Earthquake, Landslide, wind, snow & rain storms	Yes	No	Prevention, Property protection	1	3	High	2010 & ongoing	Budget/Grants	10,000	Public Works Supt.
Water System Intake	Roads graded and ditches cleaned. Bridge is a concern	Snow and rain storms	Yes	Yes & ongoing	Prevention, Property protection	1	3	High	2010 & ongoing	Budget/Grants	300,000	Public Works Supt.

**Notes** Facility: Critical facility, Mitigation Strategy: description of mitigation or task, 2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan, Timeline: give approximate timeframe of completing this task, Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task, Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task









### **Building Damage Count by General Occupancy**

October 06, 2009

	Count of Buildings (#) by Range of Damage (%)							
	None	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	Substantial	Total
Washington								
Lewis								
Agriculture	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Education	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Government	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Industrial	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Religion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Residential	8	0	0	5	0	0	0	13
Total	8	0	1	5	0	0	0	14
Total	8	0	1	5	0	0	0	14
Scenario Total	8	0	1	5	0	0	0	14

#### Special Notice Regarding Building Count:

Unlike the earthquake and hurricane models, the flood model performs its analysis at the census block level. This means that the analysis starts with a small number of buildings within each census block and applies a series of distributions necessary for analyzing the potential damage. The application of these distributions and the small number of buildings make the flood model more sensitive to rounding errors that introduces uncertainty into the building count results. Please use these results with suitable caution.

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Morton Flood Scenario: Morton 100-Year

Return Period: 100

Page: 1 of 1

## **Direct Economic Losses for Buildings**

October 06, 2009

All values are in thousands of dollars

	Capital Stock Losses					Income Lo	osses		
	Cost Building Damage	Cost Contents Damage	Inventory Loss	Building Loss Ratio %	Relocation Loss	Capital Related Loss	Wages Losses	Rental Income Loss	Total Loss
Washington Lewis	1,343	3,514	533	6.6	6	4	33	0	5,503
Total	1,343	3,514	533	6.6	6	4	33	0	5,503
Scenario Total	1,343	3,514	533	6.6	6	4	33	0	5,503

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Morton Flood Scenario: Morton 100-Year

Return Period: 100

Page: 1 of 1

## **Shelter Summary Report**

October 06, 2009

	# of Displaced People	# of People Needing Short Term Shelter
Washington		
Lewis	76	40
Total	76	40
Scenario Total	76	40

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Morton Flood Scenario: Morton 100-Year

Return Period: 100



HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN POINT OF CONTACT				
Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact			
Thomas Meade, Mayor				
PO Box 96				
Mossyrock WA 98564				
(360) 983-3300				
<u>cityofmossyrock@tds.net</u>				

**Profile:** The City of Mossyrock is located on U.S. 12 where Washington Route 122 converge. Mossyrock is approximately 20 miles east of Interstate 5. According to the United States Census Bureau, the city has a total area of 0.4 square miles. The City is nestled between Mayfield and Rifle lakes along Klickitat Creek. The City of Mossyrock is characterized by a broad floodplain and low terraces surrounded by upland valleys of low to moderate relief that have broad, rounded ridges.

Rankin	g of I	dent	ified	Haz	ards									
	Prev	Previous Occurrence?		Likely to Experience?		Probability			Extent					
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely (100% next yr)	Likely (10- 100% or 1 in 10 yrs)	Possible (1-10% next year or 1/100 yrs)	Unlikely (less than 1% in 100 yrs)	Catastrophic: more than 50% affected	Severe: 25-50% affected	Limited: 0-25% affected	None: 0% affected	Percentage	Rank
Rating Points	20	0	10	0	20	10	6	0	20	10	4	0		
Extreme Heat	20		10			10				10			50%	1
Winter Storm	20		10			10				10			50%	1
Earthquake	20		10			10					4		44%	2
Flooding	20		10			10					4		44%	2
Volcano	20		10			10					4		44%	2
Landslide							6			10			16%	3
Debris Flow						10					4		14%	4
Wind Storm						10					4		14%	4
Dam Failure							6				4		10%	5
Hailstorm							6				4		10%	5

#### Probability

Highly Likely: Near 100% probability in the next year.

Likely: Between 10 and 100% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in 10 years.

Possible: Between 1 and 10% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in next 100 years.

Unlikely: Less than 1% probability in next 100 years.

#### Extent of damage is defined as follows:

Catastrophic: More than 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected

Severe: 25 to 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected Limited: 0 to 25% of the jurisdiction can be affected

None: 0% of the jurisdiction can be affected

## **Current Hazard Mitigation Codes/Plans/Ordinances**

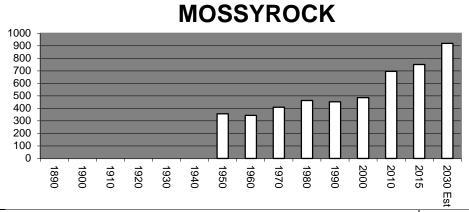
- Lewis County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan adopted June 2010.
- Comprehensive Plan, December 2008
- Critical Ordinance
- Zoning Ordinance
- Lewis County Building Codes



- Lewis County Floodplain Management Plan
- Capital Facilities Plan

Agency Specific Natural Hazard Event History – 1980 to 2015							
Type of Disaster	FEMA Disaster #	Date	Comments				
Severe Winter Storm and Record and Near Record Snow	DR-1825	3/2/2009	Incident 12/12/2008-1/5/2009				
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides, Flooding	DR-1817	1/30/2009	1/6-/16/2009				
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1734	12/8/2007	Incident 12/1-12/17/2007				
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1682	2/14/2007	Incident 12/14-12/15/2006				
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1671	12/12/2006	Incident 11/2-11/11/2006				
Earthquake	DR-1361	3/1/2001	Incident 2/28-3/16/2001				
Severe Winter Storms/Flooding	DR-1159	1/17/1997	Incident 12/26/1996-2/10/1997				
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-1100	Feb. 9, 1996	Incident 1/26-2/23/1996				
Storms, High Winds, Floods	DR-1079	Jan. 3, 1996	Incident 11/7-Dec 18, 1995				
Severe Storm, High Winds	DR-981	March 4, 1993	Incident 1/20-1/21/1993				
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-784	Dec 15, 1986	Incident 11/22-11/29/1986				
Volcanic Eruption – Mt. St. Helens	DR-623	May 21, 1980					

Demographics					
Population	1990	2000	2010	2015	2030 -Projected
	452	486	695	750	920



Quick Facts (US Census)	Mossyrock	Washington
Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013		3.7%
Persons under 5 years, percent, 2010	4.5%	6.5%
Persons under 18 years, percent definition and source info Persons under 18 years, percent, 2010	20.5%	23.5%
Persons 65 years and over, percent definition and source info Persons 65 years and over, percent, 2010	16.9%	12.3%
High school graduate or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013		90.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013		31.9%
Homeownership rate, 2009-2013		63.2%
Housing units in multi-unit structures, percent, 2009-2013		25.6%
Median value of owner-occupied housing units, 2009-2013		\$262,100
Per capita money income in past 12 months (2013 dollars), 2009-2013		\$30,742
Median household income definition and source info Median household income, 2009-2013	38,971	\$59,478
Persons below poverty level, percent definition and source info Persons below poverty level, percent, 2009-2013	18%	13.4%

Source: U.S. Census – Quickfacts, Date Accessed: July 12, 2015. Website: quickfacts.census.gov

Land Designations	
Land Area within the existing city limits:	192
Land area within urban growth area:	323
Total land area within city limits and urban growth area	515
Land area of park, forest, and/or open space	391
Land area of residential	159
Land area of commercial	71
Land area of industrial	0

**Current and Anticipated Development and Population Trends** 



The City of Mossyrock anticipates slow to no growth (under 2%). The population for Mossyrock by 2030 is estimated to be around 920 people. The City envisions maintaining its two active retail areas, preserving and adding to its base of open space and agricultural land, and maintaining neighborhoods with diverse housing options.

The Neighborhood District is structured to provide single family and duplex homes, schools, churches, parks, agricultural activities, manufactured homes and apartments, home-businesses, professional offices, and bed and breakfast business. The density for this district will be no more than five dwelling units per acre for single family residences and 25 dwelling units per acre for apartments. The Market District provides for shopping and service uses including retail sales and services, small equipment sales and repair, offices, public buildings, motels, recreational vehicle parks and light industry.

2014	Approximate Value (\$)	
5.5	\$870,000	
4	\$317,000	
2	\$106,000	
7	\$185,000	
Lewis County PUD		
Critical Facilities		
Address	Approximate Value (\$)	
231 E State ST.	\$ 97,700	
231 E State ST.		
3963 E Hwy 112		
3963 E Hwy 112		
219 E State St.	\$ 224,300	
3963 E Hwy 112		
flood plain	0%	
100-year flood plain		
flood plain		
Address	Approximate Value (\$)	
3963 E Hwy 112	30,000	
	No	
	N/A	
	No	
	N/A	
	FEMA has not studied Mossyrock	
ssistance Contact	N/A	
Floodplain Administrator		
	No	
	No No	
	5.5  4  2  7  Lewis County PUD  Critical Facilities  Address  231 E State ST.  231 E State ST.  3963 E Hwy 112  3963 E Hwy 112  219 E State St. 3963 E Hwy 112  flood plain  100-year flood plain  10od plain  Address  3963 E Hwy 112	



Mitigation Strategy	Completed 2010-2014	Carried Over to 2015 Plan	Removed or No Longer Feasible
Lift Station #1:	No	Yes	
Purchase generator and set at site, sandbags for flood control (Lift Station #2)	No	Yes	
Access building for seismic/ash load capabilities (City Hall)	No	Yes	
Video camera system, alarm for unauthorized entry, assessment for structural retrofit	No	Yes	
Video camera system, alarm for unauthorized entry, assessment for structural retrofit	No	Yes	
Police Department: Portable generator to run radio base station. Purchase satellite phone	No	Yes	
Gravel and sandbags for flood control. Purchase video camera system. (Wastewater	No	Yes	
Sandbags for flood control, have gravel at site, purchase generator, alarm system for	No	Yes	
Access existing generator to power lift station. (Lift #1)	No	Yes	
Access existing generator to power lift station (Lift #2)	No	Yes	
Elevate above flood level (Lift #2)	No	Yes	
Have sandbags available during flood event (Lift #2)	No	Yes	
Access well and determine if a generator can run it. Have sandbags on hand in case of hazard (Wells)	No	Yes	

### **Attached Documents**

- Land Use Map
- Public Facilities Map
- Hazard Identification Worksheet(s)
- Mitigation Strategies Worksheet(s)
- Steep Slopes and Liquefaction Map
- Flood Hazard Map
- HAZUS-MH: Flood Results

## HAZARD IDENTIFICATION WORKSHEET

Which Agency are you representing? Cit	ty of Mossyrock			
Name:	Title:			
Email:	Telephone #:			
Address:	City:	ZIP:		

Date Completed: 7/2015

#### For each Hazard, please fill out the table below based on the following questions:

- Previous Occurrence: Is there a historic record of this type of hazard happening here? Yes or No
- Likely to Experience: Are you likely to experience this type of hazard in the future? Yes or No
- **Probability:** Based on history, what is the likelihood of this event happening again? *Highly Likely, Likely, Possible, Unlikely*
- Extent: If this hazard event were to happen, how extensive could the damage be? Catastrophic, Severe, Limited, None

	Prev Occuri	rious rence?	Like Experi	ly to ience?		Prob	ability			Ex	tent	
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Catastrophic	Severe	Limited	None
Avalanche		Χ		Х				Х				Х
Coastal Erosion		Х		Х				Х				Х
Coastal Storm		Х		Х				Х				Х
Dam Failure		Х		Х			Х				Х	
Debris Flow		Х		Х		Х					Х	
Drought		Χ		Х				Х			Х	
Earthquake	Х		Х			Х					Х	
Expansive Soils		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Extreme Heat	Х		Х			Х				Х		
Flooding	Х		Х			Х					Х	
Hailstorm		Χ		Χ			X				X	
Hurricane		Х		Х				Χ				Χ
Land Subsidence		Χ		Χ				Χ				Χ
Landslide		Χ		Χ			X			Χ		
Levee Failure		Χ		Х				Χ				Χ
Severe Thunder Storm		Х		Х				Х			Х	
Severe Wind Storm		Χ		Х		X					Х	
Severe Winter Storm	Х		Х			Х				Х		
Tornado		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Tsunami		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Volcano	Х		Х			Х					Х	
Wildfire		Х		Х				Х			Х	
Other:								_		_		

Which of the following does your agency have? (Circle One)											
Comprehensive Plan	Yes / No / NA	Date completed: 12/11/08									
Critical Areas Ordinance	Yes / No / NA	Date completed:									
Does your agency have an emerg	ency plan? Yes	/ No / NA	_								

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2A		Date Cor	mpleted: July 2015	
Which Agency are you representing?	Mossyroc	k		
Name:			Title:	
Email:			Telephone #:	
Address:		City:		ZIP:

Task A: Inventory the critical facilities that can be damaged by a hazard event. Please fill out the table below.

		E State ST. 360.983.3300 X													
Name of Building/Business	Address		Occupancy #	Educational	Government	Hospital	Non/Profit	Public Safety	Residential	Utilities	Other				
City Hall	231 E State ST.	360.983.3300			Χ										
Lift Station #1										Χ					
Lift Station #2										Χ					
Police Dept.	231 E State ST.	360.983.8115						Χ							
WW Treatment Plant	3963 E Hwy 112	360.983.8001								Χ					
PW Lab	3963 E Hwy 112	360.983.8001								Χ					
Wells (2)										Χ					
Community Center	219 E State St.	360.983.3300									Χ				
Reservoirs (2)	3963 E Hwy 112	360.983.8001								Χ					

ASSET INVENTORY V	VORKSHEET 2B - 2015										Date Co	mpleted	July 2	2015	
Which Agency are you	representing: Mossyro	ock									I				
Name: Doneia Santia	go									Title: City Cl	erk				
Email: doneias@tds.	.net									Telephone #	: 360-983-3300	)			
							: D.4.			•			. 0056	4	
Address: 231 E State							ity: Mo	ossyro	CK			Zip	: 9856	4	
•	etailed inventory of what c (critical facilities, businesse	es, historic, cultu	•				eas an	d area	ıs of sp	pecial consid	deration) that	can be d	amag	ed by a haz	ard
1. Avalar 2. Dam F 3. Debris HAZARDS 4. Droug 5. Eartho 6. Expan 7. Extren	Failure 9. Hails Flow 10. Hu  ht 12. Lar  quake 13. Lev  sive Soils 14. Sex	storm rricane nd Subsidence	16. S 17. T 18. V							BUILDIN MATERI <i>I</i>	G c ALS d	. Masonry . concrete . Concrete . Brick . Stick Metal	<u> </u>	g. Steel h. Asphalt	
Name or description of Asset (building)	Address	Hazard(s) List all that apply (See legend above)	Critical Facility	Transportation	Utility System	Comm. System	Economic Assets	Special consideration	Historic/Other	Size of Building (sq. ft.)	Replacement Value (\$)	Contents Value (\$)	Displacement (\$ per day)	Occupancy or capacity (#)	Structural – building materials
City Hall	231 E State ST.	2,5,16,18	Х							5244	150,000	60,000			b,e,f
Lift Station #1	130 Isbell Rd	2,5,18	Х		Х						30,000		1		
Lift Station #2	Meadow Ln	2,5,18	Х		Х						30,000				
Police Dept.	231 E State ST.	2,5,16,18	Х								See City Hall				
WW Treatment Plant/	3963 E Hwy 112	2,5,8,16,18,19	Х		Х						See PW Lab				
PW Lab	3963 E Hwy 112	2,5,8,16,18,19	Х		Х					1536	1,250,000	200,000			b,c,e,f,g,h
Wells (2)	130 Isbell RD	5,			Х					1852	165,000				e,f,g
Community Center	221 E State St.	5,								4000	228,600	30,000			b,e
Reservoirs (3)	Coleman Rd/Mossyrock Rd E	5,	Х		Х						200,000			220,000 gals	b,c,f

Date Completed: 7/2015

Which Agency are you representing? City of Mossyrock

Name:	Title:	
Email:	Teleph	one #:
Address: 231 E State St./PO Box 96	City: Mossyrock	ZIP: 98564

Task C. Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: FLOOD

	Number	of Struc	tures	Value	of Structu	res	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	322	0	0						
Commercial	45	0	0						
Industrial	-	0	0						
Agricultural	3	0	0						
Religious	5	0	0						
Non-profit	2	0	0						
Government	3	0	0						
Education	8	0	0						
Utilities	6	2	33%	\$1,200,000	140,000	12%			
Total	394	2	1%	\$32,504.225	140,000	43%	688	0	0

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

## Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE - Worksheet 3A

Agency: Mossyrock

Category Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Hazard Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Social (Yes or No)	Technical (Yes or No)	Administrative (Yes or No)	Political (Yes or No)	Legal (Yes or No)	Economical (Yes or No)	Environmental (Yes or No)	Responsible Department/Agency
Lift Station #1: Purchase generator and set at site, sandbags for floor control (Lift Station #1)	All	N	N	Υ	N	N	Y	N	PW
Purchase generator and set at site, sandbags for flood control (Lift Station #2)	All	N	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	PW
Access building for seismic/ash load capabilities (City Hall)	Volcano	N	Y	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	PW
Video camera system, alarm for unauthorized entry, assessment for structural retrofit (Reservoir #1 & #2)	All	N	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	PW
Video camera system, alarm for unauthorized entry, assessment for structural retrofit (Reservoir #3)	All	N	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	PW
Police Department: Portable generator to run radio base station. Purchase satellite phone (PD)	All	N	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	Police
Gravel and sandbags for flood control. Purchase video camera system. (Wastewater Treatment Plant)	Flood	N	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	PW
Sandbags for flood control, have gravel at site, purchase generator, alarm system for unauthorized entry. (Well)	Flood	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	N	PW
Access existing generator to power lift station. (Lift #1)	All	N	Y	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	PW
Access existing generator to power lift station (Lift #2)	All	N	Y	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	PW
Elevate above flood level (Lift #2)	Flood	N	Υ	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	PW
Have sandbags available during flood event (Lift #2)	Flood	N	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	PW
Access well and determine if a generator can run it.  Have sandbags on hand in case of hazard (Wells)  Notes	All	N	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	PW

Date: July 2015

#### Notes

- S: Social The public must support the overall implementation strategy and specific mitigation actions.
- T: Technical It is important to determine if the proposed action is technically feasible, will help reduce losses in the long term, and has minimal secondary impacts.
- A: Administrative Under this part of the evaluation criteria, examine the anticipated staffing, funding, and maintenance requirements for the mitigation action to be implemented.
- P: Political Understanding how your community and State leadership feels about issues related to the environment, economic development, safety, and emergency management.
- L: Legal When considering this criterion, determine whether your agency has the legal authority at the State, or local level to implement the action, or if new laws will need to be passed.
- E: Economic Cost-effective mitigation actions that can be funded in current or upcoming budget cycles are much more likely to be implemented.
- E: Environmental Evaluate whether, when implementing mitigation actions, there would be negative consequences to environmental assets (wetlands, endangered species, protected resources).

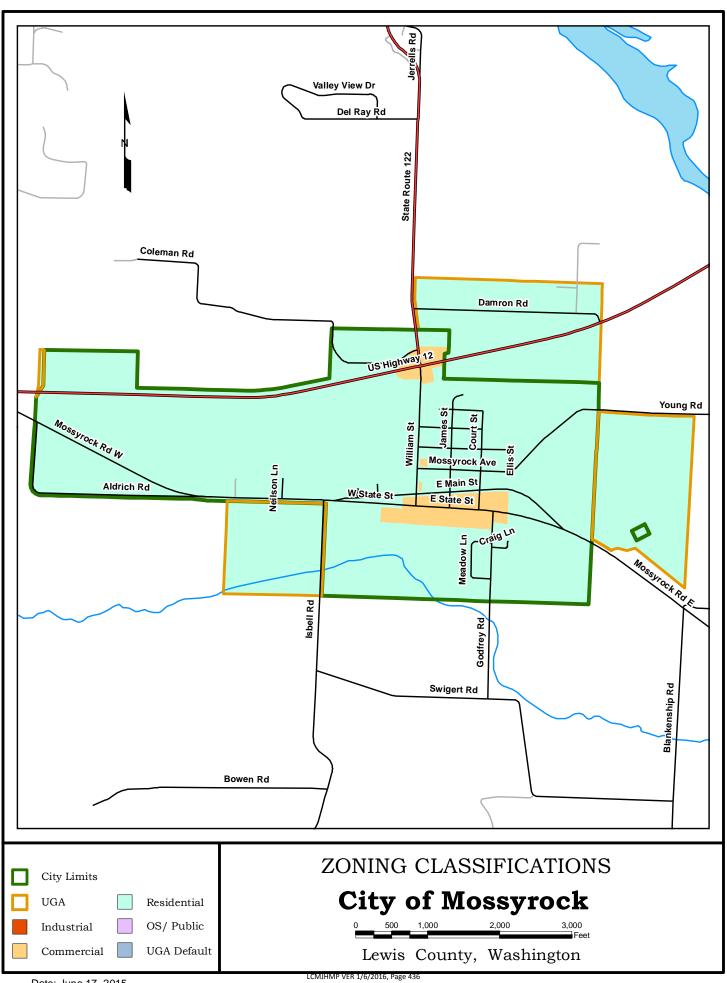
# Mitigation Strategies – Worksheet 3B Agency: Mossyrock

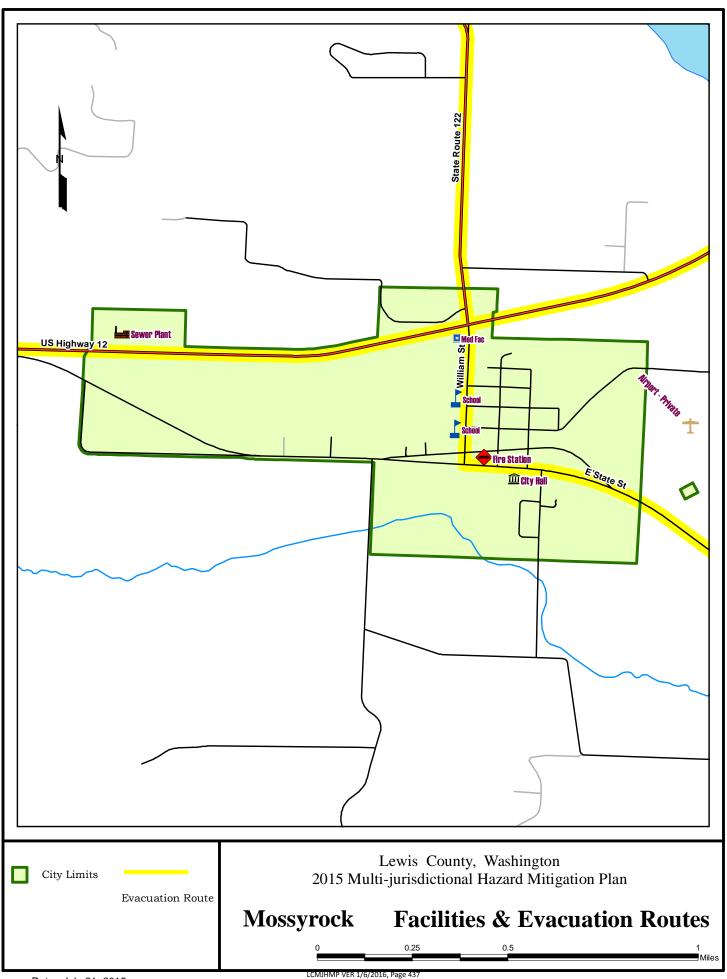
Mit	igation Measures	Hazard Addressed	2010 Plan		Mitigation  Identification (Prevention Property		st-Benefit an rioritization			Implem	entation	
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	(flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Task in 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest	Priority Rating (Low, Medium,	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
Hazard Management	Lift Station #1: Purchase generator and set at site, sandbags for floor control (Lift Station #1)	All	Yes	No (on-going)	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants, Budget		PW
Hazard Management	Purchase generator and set at site, sandbags for flood control (Lift Station #2)	All	Yes	No (on-going)	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants, Budget		PW
Hazard Management	Access building for seismic/ash load capabilities (City Hall)	Volcano	Yes	No (on-going)	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants, Budget		PW
Hazard Management	Video camera system, alarm for unauthorized entry, assessment for structural retrofit (Reservoir #1 & #2)	All	Yes	No (on-going)	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants, Budget		PW
Hazard Management	Video camera system, alarm for unauthorized entry, assessment for structural retrofit (Reservoir #3)	All	Yes	No (on-going)	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants, Budget		PW
Hazard Management	Police Department: Portable generator to run radio base station. Purchase satellite phone (PD)	All	Yes	No (on-going)	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants, Budget		Police
Hazard Management	Gravel and sandbags for flood control. Purchase video camera system. (Wastewater Treatment Plant)	Flood	Yes	No (on-going)	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants, Budget		PW

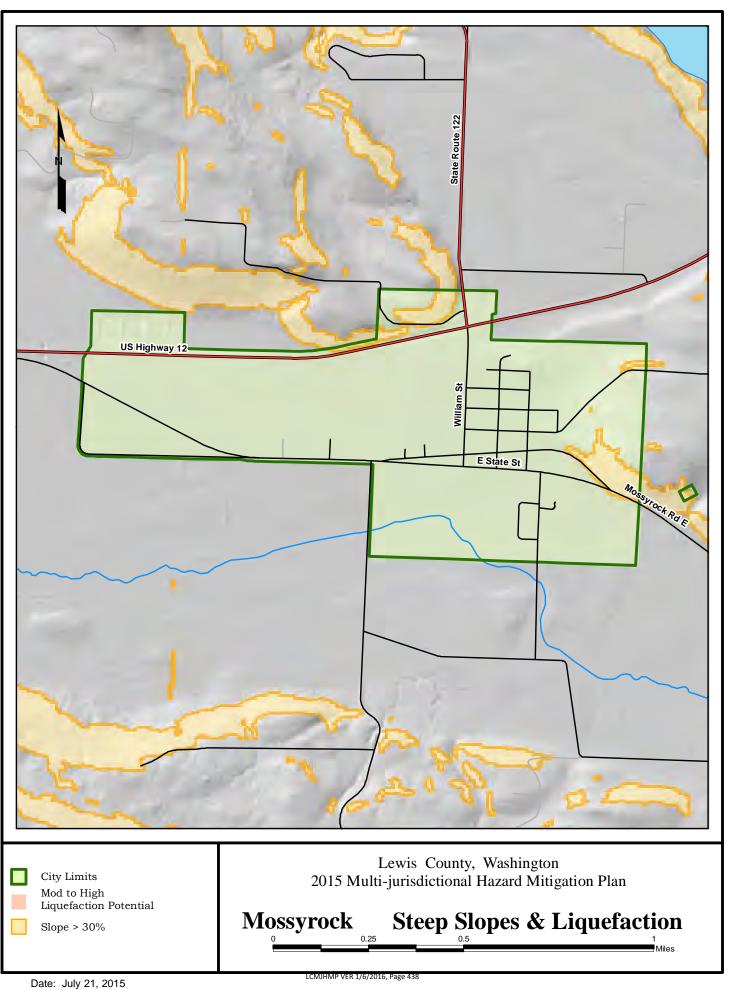
Date: July 2015

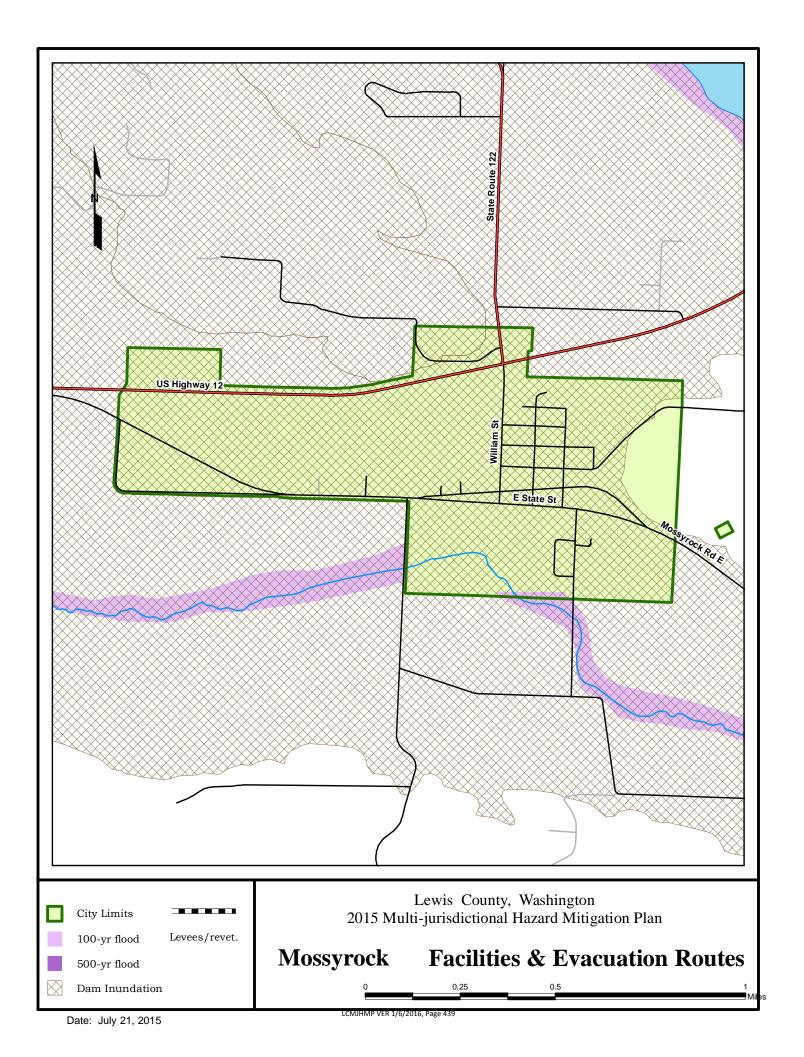
Hazard	Sandbags for flood	Flood	Yes	No	Prevention, Property	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants,	PW
Management	control, have gravel at site, purchase generator, alarm system for unauthorized entry. (Well)			(on-going)	Protection					Budget	
Hazard Management	Access existing generator to power lift station. (Lift #1)	All	Yes	No (on-going)	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants, Budget	PW
Hazard Management	Access existing generator to power lift station (Lift #2)	All	Yes	No (on-going)	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants, Budget	PW
Hazard Management	Elevate above flood level (Lift #2)	Flood	Yes	No (on-going)	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants, Budget	PW
Hazard Management	Have sandbags available during flood event (Lift #2)	Flood	Yes	No (on-going)	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants, Budget	PW
Hazard Management	Access well and determine if a generator can run it. Have sandbags on hand in case of hazard (Wells)	All	Yes	No (on-going)	Prevention, Property Protection	2	3	2	2015-2020	Grants, Budget	PW

Notes
2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task











## JURISDICTION City of Napavine

HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN POINT OF CONTACT										
Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact									
Penny Jo Haney, Deputy Clerk	Cris Dodd									
PO Box 810	PO Box 810									
Napavine WA 98565	Napavine WA 98565									
(360) 262-3547	(360) 262-3547									
phaney@cityofnapavine.com	cdodd@cityofnapavine.com									

**Profile:** The City of Napavine is the third most populated city in Lewis County with a population of 1,690. The city's downtown and amenities lie on the west side of the freeway. On the west side of the freeway are farms, a few businesses, and a few developed subdivisions. According to the United States Census Bureau, the city has a total area of 0.8 square miles.

The City of Napavine is characterized by a broad floodplain and low terraces surrounded by upland valleys of low to moderate relief that have broad, rounded ridges. The elevation of the City is 459 feet above sea level. The Chehalis River winds its way through the valley in which the city resides, and is there joined by a tributary, the Newaukum River. Both rivers are prone to flooding during periods of abnormally heavy or persistent rain, and the lowlands from the freeway westward are particularly susceptible to inundation.

Ranking	g of I	dent	ified	Haz	ards									
	Prev Occuri			ly to ience?		Pro	bability			Exten	t			
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely (100% next yr)	Likely (10- 100% or 1 in 10 yrs)	Possible (1-10% next year or 1/100 yrs)	Unlikely (less than 1% in 100 yrs)	Catastrophic: more than 50% affected	Severe: 25-50% affected	Limited: 0-25% affected	None: 0% affected	Percentage	Rank
Rating Points	20	0	10	0	20	10	6	0	20	10	4	0		
Flooding	20		10		20						4		54%	1
Debris Flow	20		10				6				4		40%	2
Earthquake	20		10				6				4		40%	2
Wind Storm	20		10				6				4		40%	2
Winter Storm	20		10				6				4		40%	2
Volcano	20		10				6				4		40%	2

#### Probability:

Highly Likely: Near 100% probability in the next year.

Likely: Between 10 and 100% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in 10 years.

Possible: Between 1 and 10% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in next 100 years.

Unlikely: Less than 1% probability in next 100 years.

Extent of damage is defined as follows:

Catastrophic: More than 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected

Severe: 25 to 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected Limited: 0 to 25% of the jurisdiction can be affected

None: 0% of the jurisdiction can be affected

#### **Current Hazard Mitigation Codes/Plans/Ordinances**

- Comprehensive Plan, 1997 updated 2006
- Critical Areas Ordinance, 1992 updated 2009
- Water System, 1999 updated 2006
- Sanitary Sewer System, 1980 updated 2004
- Zoning, 1989 updated 2006
- Capital Facilities (improvement) plan, 1997 updated 2008
- Emergency Plan, 2004 updated 2008
- Building Codes, 1974 updated 2006



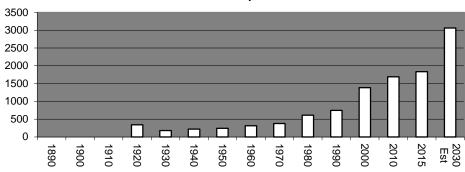
## JURISDICTION <u>City of Napavine</u>

- Floodplain Plans/regulations, 1989 updated 2004
- SEPA, 1997 updated 2006
- Lewis County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, January 2010

Agency Specific Natural Hazard Event History – 1980 to 2015											
Type of Disaster	FEMA Disaster #	Date	Comments								
Severe Winter Storm and Record and Near Record Snow	DR-1825	3/2/2009	Incident 12/12/2008-1/5/2009								
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides, Flooding	DR-1817	1/30/2009	1/6-/16/2009								
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1734	12/8/2007	Incident 12/1-12/17/2007								
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1682	2/14/2007	Incident 12/14-12/15/2006								
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1671	12/12/2006	Incident 11/2-11/11/2006								
Earthquake	DR-1361	3/1/2001	Incident 2/28-3/16/2001								
Severe Winter Storms/Flooding	DR-1159	1/17/1997	Incident 12/26/1996-2/10/1997								
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-1100	Feb. 9, 1996	Incident 1/26-2/23/1996								
Storms, High Winds, Floods	DR-1079	Jan. 3, 1996	Incident 11/7-Dec 18, 1995								
Severe Storm, High Winds	DR-981	March 4, 1993	Incident 1/20-1/21/1993								
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-784	Dec 15, 1986	Incident 11/22-11/29/1986								
Volcanic Eruption – Mt. St. Helens	DR-623	May 21, 1980									

Demographics					
Population	1990	2000	2010	2015	2030 -Projected
Population	745	1,383	1,690	1835	3063

#### City of Napavine Population 1890 to 2015 Office of Financial Management (OFM) April 2015



Quick Facts (US Census)	Napavine	Washington
Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013		3.7%
Persons under 5 years, percent, 2010	5.3%	6.5%
Persons under 18 years, percent definition and source info Persons under 18 years, percent, 2010	29.3%	23.5%
Persons 65 years and over, percent definition and source info Persons 65 years and over, percent, 2010	18.3%	12.3%
High school graduate or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	39.3%	90.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	8.9%	31.9%
Homeownership rate, 2009-2013		63.2%
Housing units in multi-unit structures, percent, 2009-2013		25.6%
Median value of owner-occupied housing units, 2009-2013	\$161,300	\$262,100
Per capita money income in past 12 months (2013 dollars), 2009-2013	\$23,240	\$30,742
Median household income definition and source info Median household income, 2009-2013		\$59,478
Persons below poverty level, percent definition and source info Persons below poverty level, percent, 2009-2013		13.4%
0 110 0 0 110 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	•	•

Source: U.S. Census – Quickfacts, Date Accessed: July 12, 2015. Website: quickfacts.census.gov

Land Designations	
Land area within the existing city limits:	639
Land area within the urban growth area	926
Total land area within city limits and urban growth area	1,565
Land area of residential	423
Land area of commercial	133
Land area of industrial	67



## JURISDICTION <u>City of Napavine</u>

Land area of park, forest, open space

#### **Current and Anticipated Development and Population Trends**

The City of Napavine anticipates slow growth, below 2%, to continue with steady infill development. The City of Napavine is currently home for 1,835 people and is comprised of around 926 acres. Residential uses make up 45% of the city land use, 37% single-family, 7% mobile-home, 1% multi-family using 314 acres of land. There are 59 acres of commercial land (9% of total), 38 acres of industrial land (6% of total). Vacant lands make up a large portion of the total acreage with around 14% as residential, 17% as commercial, and 3% as industrial. However, most of these parcels are scattered lots or contain lands with some environmental constraints such as wetlands or steep-slopes.

Categories	2014	Approximate Value (\$)
	15.5	10+ M
Miles of Street and Roads	18	14+ M
Sanitary Sewer	7	3+ M
Storm Sewer	14	11+ M
Water lines		11+ IVI
Electrical lines	N/A- provided by LCPUD	
Critical Facilities		
Critical Facilities	Address	Approximate Value (\$)
Booster Pump Station	407 Birch St.	275,368
Napavine City Hall	407 Birch Ave. SW	116,856
Public Works Building #2	115 Second Ave. SE	438,000
Rush Road Bridge	Rush Road	
Sewer Pump Station #1	Rush Road	413,051
Sewer Pump Station #2	Jefferson St. E. & 2nd Ave. NE	413,051
Sewer Pump Station #3	207 Washington St. W.	27,538
Sewer Pump Station #4	Third Ave. NW	50,400
Sewer Pump Station #5	Chieri Court – Napa Estates	13,769
Water Well #1	214 Front Ave. SE	99,271
Water Well #2	214 Front Ave. SE	16,523
Water Well #3	401 Rowell St. E	16,523
Water Well #4	323 Birch Ave. SW	22,030
Water Well #5	323 Birch Ave. SW	12,000
Flood Information		
Percentage of existing city limits within the 10	00-year flood plain	
Assessor's valuation of private properties wit	· · ·	
Critical Facilities within the 100-	,	
Facility	Address	Approximate Value (\$)
	7.44.03	
NEID/CDS Section		
NFIP/CRS Section NFIP/CRS Community		No
Community Rating Classification		N/A
Building Code Effective Grading Schedule		Class X
NFIP Membership		No.
·		
NFIP Compliance Violations?	Voc. Flood man is worth at F2025 44 704 A. F5	Yes, Sanctioned 2/14/1976
FEMA Floodplain Maps Adopted	Yes, Flood map is number 5302541781A, 53	302541782A, 530254IND0A, effective on 7/17/2006



## JURISDICTION <u>City of Napavine</u>

Floodplain Administrator	No
Certified Floodplain Manager	No
Floodplain Ordinance Adoption	Adopted 2009
StormReady Jurisdiction	No
Firewise Jurisdiction	No

Previous Action Plan Implementation			
Mitigation Strategy	Completed 2010-2014	Carried Over to 2015 Plan	Removed or No Longer Feasible
Continue to evaluate large trees and high wind hazards and upkeep of control equipment	No	Yes	
Continue to monitor flood ways at Exit 72 in flood area and keeping free of blockage and debris	No	Yes	
Keep equipment and emergency vehicles available for likely occurrences	No	Yes	
Booster Pump Station: Assess building and infrastructure for structural integrity	No	Yes	
City Hall: Assess building for structural damage	No	Yes	
Rush Road Bridge: Assess structure for integral damage	No	Yes	
Sewer Pump Stations #1-5: Assess buildings and infrastructure for damage	No	Yes	
Water Wells #1-5: Assess buildings and infrastructure for damage	No	Yes	
Continue to enforce the CAO's	No	Yes	
Continue to enforce Shorelines' Management Plan	No	Yes	

#### **Attached Documents**

- Public Facilities Map
- Hazard Identification Worksheet(s)
- Mitigation Strategies Worksheet(s)
- Steep Slopes and Liquefaction Map
- Flood Hazard Map
- HAZUS-MH: Flood Results

## HAZARD IDENTIFICATION WORKSHEET

Date Completed: 7/25/2015

Which Agency are you representing? City of Napavine

Title: Deputy Clerk Name: Penny Jo Haney Email: phaney@cityofnapavine.com Telephone #: 360.262.3547 x228

Address: City: ZIP:

#### For each Hazard, please fill out the table below based on the following questions:

- Previous Occurrence: Is there a historic record of this type of hazard happening here? Yes or No
- **Likely to Experience:** Are you likely to experience this type of hazard in the future? Yes or No
- Probability: Based on history, what is the likelihood of this event happening again? Highly Likely, Likely, Possible. Unlikely
- Extent: If this hazard event were to happen, how extensive could the damage be? Catastrophic, Severe, Limited. None

		rious rence?		Likely to Probability Extent Experience?				tent				
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Catastrophic	Severe	Limited	None
Avalanche		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Coastal Erosion		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Coastal Storm		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Dam Failure		Х		Х				Х				Х
Debris Flow	Х		Х				Х				Х	
Drought		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Earthquake	Х		Х				Х				Х	
Expansive Soils		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Extreme Heat		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Flooding	Х		Х		Х						Х	
Hailstorm		Х		Χ				Х				Χ
Hurricane		Х		Χ				Х				Χ
Land Subsidence		Х		Χ				Х				Χ
Landslide		Х		Χ				X				Χ
Levee Failure		Х		Χ				X				Χ
Severe Thunder Storm		Х		Х				Х				Х
Severe Wind Storm	Х		Х				Х				Χ	
Severe Winter Storm	Х		Χ				Х				Х	
Tornado		Х		Х				Х				Х
Tsunami		Х		Х				Х				Х
Volcano	Х		Х				Х				Х	
Wildfire		Х		Х								
Other:		_		_			_		_	_		

Which of the following does your agency have? (Circle One)									
Comprehensive Plan	Yes / No / NA	Date completed:	August 2006						
Critical Areas Ordinance	Yes / No / NA	Date completed:	Adopted 2009						
Does your agency have an emergency	plan? Y	es / No / NA							

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2A	Date Completed: July 25, 20105					
Which Agency are you representing? Napavine						
Name: Penny Jo Haney		Title:				
Email:		Telephone #:				
Address:	City:		ZIP:			

Task A: Inventory the critical facilities that can be damaged by a hazard event. Please fill out the table below.

				3 X 0 0 X 0 X 0 X							
Name of Building/Business	Address	Contact Information (Telephone #)	Occupancy #	Educational	Government	Hospital	Non/Profit	Public Safety	Residential	Utilities	Other
Booster Pump Station	407 Birch St.	360.262.9344	0							Х	
Napavine City Hall	407 Birch Ave. SW	360.262.9344	15		Χ						
Public Works Building #2	115 Second Ave. SE	360.262.9344	3		Χ						
Rush Road Bridge	Rush Road	360.262.9344	0								Χ
Sewer Pump Station #1	Rush Road	360.262.9344	0							Χ	
Sewer Pump Station #2	Jefferson St. E. & 2nd Ave. NE	360.262.9344	0							Х	
Sewer Pump Station #3	207 Washington St. W.	360.262.9344	0							Х	
Sewer Pump Station #4	Third Ave. NW	360.262.9344	0							Χ	
Sewer Pump Station #5	Chieri Court – Napa Estates	360.262.9344	0							Х	
Water Well #1	214 Front Ave. SE	360.262.9344	0							Χ	
Water Well #2	214 Front Ave. SE	360.262.9344	0							Χ	
Water Well #3	401 Rowell St. E	360.262.9344	0							Χ	
Water Well #4	323 Birch Ave. SW	360.262.9344	0							Х	
Water Well #5	323 Birch Ave. SW	360.262.9344	0							Χ	
										$\longmapsto$	
										igwdown	
										$\vdash$	$\vdash$
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ASSET INVENTORY W	ORKSHEET 2B - 2015										Date	Completed:	7/25/20	15	
Which Agency are you	representing: City of N	apavine									•				
Name:										Title:					
Email:										Telephone #	<b>#</b> :				
Address:						С	ity:		ı			Zip	i i		
•	tailed inventory of wha (critical facilities, busine	_	-				areas a	and ar	eas of	special con	sideration) t	hat can be	damage	d by a ha	azard
1. Avalan 2. Dam Fi 3. Debris 4. Drough 5. Earthq 6. Expans 7. Extrem	ailure       9. Hailst         Flow       10. Hurr         ht       11. Land         juake       12. Land         sive Soils       13. Leve	orm icane I Subsidence	16. S 17. T 18. V							BUILDING MATERIA		a. Masonry b. concrete c. Concrete d. Brick e. Stick f. Metal	h. <i>i</i>	Steel Asphalt	
Name or description of Asset (building)	Address	Hazard(s) List all that apply (See legend above)	Critical Facility	Transportation	Utility System	Comm. System	Economic Assets	Special consideration	Historic/Other	Size of Building (sq. ft.)	Replacement Value (\$)	Contents Value (\$)	Displacement (\$ per day)	Occupancy or capacity (#)	Structural – building materials
Booster Pump Station	407 Birch St.	3,5,8,15,16,18			х					800	275,368	229,473	629	0	
Napavine City Hall	407 Birch Ave. SW	5,15,16,18	Х							6,400	116,856	97,380	267	15	E
Public Works Building #2	115 Second Ave. SE	5,15,16,18	Х							3,168	438,000	365,000	1,000	3	E,f
Rush Road Bridge	Rush road	3,5,8,15,16,18		Х											В
Sewer Pump Station #1	Rush Road	3,5,8,15,16,18			Х					576	413,051	344,209	943	0	B,d
Sewer Pump Station #2	Jefferson St. E. & 2 <sup>nd</sup> Ave. NE	3,5,8,15,16,18			Х					120	413,051	344,209	943	0	B,d
Sewer Pump Station #3	207 Washington St. W.	3,5,8,15,16,18			Х					120	27,538	22,948	63	0	B,d
Sewer Pump Station #4	Third Ave. NW	3,5,8,15,16,18			Х					120	50,400	42,000	115	0	B,d
Sewer Pump Station #5	Chieri Court-Napa Estates	3,5,8,15,16,18			Х					120	13,769	11,474	31	0	Wet well

Water Well #1	214 Front Ave. SE	3,5,8,15,16,18	Х			576	99,271	82,726	227	0	B,d
Water Well #2	214 Front Ave. SE	3,5,8,15,16,18	Х			100	16,523	13,769	38	0	B,d
Water Well #3	401 Rowell St. E	3,5,8,15,16,18	Х			100	16,523	13,769	38	0	B,d
Water Well #4	323 Birch Ave. SW	3,5,8,15,16,18	х			120	22,030	18,358	50	0	B,d
Water Well #5	323 Birch Ave. SW	3,5,8,15,16,18	Х			100	12,000	10,000	16	0	Hot box

Date Completed: July 2015

Which Agency are you representing? City of Napavine

Name: Steve Ashley and Penny Jo Haney	Title: Public Works Director &
	Deputy Clerk
Email: sashley@cityofnapavine.com and	Telephone #: 360.262.9344 and
phaney@cityofnapavine.com	360.262.3547 x228
Address: P.O. Box 810	City: Napavine ZIP: 98565

Task C. Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard:Debris Flow	
--------------------	--

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	624	2	.003				1710	5	.003
Commercial	17	8	47						
Industrial									
Agricultural									
Religious/	3	0	0					0	0
Non-profit	Ü	O	Ü					· ·	Ü
Government	14	0	0	1,595,315	0	0	15	0	0
Education									
Utilities		-			-				
Total	658	10	47.003	1,595,315	0	0	1725	5	.003

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

Date Completed: July 2015

Which Agency are you representing? City of Napavine

Name: Steve Ashley and Penny Jo Haney

Title: Public Works Director & Deputy Clerk

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Address: P.O. Box 810

Title: Public Works Director & Deputy Clerk

Telephone #: 360.262.9344 and 360.262.3547 x228

City: Napavine ZIP: 98565

Task C. Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: \_\_\_\_\_Earthquake\_\_\_\_\_

	Numbe	Number of Structures			of Structu	ıres	Number of People		
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	624	2	.003				1710	5	.003
Commercial	17	8	47						
Industrial									
Agricultural									
Religious/ Non-profit	3	0	0					0	0
Government	14	0	0	1,595,315	0	0	15	0	0
Education									
Utilities									
Total	658	10	47.003	1,595,315	0	0	1725	5	.003

- 8. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 9. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 10. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 11. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 12. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 13. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 14. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

Date Completed: July 2015

Which Agency are you representing? City of Napavine

Name: Steve Ashley and Penny Jo Haney

Title: Public Works Director & Deputy Clerk

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City: Napavine ZIP: 98565

Task C. Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: \_\_\_\_Flooding\_\_\_\_

	Numbe	Number of Structures			of Structu	ıres	Number of People		
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	624	2	.003				1710	5	.003
Commercial	17	8	47						
Industrial									
Agricultural									
Religious/ Non-profit	3	0	0					0	0
Government	14	0	0	1,595,315	0	0	15	0	0
Education									
Utilities									
Total	658	10	47.003	1,595,315	0	0	1725	5	.003

- 15. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 16. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 17. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 18. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 19. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 20. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 21. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

Date Completed: July 2015

Which Agency are you representing? City of Napavine

Name: Steve Ashley and Penny Jo Haney

Title: Public Works Director & Deputy Clerk

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Title: Public Works Director & Deputy Clerk

Telephone #: 360.262.9344 and 360.262.3547 x228

City: Napavine ZIP: 98565

Task C. Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: \_\_\_\_Severe Wind Storm\_\_\_\_\_

	Number of Structures			Value	of Structu	ıres	Number of People		
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	624	2	.003				1710	5	.003
Commercial	17	8	47						
Industrial									
Agricultural									
Religious/ Non-profit	3	0	0					0	0
Government	14	0	0	1,595,315	0	0	15	0	0
Education									
Utilities									
Total	658	10	47.003	1,595,315	0	0	1725	5	.003

- 22. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 23. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 24. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 25. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 26. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 27. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 28. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

Date Completed: July 2015

Which Agency are you representing? City of Napavine

Name: Steve Ashley and Penny Jo Haney

Title: Public Works Director & Deputy Clerk

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Address: P.O. Box 810

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Telephone #: 360.262.9344 and 360.262.3547 x228

City: Napavine ZIP: 98565

Task C. Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: \_\_\_\_Severe Snow/Winter Storm\_\_\_\_

	Number of Structures			Value	of Structu	ıres	Number of People		
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	624	2	.003				1710	5	.003
Commercial	17	8	47						
Industrial									
Agricultural									
Religious/ Non-profit	3	0	0					0	0
Government	14	0	0	1,595,315	0	0	15	0	0
Education									
Utilities									
Total	658	10	47.003	1,595,315	0	0	1725	5	.003

- 29. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 30. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 31. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 32. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 33. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 34. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 35. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

Date Completed: July 2015

Which Agency are you representing? City of Napavine

Name: Steve Ashley and Penny Jo Haney

Title: Public Works Director & Deputy Clerk

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Address: P.O. Box 810

Title: Public Works Director & Deputy Clerk

Telephone #: 360.262.9344 and 360.262.3547 x228

City: Napavine ZIP: 98565

Task C. Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: \_\_\_\_\_Volcano\_\_\_\_\_

	Numbe	Number of Structures			of Structu	ıres	Number of People		
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	624	2	.003				1710	5	.003
Commercial	17	8	47						
Industrial									
Agricultural									
Religious/ Non-profit	3	0	0					0	0
Government	14	0	0	1,595,315	0	0	15	0	0
Education									
Utilities									
Total	658	10	47.003	1,595,315	0	0	1725	5	.003

- 36. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 37. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 38. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 39. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 40. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 41. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 42. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

## Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE - Worksheet 3A

Agency: Napavine

Category Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Hazard Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Social (Yes or No)	Technical (Yes or No)	Administrative (Yes or No)	Political (Yes or No)	Legal (Yes or No)	Economical (Yes or No)	Environmental (Yes or No)	Responsible Department/Agency
Continue to evaluate large trees and high wind hazards and upkeep of control equipment	Wind	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Public Works
Continue to monitor flood ways at Exit 72 in flood area and keeping free of blockage and debris	Flood	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Public Works
Keep equipment and emergency vehicles available for likely occurrences	Earthquake	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Public Works
Booster Pump Station: Assess building and infrastructure for structural integrity	Earthquake	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Public Works
City Hall: Assess building for structural damage	Earthquake	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Public Works
Rush Road Bridge: Assess structure for integral damage	Flooding	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Public Works
Sewer Pump Stations #1-5: Assess buildings and infrastructure for damage	Earthquake	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Public Works
Water Wells #1-5: Assess buildings and infrastructure for damage	Earthquake	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Public Works
Continue to enforce the CAO's	Flooding and water retention	N	Y	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	Community Development
Continue to enforce Shorelines' Management Plan	Flooding	N	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	Community Development
				_					

Date: 7/25/2015

#### Notes

- S: Social The public must support the overall implementation strategy and specific mitigation actions.
- T: Technical It is important to determine if the proposed action is technically feasible, will help reduce losses in the long term, and has minimal secondary impacts.
- A: Administrative Under this part of the evaluation criteria, examine the anticipated staffing, funding, and maintenance requirements for the mitigation action to be implemented.
- P: Political Understanding how your community and State leadership feels about issues related to the environment, economic development, safety, and emergency management.
- L: Legal When considering this criterion, determine whether your agency has the legal authority at the State, or local level to implement the action, or if new laws will need to be passed.
- E: Economic Cost-effective mitigation actions that can be funded in current or upcoming budget cycles are much more likely to be implemented.
- E: Environmental Evaluate whether, when implementing mitigation actions, there would be negative consequences to environmental assets (wetlands, endangered species, protected resources).

# Mitigation Strategies – Worksheet 3B Agency: Napavine

Mitig	ation Measures	Hazard Addressed	20	010 Plan	Mitigation Identification		st-Benefit ar rioritization		Implementation			
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	(flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Task in 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Re: 1 = 3 =		Priority Rating (Low, Medium,	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
Critical Areas Ordinance (CAO)	Continue to enforce the CAO's	Flooding and water retention	Yes	Yes – ongoing	Prevention, property protection and public awareness	3	3	Low	On-going	Budget	0	Community Development
Shorelines Management Plan	Continue to enforce Shorelines' Management Plan	Flooding	Yes	Yes- ongoing	Prevention, property protection and public awareness	3	3	Low	On-going	Budget	0	Community Development

Date: 7/25/2015

#### Notes

2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task

## **Critical Facilities Mitigation Strategies - Worksheet 3C**

Agency:	Nap	avine
	- 100	

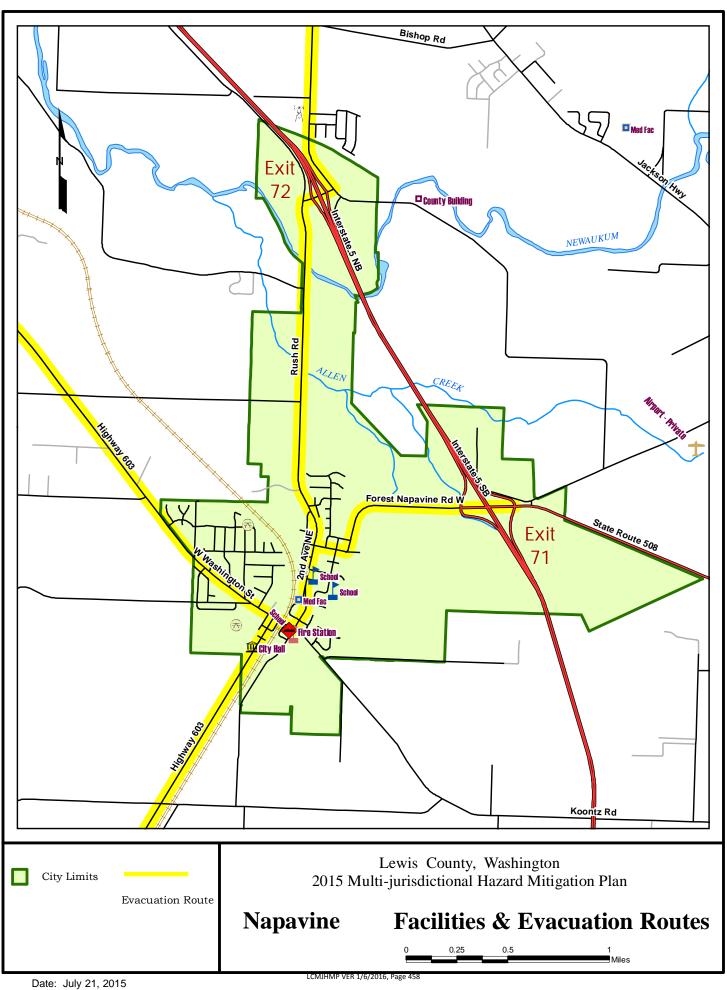
Mitig	ation Measures	Hazard Addressed	20	10 Plan	Mitigation Identification		-Benefit ar oritization			lmpl	ementati	on
Facility	Mitigation Strategy	(All, flooding, landslide, earthquake, volcanic, etc)	Task listed in the 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 3 = Hinhast	Priority Rating (Low,	<b>Timeline</b> (schedule)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
Booster Pump Station	Assess building and infrastructure for structural integrity (Booster Pump Station)	Earthquake	Yes	No	Prevention, property protection	3	3	Low	2015- 2020	Project planning, grants,	1,000	Public Works Director
Napavine City Hall	Assess building for structural damage (City Hall)	Earthquake	Yes	No	Prevention, property protection	3	3	Low	2015- 2020	Budget, project planning, grants	1,000	Building Official
Rush Road Bridge	Assess structure for integral damage (Rush Road Bridge)	Flooding	Yes	Yes – ongoing	Prevention property protection, structural projects	3	3	Low	2015- 2020	Budget, grants	2,500	Lewis County
Sewer Pump Stations #1-5	Assess buildings and infrastructure for damage (Sewer Pump Stations #1-5)	Earthquake	Yes	No	Prevention property protection	3	3	Low	2015- 2020	Project planning, grants	5,000	Sewer Department
Water Wells #1-5	Assess buildings and infrastructure for damage (Water Wells #1-5)	Earthquake	Yes	No	Prevention property protection	3	3	Low	2015- 2020	Project planning, grants	5,000	Water Department

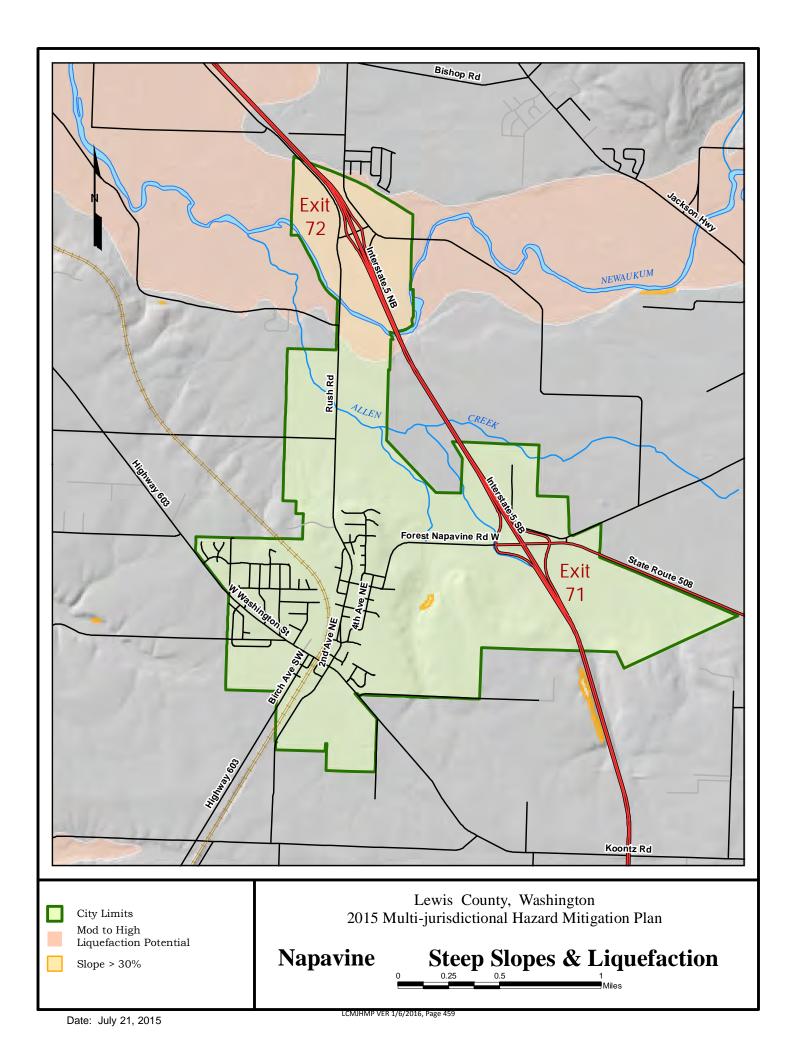
Date: 7/25/2015

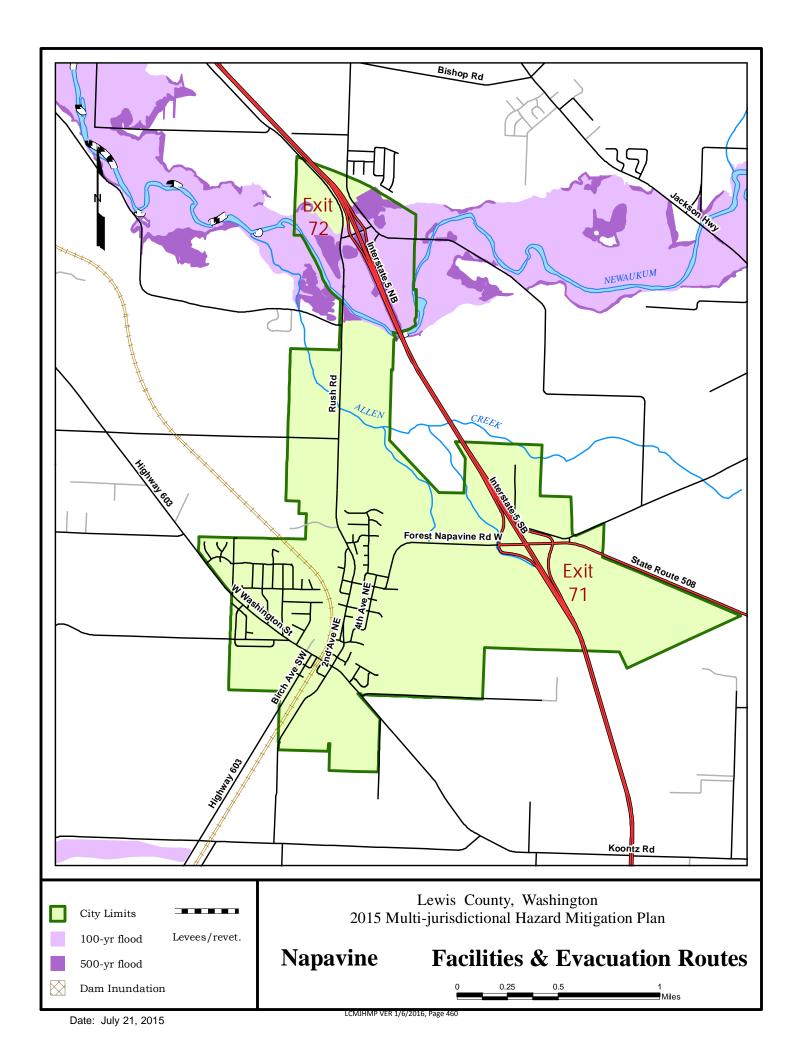
#### Notes

Facility: Critical facility
Mitigation Strategy: description of mitigation or task
2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan

Timeline: give approximate timeframe of completing this task
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task









HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN POINT OF CONTACT							
Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact						
Michelle Whitten							
PO Box 236							
Toledo WA 98591							
(360) 864-4564							
cityoftoledo@toledotel.com							

**Profile:** The City of Toledo is the sixth most populated city in Lewis County. The city is east of Interstate 5 at a point almost exactly halfway between Seattle, Washington and Portland, Oregon. The city is constructed along State Route 505 which runs right through the middle of the community.

The City's downtown and its amenities lie on the east side of the freeway, nestled at the base of a small range of hills. The Cowlitz River skirts the eastside of the community and is a major natural feature of the City. There are parks, schools, farms, and a small lake in the community. There is a small airport located north of the city.

According to the United States Census Bureau, the city has a total area of .3 square miles and an elevation of 121 feet. The City of Toledo is characterized by a broad floodplain and low terraces surrounded by upland valleys of low to moderate relief that have broad, rounded ridges.

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1:4-141			d raya	Hazard	ıĸ
INCLIN	<b>—</b> 1.	.1-111-11		II II GIZGILL	

	Prev Occuri	ious rence?	Like Experi	•		Pro	bability			Exten	t			
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely (100% next yr)	Likely (10- 100% or 1 in 10 yrs)	Possible (1-10% next year or 1/100 yrs)	Unlikely (less than 1% in 100 yrs)	Catastrophic: more than 50% affected	Severe: 25-50% affected	Limited: 0-25% affected	None: 0% affected	Percentage	Rank
Rating Points	20	0	10	0	20	10	6	0	20	10	4	0		
Volcano	20		10				6			10			46%	1
Thunder Storm	20		10			10					4		44%	2
Wind Storm	20		10			10					4		44%	2
Earthquake	20		10				6				4		40%	3
Flooding	20		10				6				4		40%	3
Landslide	20		10				6				4		40%	3
Winter Storm	20		10				6				4		40%	3

#### Probability

Highly Likely: Near 100% probability in the next year.

Likely: Between 10 and 100% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in 10 years. Possible: Between 1 and 10% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in next 100 years.

Unlikely: Less than 1% probability in next 100 years.

#### Extent of damage is defined as follows:

Catastrophic: More than 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected  $\,$ 

Severe: 25 to 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected Limited: 0 to 25% of the jurisdiction can be affected

None: 0% of the jurisdiction can be affected

#### **Current Hazard Mitigation Codes/Plans/Ordinances**

- Lewis County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan, 2010
- Comprehensive Land Use Plan, December 2005
- Critical Areas Ordinance, April 1998
- Subdivision Ordinance
- Emergency Plan

#### Agency Specific Natural Hazard Event History - 1980 to 2015

Agency specific reactaral real at the restory	300 to 2013		
Type of Disaster	FEMA Disaster #	Date	Comments



Severe Winter Storm and Record and Near Record Snow	DR-1825	3/2/2009	Incident 12/12/2008-1/5/2009
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides, Flooding	DR-1817	1/30/2009	1/6-/16/2009
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1734	12/8/2007	Incident 12/1-12/17/2007
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1682	2/14/2007	Incident 12/14-12/15/2006
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1671	12/12/2006	Incident 11/2-11/11/2006
Earthquake	DR-1361	3/1/2001	Incident 2/28-3/16/2001
Severe Winter Storms/Flooding	DR-1159	1/17/1997	Incident 12/26/1996-2/10/1997
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-1100	Feb. 9, 1996	Incident 1/26-2/23/1996
Storms, High Winds, Floods	DR-1079	Jan. 3, 1996	Incident 11/7-Dec 18, 1995
Severe Storm, High Winds	DR-981	March 4, 1993	Incident 1/20-1/21/1993
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-784	Dec 15, 1986	Incident 11/22-11/29/1986
Volcanic Eruption – Mt. St. Helens	DR-623	May 21, 1980	

	Demographics					
	Donulation	1990	2000	2010	2015	2030 -Projected
Population	586	653	695	725	1131	

## 

Quick Facts (US Census)	Toledo	Washington
Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013		3.7%
Persons under 5 years, percent, 2010	6.0%	6.5%
Persons under 18 years, percent definition and source info Persons under 18 years, percent, 2010	20.6%	23.5%
Persons 65 years and over, percent definition and source info Persons 65 years and over, percent, 2010	14.3%	12.3%
High school graduate or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	90.2%	90.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	10%	31.9%
Homeownership rate, 2009-2013		63.2%
Housing units in multi-unit structures, percent, 2009-2013		25.6%
Median value of owner-occupied housing units, 2009-2013		\$262,100
Per capita money income in past 12 months (2013 dollars), 2009-2013		\$30,742
Median household income definition and source info Median household income, 2009-2013	35,521	\$59,478
Persons below poverty level, percent definition and source info Persons below poverty level, percent, 2009-2013	23.3%	13.4%

Source: U.S. Census – Quickfacts, Date Accessed: July 12, 2015. Website: quickfacts.census.gov

Land Designations	
Land Area within the existing city limits:	149
Total land area within city limits and urban growth area	334
Land area of residential	89
Land area of commercial	12
Land area of park, forest, open space	208

#### **Current and Anticipated Development and Population Trends**



The City of Toledo expects slow growth to continue. Residential areas make up 607 acres almost one third of the land used in the community and consist primarily of single family homes although there are also a small number of duplexes and apartments. Single family housing densities generally range from 4.4 to 7.3 dwellings per acre. Public rights-of-way both developed and non-developed covers 48.7 acres (25% of total area), and 25.2 acres (13%) of city land is used for public buildings facilities and parks.

The City of Toledo contains 6 acres of commercial land (3% of total area) concentrated mostly in the downtown and along Kellogg Way and 5th Street. School and churches make up 9% of the total area, and non-urban uses such as agriculture use 5 %. Vacant land at 28 acres makes up14% of total area. However most of this land consists of steep-slopes, drainage areas, creek beds, and wetlands. These areas could only be developed at a significant financial cost or environmental impact. The majority of this land as well as the 10 acres of agricultural land will be encouraged to remain as open space as this is integral to the rural development patterns of the city.

Categories	2014		Approximate Value	(\$)			
Miles of Street and Roads	6			\$3,948,000			
Sanitary Sewer	25,710 feet						
Storm Sewer	Unknown						
Water lines	36,006 feet						
Electrical lines	N/A - Provided by LCPL	ID					
Miles of Street and Roads							
Critical Facilities	Address		Appro	oximate Value (\$)			
City Hall	130 N Second Street			990,000			
Water Tower	1166 St Rt 505			250,000			
Sewer System	801 S First St			8.0 M			
Flood Information							
Percentage of existing city limits within the	100-year flood plain						
Assessor's valuation of private properties w	ithin the 100-year flood plain						
Critical Facilities within the 100	-year flood plain						
Facility	Address		Approximate Value (\$)				
WWTP	801 S First			WWTP			
NFIP/CRS Section							
NFIP/CRS Community				No			
Community Rating Classification				N/A			
Building Code Effective Grading Schedule			Class XX				
NFIP Membership			Ye	s, 9/14/1979			
NFIP Compliance Violations?			None				
FEMA Floodplain Maps Adopted	Flood maps number5303030001A, e on12/15/1981	ffective on11/0	05/1980 & flood map no	umber5301020465B, effective			
Recently Community Assistant Visit or Com	munity Assistance Contact			N/A			
Floodplain Administrator				No			
Certified Floodplain Manager				No			
Floodplain Ordinance Adoption			CA	.O, April 1998			
StormReady Jurisdiction				No			
Firewise Jurisdiction				No			
Previous Action Plan Implemer	ntation						
Mitigation Strategies		C	ompleted 2010-2014	Carried Over to 2015 Plan			
Continue to enforce the flood ordinance wh	nich is based on NFIP model	Y	es	Yes-ongoing			



Continue to require and maintain elevation certificates for permitted development within the floodplain	Yes	Yes-ongoing
Contract with Lewis County to provide emergency services	Yes	Yes-ongoing
Maintain map of Critical Areas in permit application office	Yes	Yes-ongoing
Continue using SEPA authority to ensure large projects provide for Hazard Mitigation	Yes	Yes-ongoing
City Hall: Inspect and evaluate building annually	Yes	Yes – ongoing
WWTP: Inspect and evaluate building annually	YEs	Yes-ongoing

#### **Attached Documents**

- Land Use Map
- Public Facilities Map
- Hazard Identification Worksheet(s)
- Mitigation Strategies Worksheet(s)
- Steep Slopes and Liquefaction Map
- Flood Hazard Map
- HAZUS-MH: Flood Results

## HAZARD IDENTIFICATION WORKSHEET

Date Completed: **May 6, 2015** 

Which Agency are you representing? City of Toledo

Name: Michelle Whitten

Email: cityoftoledo@toledotel.com

Address: PO Box 236

Title: City Clerk/Treasurer

Telephone #: 360-864-4564

City: Toledo

ZIP: 98591

#### For each Hazard, please fill out the table below based on the following questions:

- Previous Occurrence: Is there a historic record of this type of hazard happening here? Yes or No
- Likely to Experience: Are you likely to experience this type of hazard in the future? Yes or No
- **Probability:** Based on history, what is the likelihood of this event happening again? *Highly Likely, Likely, Possible, Unlikely*
- Extent: If this hazard event were to happen, how extensive could the damage be? Catastrophic, Severe, Limited, None

		evious urrence?		cely to erience?		Prob	ability			Ex	tent	
Hazard Type	Yes	N <sub>o</sub>	Yes	N <sub>O</sub>	Highly Likely	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Catastrophic	Severe	Limited	None
Avalanche		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Coastal Erosion		Χ		Χ				X				Χ
Coastal Storm		Χ		Χ				X				Χ
Dam Failure		Χ		Χ				X				Χ
Debris Flow		Χ		Χ				X				Х
Drought		Χ		Χ				X				Χ
Earthquake	X		Χ				Χ				Χ	
Expansive Soils		Χ		Χ				X				Χ
Extreme Heat		Χ		Χ				X				Χ
Flooding	Х		Χ				X				X	
Hailstorm		Χ		Χ				Χ				Χ
Hurricane		Χ		Х				X				Х
Land Subsidence		Χ		Х				Х				X
Landslide	Χ		Χ				X				X	
Levee Failure		Χ		Х				X				Х
Severe Thunder Storm	Χ		Χ			Х					X	
Severe Wind Storm	Χ		Χ			Х					X	
Severe Winter Storm	Χ		Χ				Х				Х	
Tornado		Χ		Х				Х				Χ
Tsunami		Χ		Χ				X				Х
Volcano	Χ		Χ				Х			Х		
Wildfire		Χ		Х				Х				Χ
Other:												

Which of the following does	your agency have?	(Circle One)	
Comprehensive Plan	Yes / No / NA	Date completed: <b>December 2005</b>	
Critical Areas Ordinance	Yes / No / NA	Date completed: April 1998	
Does your agency have an emerg	ency plan? Yes	s / No / NA	

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2A	Date Completed: May 6, 2015					
Which Agency are you representing?	City of Toledo					
Name: Michelle Whitten	Title: City Clerk/Treasurer					
Email: cityoftoledo@toledotel.com	Telephone #: 3	60-864-4564				
Address: PO Box 236	City: Toledo ZIP: 98591					

Task A: Inventory the critical facilities that can be damaged by a hazard event. Please fill out the table below.

						Si	tru	cture l	Jse		
Name of Building/Business	Address	Contact Information (Telephone #)	Occupancy #	Educational	Government	Hospital	Non/Profit	Public Safety	Residential	Utilities	Other
ExampleCity Hall	123 Hall Drive	360-123-4567	1234		Χ						
City Hall	130 N. Second St.	360-864-4564	7		Χ						
WWTP	1000 S. Fifth St.	360-864-4564	2							Х	
Water Tower	1166 St Rte. 505	360-864-4564	2							Х	
District Office	116 Ramsey Way	360-864-2391	6	Χ							
Toledo Kindergarten	415 S. Sixth St.	360-864-4761	10	Χ							
Toledo Elementary	311 S. Sixth St.	360-864-4761	306	Χ							
Toledo Middle	155 N. Fifth St.	360-864-2395	185	Χ							
Alternative School	130 N. Fifth St.	360-864-2391	37	Χ							
L.C. Head Start	200 N. Second St.	360-864-2350	20	Χ							
Lovell's	112 Cowlitz St.	360-864-2121	5								Χ
Short Stop	560 N. Fifth St.	360-864-2211	4								Χ
Valley View Health	117 Ramsey Way	360-864-4400	20								Χ
IGA Fresh Market	400 Cowlitz St.	360-864-2161	20								Χ
Toledo Senior Ctr.	150 Coal St.	360-864-2112	45								Χ
Toledotel (equipment)	116 Ramsey Way	360-864-4552	0								Χ
Timberland Bank	101 Ramsey Way	360-864-6102	6								Χ

ASSET INVE	NTORY WORKSHEET 2	<sup>1</sup> B - 2015								Date	e Complete	d: <b>May 6</b>	, 2015	
Which Agen	ncy are you representir	ng: City of Toledo								J.				
Name: Mich	nelle Whitten							Т	itle: City C	lerk/Treas	urer			
Email: cit	tyoftoledo@toledotel	.com						Т	elephone	#: 360-864	-4564			
Address:	PO Box 236				С	ity: <b>Tole</b>	edo		-		Zip: <b>9859</b>	1		
•	ie assets (Critical facilii	ties, businesses, historic, cultur		ai resoui	ce area	is and a	icas oi	эрссі	ai conside		it can be da	magear	by a mazi	arc
event.				ai resoui	ce area	and a		эрссі	ai conside		t can be da	magea i	y a maz	aru
•	1. Avalanche	8. Flooding	15. Sev	vere Wind	Storm			эрссі	ai conside		a. Masonry		Steel	aru
•	Avalanche     Dam Failure		15. Sev 16. Sev	vere Wind vere Winte	Storm			эрссі		,	a. Masonry b. concrete	y g. e h.		arc
•	1. Avalanche	8. Flooding 9. Hailstorm	15. Sev 16. Sev 17. Tor	vere Wind vere Winte rnado	Storm	and a		эрссі	BUILDIN	G	a. Masonry b. concrete c. Concrete	y g. e h.	Steel	arc
event.	Avalanche     Dam Failure     Debris Flow	8. Flooding 9. Hailstorm 10. Hurricane	15. Sev 16. Sev 17. Tor 18. Vol	vere Wind vere Winte rnado Icano	Storm	s and a		3pcci		G	a. Masonry b. concrete c. Concrete d. Brick	y g. e h.	Steel	arc
event.	<ol> <li>Avalanche</li> <li>Dam Failure</li> <li>Debris Flow</li> <li>Drought</li> </ol>	8. Flooding 9. Hailstorm 10. Hurricane 11. Land Subsidence	15. Sev 16. Sev 17. Tor	vere Wind vere Winte rnado Icano	Storm	s and a	- Cus of	эрсел	BUILDIN	G	a. Masonry b. concrete c. Concrete d. Brick e. Stick	y g. e h.	Steel	aru
event.	<ol> <li>Avalanche</li> <li>Dam Failure</li> <li>Debris Flow</li> <li>Drought</li> <li>Earthquake</li> </ol>	8. Flooding 9. Hailstorm 10. Hurricane 11. Land Subsidence 12. Landslide	15. Sev 16. Sev 17. Tor 18. Vol	vere Wind vere Winte rnado Icano	Storm	s and a	- Cus of	39001	BUILDIN	G	a. Masonry b. concrete c. Concrete d. Brick	y g. e h.	Steel	arc
event.	<ol> <li>Avalanche</li> <li>Dam Failure</li> <li>Debris Flow</li> <li>Drought</li> <li>Earthquake</li> <li>Expansive Soils</li> </ol>	8. Flooding 9. Hailstorm 10. Hurricane 11. Land Subsidence 12. Landslide 13. Levee Failure	15. Sev 16. Sev 17. Tor 18. Vol	vere Wind vere Winte rnado Icano	Storm		Spec	39001	BUILDIN	G	a. Masonry b. concrete c. Concrete d. Brick e. Stick	y g. e h.	Steel	

Name or description of Asset (building)	Address	Hazard(s) List all that apply (See legend above)	Critical Facility	Transportation	Utility System	Comm. System	Economic Assets	Special consideration	Historic/Other	Size of Building (sq. ft.)	Replacement Value (\$)	Contents Value (\$)	Displacement (\$ per day)	Occupancy or capacity (#)	Structural – building materials
Example – A Building	123 Hall Dr.	5,8,15,18	Х							250,000	2.5 M	1.0 M	5,000	25	d,e
City Hall	130 N. Second St.	2, 5, 14, 15, 16	Х							8816	990,000	250,000		50	e, f
WWTP	1000 S. Fifth St.	2, 5, 8, 15, 16			Х					9.0 M	9.0M				d, e
Water Tower	1166 St. Rte. 505	5, 14			Х					250,000g	250,000				а
Water Lines		5			Х										
Sewer Lines		5			Х										
Lovell's	112 Cowlitz St.	2, 5, 16					Х			6092	130,000				e, d
Short Stop	560 N. Fifth St.	5, 16					Х			2280	469,000				c, f
Valley View Health Ctr.	117 Ramsey Way	2, 5, 16	Х							3290	411,000				е
IGA Fresh Market	400 Cowlitz St.	2, 5, 16					Х			14392	438,000				c, f
Toledo Tel (equipment)	116 Ramsey Way	2, 5				Х				2734	227,000				а

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: May 6, 2015						
Which Agency are you representing? City of Toledo							
Name: Michelle Whitten	Title: City Clerk/Treasurer						
Email: cityoftoledo@toledotel.com	Telephone #: <b>360-864-4564</b>						
Address: PO Box 236	City: Toledo ZIP: 98591						

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: EARTHQUAKE

	Number	of Struc	tures	Valu	e of Structures	3	Numl	ber of Pe	ople
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	305	305	100%	32,684,690.00	32,684,690.00	100%	722	722	100%
Commercial	23	23	100%	2,964,950.00	2,964,950.00	100%	100	100	100%
Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Agricultural	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Religious/ Non-profit	5	5	100%	1,896,600.00	1,896,600.00	100%	150	150	100%
Government	4	4	100%	990,000.00	990,000.00	100%	17	17	100%
Education	7	7	100%	4,338,000.00	4,338,00.00	100%	564	564	100%
Utilities	2	2	100%	9,250,000.00	9,250,000.00	100%	2	2	100%
Total	352	352	100%	52,124,240.00	52,124,240.00	100%	1545	1545	100%

#### Task D. Determine whether (and where) you want to collect additional inventory data. (Circle one)

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? **Yes** or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or **No**
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Z

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: May 6, 2015
Which Agency are you City of Tol representing?	edo
Name: Michelle Whitten	Title: City Clerk/Treasurer
Email: cityoftoledo@toledotel.com	Telephone #: <b>360-864-4564</b>
Address: PO Box 236	City: Toledo ZIP: 98591

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: FLOODING

	Number	of Struc	tures	Value	of Structures		Nur	nber of Peo	ple
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	305	0	0%	32,684,690.00	0	0	722	0	0%
Commercial	23	0	0%	2,964,950.00	0	0%	100	0	0%
Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Agricultural	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Religious/ Non-profit	5	0	0%	1,896,600.00	0	0%	150	0	0%
Government	4	0	0%	990,000.00			7	2	
Education	7	2		4,338,000.00			564	316	
Utilities	4	1		9,250,000.00	9,000,000.00		2	2	100%
Total	348	3	0%	52,124,240.00			1545	320	·

#### Task D. Determine whether (and where) you want to collect additional inventory data. (Circle one)

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? **Yes** or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? **Yes** or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or **No**
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Z Yes or **No**

## Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE - Worksheet 3A

Agency: City of Toledo

Category Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Hazard Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Social (Yes or No)	Technical (Yes or No)	Administrative (Yes or No)	Political (Yes or No)	Legal (Yes or No)	Economical (Yes or No)	Environmental (Yes or No)	Responsible Department/Agency
Example - Continue to enforce the flood ordinance which is based on NFIP model	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Community Development
Continue to enforce the flood ordinance which is based on NFIP Model	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	City Clerk
Continue to updates and enforcement of Critical Areas Ordinance	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	City Clerk
Continue Development Reviews	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	City Clerk
Continue working with/contracting with Lewis County Emergency Management	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	City Clerk
Inspect and evaluate building annually (City Hall)	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	City Clerk
Backup Generator for emergencies (WWTP)	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Public Works
Coordinate with other agencies (WWTP)	All	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	City Clerk/Public Works
Continue to require and maintain elevation certificates for permitted development within the flood plain	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	City Clerk
NIA									

**Date: June 3, 2015** 

#### Notes

- S: Social The public must support the overall implementation strategy and specific mitigation actions.
- T: Technical It is important to determine if the proposed action is technically feasible, will help reduce losses in the long term, and has minimal secondary impacts.
- A: Administrative Under this part of the evaluation criteria, examine the anticipated staffing, funding, and maintenance requirements for the mitigation action to be implemented.
- P: Political Understanding how your community and State leadership feels about issues related to the environment, economic development, safety, and emergency management.
- L: Legal When considering this criterion, determine whether your agency has the legal authority at the State, or local level to implement the action, or if new laws will need to be passed.
- E: Economic Cost-effective mitigation actions that can be funded in current or upcoming budget cycles are much more likely to be implemented.
- E: Environmental Evaluate whether, when implementing mitigation actions, there would be negative consequences to environmental assets (wetlands, endangered species, protected resources).

## Mitigation Strategies – Worksheet 3B Agency: City of Toledo

Mitig	gation Measures	Hazard	20	010 Plan	Mitigation	Cost-Ber	nefit and Pric	oritization	Implementation			
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Task in 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Identification (Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 3 = Highest	Priority Rating (Low, Medium, High)	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrati ve Responsibilit y
Floodplain Management	Continue to enforce the flood ordinance which is based on NFIP model	Flood	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	3	High	On-going	Grants/Budget	\$0	City Clerk
Flooding	Continue to require and maintain elevation certificates for permitted development within the floodplain	Flood	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	3	High	On-going	Budget	\$0	Building Inspections
Emergency Response Planning	Contract with Lewis County to provide emergency services	All	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	2	2	High	On-going	Budget	\$0	City Clerk/Police Department/P ublic Works
Critical Areas Ordinance Enforcement	Maintain map of Critical Areas in permit application office	All	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education, & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection	3	2	Medium	On-going	Budget	\$0	City Clerk
Development Review	Continue using SEPA authority to ensure large projects provide for Hazard Mitigation	All	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	2	Medium	On-going	Applicant	\$0	City Clerk
Kemp Olson Memorial Park	Remove hazardous dead trees from City Park	Winter/Wind	No	No	Prevention, Property Protection, Natural Resource Protection	3	3	High	Jan.2015	Budget	\$600	Public Works
Shoreline Management Plan	Continue to enforce the SMP and SMP Ordinance	All	No	No	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection	2	3	Medium	April 2015	Grants/Budget	\$38,000	

Date: June 3, 2015

#### Notes

2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task

## **Critical Facilities Mitigation Strategies - Worksheet 3C**

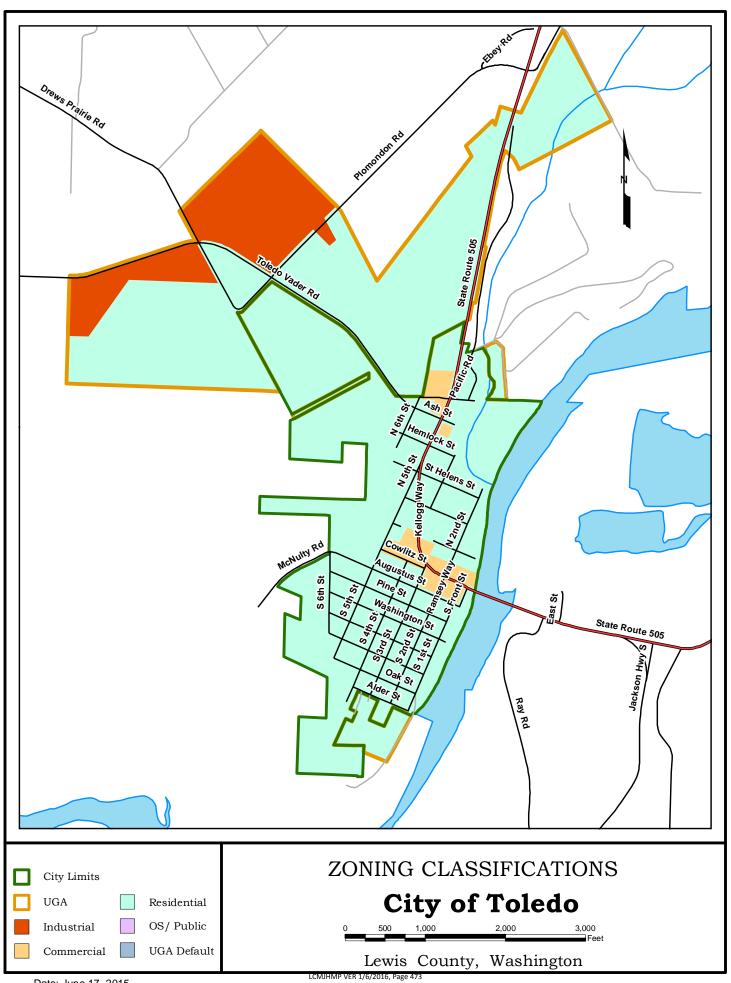
Agency:	City	of :	Toledo

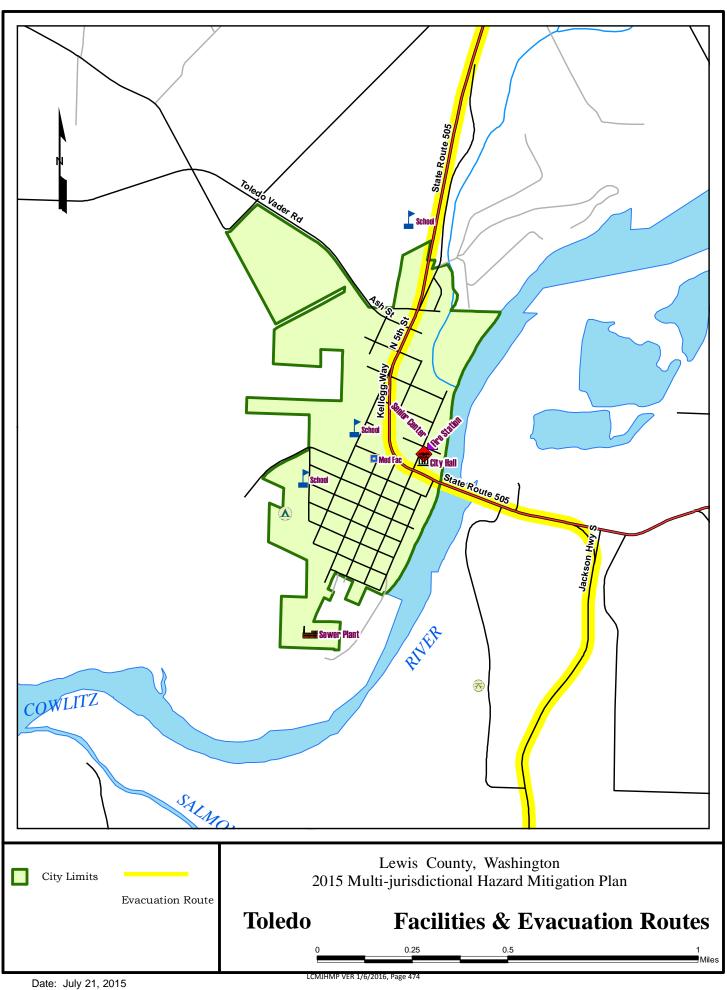
Miti	igation Measures	Hazard Addressed	20	010 Plan	Mitigation Identification		st-Benefit Prioritizatio			Imple	mentation	
Facility	Mitigation Strategy	(All, flooding, landslide, earthquake, volcanic, etc)	Task listed in the 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 3 = Highest	Priority Rating (Low, Medium, High)	Timeline (schedule)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
Example- Station #1	Assess building for structural integrity to determine strength in withstanding an earthquake, or volcanic ash fallout on roof	Earthquake, volcanic	Yes	No	Prevention, property protection	1	2	Med.	2010	Budget	1,000	Fire Chief
City Hall	Inspect and evaluate building annually	All	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection	3	3	High	Annually	Budget	\$0	Public Works
WWTP	Inspect and evaluate building annually	All	Yes	Yes	Prevention, Property Protection	3	3	High	Annually	Budget	\$0	Public Works

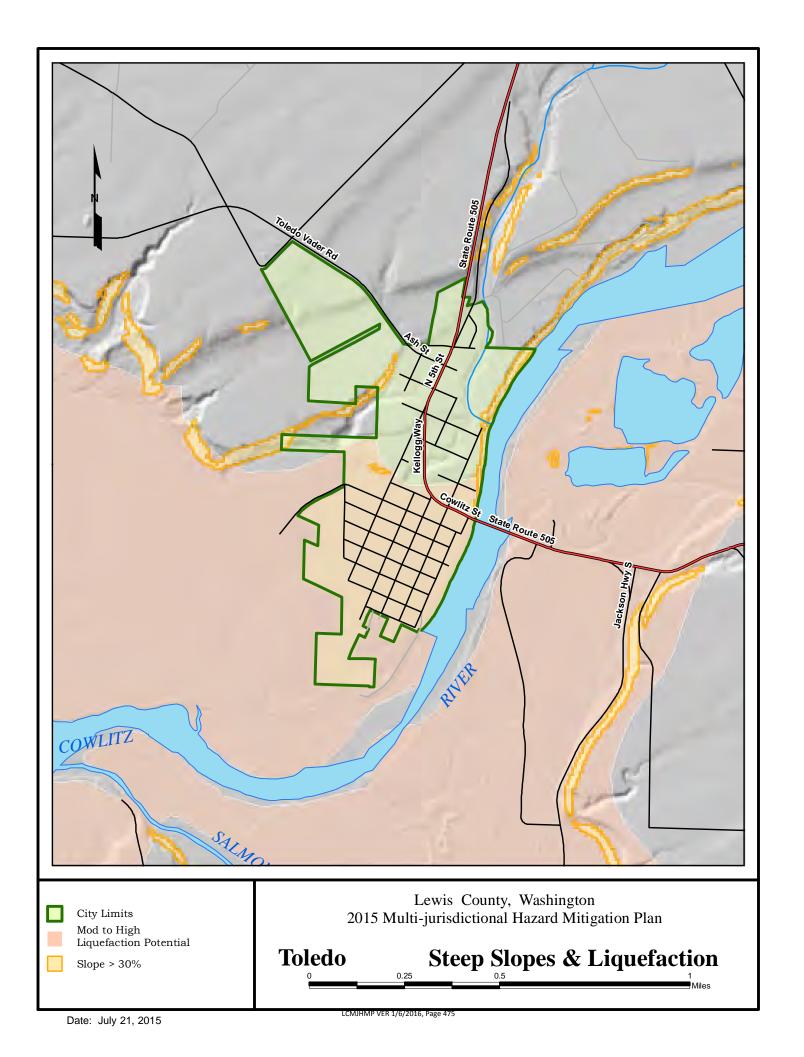
**Date: June 3, 2015** 

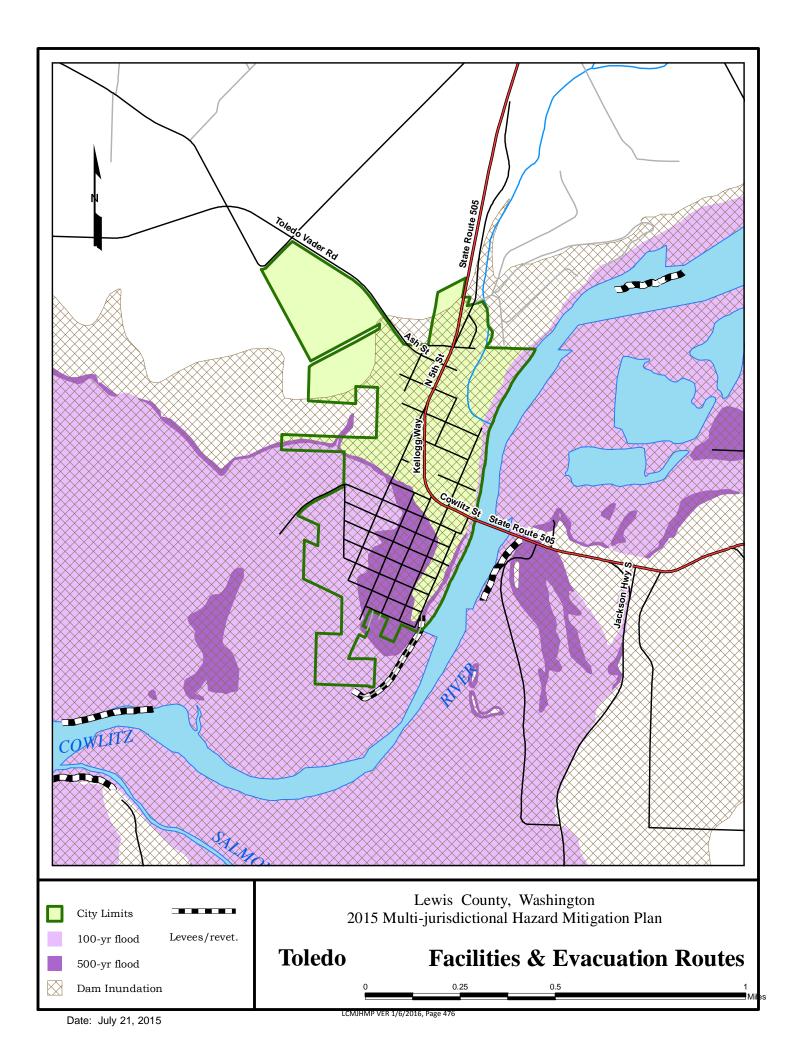
#### Notes

Facility: Critical facility
Mitigation Strategy: description of mitigation or task
2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Timeline: give approximate timeframe of completing this task
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task









### **Building Damage Count by General Occupancy**

October 06, 2009

	Count of Buildings (#) by Range of Damage (%)										
	None	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	Substantial	Total			
Washington											
Lewis											
Agriculture	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Commercial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Education	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Government	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Religion	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1			
Residential	3	0	0	3	5	5	6	22			
Total	3	0	1	3	5	5	6	23			
Total	3	0	1	3	5	5	6	23			
Scenario Total	3	0	1	3	5	5	6	23			

#### Special Notice Regarding Building Count:

Unlike the earthquake and hurricane models, the flood model performs its analysis at the census block level. This means that the analysis starts with a small number of buildings within each census block and applies a series of distributions necessary for analyzing the potential damage. The application of these distributions and the small number of buildings make the flood model more sensitive to rounding errors that introduces uncertainty into the building count results. Please use these results with suitable caution.

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Toledo Flood Scenario:

Return Period: 100

Toledo 100-Year

Page: 1 of 1

## **Direct Economic Losses for Buildings**

October 06, 2009

All values are in thousands of dollars

	Сај	oital Stock Losse	es						
	Cost Building Damage	Cost Contents Damage	Inventory Loss	Building Loss Ratio %	Relocation Loss	Capital Related Loss	Wages Losses	Rental Income Loss	Total Loss
Washington									
Lewis	1,977	2,695	57	13.3	4	9	41	0	4,899
Total	1,977	2,695	57	13.3	4	9	41	0	4,899
Scenario Total	1,977	2,695	57	13.3	4	9	41	0	4,899

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region:Toledo FloodScenario:Toledo 100-Year

Return Period: 100

Page : 1 of 1

## **Shelter Summary Report**

October 06, 2009

	# of Displaced People	# of People Needing Short Term Shelter
Washington		
Lewis	132	23
Total	132	23
Scenario Total	132	23

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region:Toledo FloodScenario:Toledo 100-Year

Return Period: 100

Page: 1 of 1



### JURISDICTION City of Vader

HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN POINT OF CONTACT							
Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact						
Jill Nielson	Ken Smith, Mayor						
PO Box 189	PO Box 189						
Vader WA 98593	Vader, WA 98593						
(360) 295-3222	(360) 295-3222						
vadercity@centurylink.net	vadercity@centurylink.net						

**Profile:** Vader was originally named Little Falls and incorporated as such on January 12, 1906. The name was changed to Sopenah by the Northern Pacific Railway because there was already a Little Falls on their rail lines, Little Falls, Minnesota. The townspeople did not like the new name and petitioned the state legislature to change it to Toronto. A dispute then arose which was resolved by a compromise agreement to name the town after a German resident named Vader. The town name was changed to Vader by the legislature on March 25, 1913. Mr. Vader later moved to Florida. It is the birthplace of the novelist and critic Robert Cantwell.

The City of Vader is the smallest city in Lewis County with a population of approximately 630 people. The city is located west of Interstate 5 on State Route 506. The City is nestled at the base of a small range of forested hills. On the outskirts of the community are farms, and a few residential subdivisions. From numerous vantage points in the hills just east of town, one can see Mount Rainier, Mount Adams, and Mount St. Helens—weather permitting.

According to the United States Census Bureau, the city has a total area of .9 square miles. The City of Vader is characterized by a broad floodplain and low terraces surrounded by upland valleys of low to moderate relief that have broad, rounded ridges. The Cowlitz River winds its way through the valley in which the city resides. The river is prone to flooding during periods of abnormally heavy or persistent rain.

	Prev Occuri		Like Experi	ly to ience?		Pro	bability			Exten	t			
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely (100% next yr)	Likely (10- 100% or 1 in 10 yrs)	Possible (1-10% next year or 1/100 yrs)	Unlikely (less than 1% in 100 yrs)	Catastrophic: more than 50% affected	Severe: 25-50% affected	Limited: 0-25% affected	None: 0% affected	Percentage	Rank
Rating Points	20	0	10	0	20	10	6	0	20	10	4	0		
Flooding	20		10		20						4		54%	1
Wind Storm	20		10		20						4		54%	1
Winter Storm	20		10		20						4		54%	1
Debris Flow	20		10			10				10			50%	2
Earthquake	20		10			10				10			50%	2
Hailstorm	20		10			10					4		44%	3
Extreme Heat	20						6			10			36%	4
Volcano	20						6			10			36%	4
Wildfire						10			20				30%	5
Dam Failure	_	_							20				20%	6
Expansive Soils							6			10			16%	7

## JURISDICTION \_\_\_ City of Vader

#### Probability:

Highly Likely: Near 100% probability in the next year.

Likely: Between 10 and 100% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in 10 years. Possible: Between 1 and 10% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in next 100 years.

Unlikely: Less than 1% probability in next 100 years.

#### Extent of damage is defined as follows:

Catastrophic: More than 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected

Severe: 25 to 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected Limited: 0 to 25% of the jurisdiction can be affected

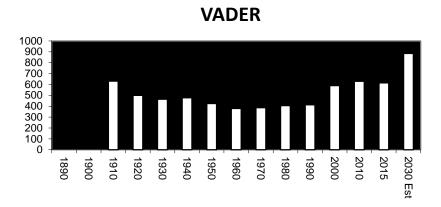
None: 0% of the jurisdiction can be affected

#### **Current Hazard Mitigation Codes/Plans/Ordinances**

- Comprehensive Land Use Plan, August 2005
- Critical Areas Ordinance, August 2005
- City of Vader Emergency Plan, 2010
- Capital Improvement Plan, 2000
- Stormwater Management Plan, 2001
- Transportation Plan, 2014

Agency Specific Natural Hazard Event History - :	1980 to 2015		
Type of Disaster	FEMA Disaster #	Date	Comments
Severe Winter Storm and Record and Near Record Snow	DR-1825	3/2/2009	Incident 12/12/2008-1/5/2009
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides, Flooding	DR-1817	1/30/2009	1/6-/16/2009
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1734	12/8/2007	Incident 12/1-12/17/2007
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1682	2/14/2007	Incident 12/14-12/15/2006
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1671	12/12/2006	Incident 11/2-11/11/2006
Earthquake	DR-1361	3/1/2001	Incident 2/28-3/16/2001
Severe Winter Storms/Flooding	DR-1159	1/17/1997	Incident 12/26/1996-2/10/1997
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-1100	Feb. 9, 1996	Incident 1/26-2/23/1996
Storms, High Winds, Floods	DR-1079	Jan. 3, 1996	Incident 11/7-Dec 18, 1995
Severe Storm, High Winds	DR-981	March 4, 1993	Incident 1/20-1/21/1993
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-784	Dec 15, 1986	Incident 11/22-11/29/1986
Volcanic Eruption – Mt. St. Helens	DR-623	May 21, 1980	

Demographics					
Damilatian	1990	2000	2010	2015	2030 -Projected
Population	414	590	630	615	885



Quick Facts (US Census)	Vader	Washington
Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013		3.7%
Persons under 5 years, percent, 2010	10.6%	6.5%
Persons under 18 years, percent definition and source info Persons under 18 years, percent, 2010		23.5%
Persons 65 years and over, percent definition and source info Persons 65 years and over, percent, 2010	11.8%	12.3%
High school graduate or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013		90.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013		31.9%
Homeownership rate, 2009-2013		63.2%



## JURISDICTION \_\_\_\_City of Vader

Housing units in multi-unit structures, percent,	2009-2013			25.6%		
Median value of owner-occupied housing units				\$262,100		
Per capita money income in past 12 months (20				\$30.742		
Median household income definition and source			45,651	\$59,478		
Persons below poverty level, percent definition	and source info Persons below poverty level, percent, 2	2009-2013	20.6%	13.4%		
Source: U.S. Census – Quickfacts, Date Accesse	d: July 12, 2015. Website: quickfacts.census.gov					
Land Designations						
Land Area within the existing city limits:						
Total land area within city limits and urban ground	wth area		1708			
Land area of agriculture			149			
Land area of transportation/utility Undeveloped/vacant			207 415			
Land area of public/quasi-public			28			
Land area of residential			381			
Land area of commercial			12			
Land area of mining/forestry			516			
Current and Anticipated Developmer						
Slow growth to no growth will continue in the	future. There are many places available for infill develo	pment and industrial de	velopment.			
Infrastructure	2014	Annrovimato Vale	10 (¢)			
Categories	2014	Approximate Valu	,			
Miles of Street and Roads	6.65 miles		\$4,655,000			
Sanitary Sewer	19,300 feet, 520 feet forced main					
Storm Sewer	N/A					
Water lines						
Critical Facilities						
City Hall	317 8 <sup>th</sup> Street		106,370			
Police/Fire Hall	801 B Street		950,000			
City Garage/Shop	1072 7 <sup>th</sup> Street		146,356			
Sewage Treatment Plant	1025 A Street		5,000,000			
Sewer Pump Station	Alpine Court		50,000			
Sewer Collection System	Throughout City		1,000,000			
Water Treatment Plant & Reservoir	1333 S Military Rd		8,000,000			
Water Distribution System	Throughout City		1,000,000			
Water Intake Facility	Cowlitz River south of St Hwy 506					
Flood Information Percentage of existing city limits within the 100	l-year flood plain					
Assessor's valuation of private properties withi	n the 100-year flood plain					
Critical Facilities within the 100-ye	ear flood plain					
Water Intake Facility	Cowlitz River, below State Hwy 506		\$ 5,404			
NFIP/CRS Section						
NFIP/CRS Community			No			
Floodplain Administrator			No			
Certified Floodplain Manager			No			
Floodplain Ordinance Adoption		CA	AO, August 2005			
Recently community Assistant Visit or Commun	nity Assistance Contact	N/A				
NFIP Compliance Violations?	FIP Compliance Violations?					
FEMA Floodplain Maps Adopted		Flood map is numb	per5302660001B, o	n 09/14/1979		
Community Rating Classification			N/A			



## JURISDICTION <u>City of Vader</u>

Building Code Effective Grading Schedule	
StormReady Community	No
Firewise Community	No

Previous Action Plan Implementation		
Mitigation Strategy	Completed 2010-2014	Carried Over to 2015 Plan
Continue to enforce the flood ordinances & building codes to reduce flood	Yes (on-going)	Yes
Develop a plan for flood damage control & staff training to implement	No	Yes
Develop a plan for emergency communications among staff during an event	No	Yes
Develop a plan for alternate facility to provide City Hall services	No	Yes
Develop a plan for regular evaluation of trees and cause pruning or removal	No	Yes
Purchase portable generators for emergency power outages	No	Yes

#### **Attached Documents**

- Land Use Map
- Public Facilities Map
- Hazard Identification Worksheet(s)
- Mitigation Strategies Worksheet(s)
- Steep Slopes and Liquefaction Map
- Flood Hazard Map
- HAZUS-MH: Flood Results

## **HAZARD IDENTIFICATION WORKSHEET**

Date Completed: 5/6/2015

CITY OF VADER

Name: JILL NIELSONTitle: CLERK/TREASUREREmail: vadercity@centurylink.netTelephone #: 360-295-3222Address: PO Box 189City: VaderZIP: 98593

#### For each Hazard, please fill out the table below based on the following questions:

- Previous Occurrence: Is there a historic record of this type of hazard happening here? Yes or No
- Likely to Experience: Are you likely to experience this type of hazard in the future? Yes or No
- **Probability:** Based on history, what is the likelihood of this event happening again? *Highly Likely, Likely, Possible, Unlikely*
- Extent: If this hazard event were to happen, how extensive could the damage be? Catastrophic, Severe, Limited, None

		Previous Occurrence?		Likely to Experience?		Proba	ability			Extent			
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Catastrophic	Severe	Limited	None	
Avalanche		Χ		Х				Х			Х		
Coastal Erosion		Х		Х				Х				Х	
Coastal Storm		Х		Х				Х				Х	
Dam Failure		Х		Х				Х	Х				
Debris Flow	Х		Х			Х				Х			
Drought		Х		Х				Х		Х			
Earthquake	Х		Х			Х				Х			
Expansive Soils		Х		Х			Х			Х			
Extreme Heat	Х			Х			Х			Х			
Flooding	Х		Х		Х						Х		
Hailstorm	Χ		Χ			X					Χ		
Hurricane		Χ		Χ				X		Χ			
Land Subsidence		Χ		Χ				X			Χ		
Landslide		Χ		Χ			Χ				X		
Levee Failure		Χ		Х				X				Χ	
Severe Thunder Storm		Х		Х			Х				Х		
Severe Wind Storm	Χ		Х		Х						Х		
Severe Winter Storm	Х		Х		Х						Х		
Tornado		Х		Х				Х		Х			
Tsunami		Χ		Х			-	X		-		Χ	
Volcano	Χ			Х			Х			Х			
Wildfire		Х		Х		Х			Х				
Other:		Χ											

Which of the following does your agency have? (Circle One)								
Comprehensive Plan	(Yes) No / NA	Date completed: 2005						
Critical Areas Ordinance	(Yes) No / NA	Date completed: 1992						
Does your agency have an emergence	Does your agency have an emergency plan?  Yes / No / NA							

SSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2 Date Completed: 5/6/2015						
CITY OF VADER						
Name: Jill Nielson	Title: Clerk/Treasurer					
Email: vadercity@centurylink.net	Telephone #: 360-295-3222					
Address: PO Box 189	City: \	/ader	ZIP: 98593			
Task A: Inventory the critical facilities that can be dam Please fill out the table below.	naged by a h	azard event.				

					Structure Use						
Name of Building/Business	Address	Address Contact Information # pancy (Telephone #)		Educational	Government	Hospital	Non/Profit	Public Safety	Residential	Utilities	Other
City Hall	317 8 <sup>th</sup> Street	360-295-3222	3		Χ						
Police/Fire Hall	801 B Street	360-295-3222	1					Χ			
Water Treatment Plant	1333 S. Military Rd	360-520-2433	2							Χ	
Wastewater Plant	1025 A Street	360-295-3222	1							Χ	
Water Intake Facility	Cowlitz River south of State Hwy 506	360-520-2433	0							X	
Sewage Pump Station	Alpine Court	360-295-3222	0							X	

#### Date Completed: 5/6/2015 **ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2B - 2015** Agency: CITY OF VADER Title: Clerk/Treasurer Name: Jill Nielson Telephone #: 360-295-3222 Email: vadercity@centurylink.net Address: PO Box 189 City: Vader Zip: 98593 Task B: Compile a detailed inventory of what can be damaged by a hazard event. Inventory the assets (critical facilities, businesses, historic, cultural, natural resource areas and areas of special consideration) that can be damaged by a hazard event. 8. Flooding 1. Avalanche 15. Severe Wind Storm 9. Hailstorm a. Masonry g. Steel 2. Dam Failure 16. Severe Winter Storm 10. Hurricane b. concrete h. Asphalt 3. Debris Flow 17. Tornado BUILDING 11. Land Subsidence c. Concrete Block **HAZARDS** 4. Drought 12. Landslide 18. Volcano d. Brick **MATERIALS** 5. Earthquake 19. Wildfire 13. Levee Failure e. Stick 6. Expansive Soils 14. Severe Thunder f. Metal 7. Extreme Heat Storm Occupancy or capacity (#) Displacement (\$ per day) Size of Building (sq. ft.) Replacement Value (\$) Special consideration Structural – building Contents Value (\$) Hazard(s) **Economic Assets** Critical Facility Transportation Comm. System Historic/Other Utility System List all that Name or description of Asset (building) Address apply (See legend above) City Hall 317 8th Street 5,8,15,16 Χ Χ 1728 106,370 26,522 1500 50 F Police/Fire Hall 801 B Street 5,8,15,16 Χ 3904 950,000 250,000 500 50 F City Garage/Shop 1072 7<sup>th</sup> Street 5,8,15,16 Χ Χ 2700 146,356 75,000 200 2 Α Werden Park Pavilion/Restrooms 510 A Street 5,8,15,16 Χ 2000 108,000 5,000 100 30 Ε **Sewage Treatment Plant** 1025 A Street 3,5,8,15,16 Χ 250 5,000,000 200,000 500 2 С Sewer Pump Station Alpine Court 5,8,15 Χ Χ N/A 50,000 N/A 500 0 Ε Sewer Collection System **Throughout City** 5,8 Χ N/A 1,000,000 N/A 100 0 Ε Water Treatment Plant & Reservoir 1333 S Military Rd Χ Χ 1320 8,000,000 200,000 6000 0 5,8,15,16 Α Throughout City 5,8 Χ N/A 1,000,000 N/A 100 0 Ε Water Distribution System Χ

Water Intake Facility	Cowlitz River south of St Hwy 506	3,5,8,15,16	Х	Х					1000	5,304,000	185,400	6000	0	E
Little Falls Masonic Lodge	826 A Street	5,8,15,16						Х	1986	50,000	10,000	0	100	Е
Historic City Jail	510 A Street	5,8,15,16						Х	712	42,436	2000	0	40	Е
Ben Olson House	1110 D Street	5,8,15,16						Х	3615	441,969	250,000	100	2	Е
Grace United Methodist Church	618 D Street	5,8,15,16						Х	2516	345,950	25,000	100	175	Е
US Post Office	627 A Street	5,8,15,16			х				648	79,224	50,000	100	3	С
CenturyTel Building	606 A Street	5,8,15,16			х				1157	141,455	150,000	100	2	С
Assembly of God Church	302 6 <sup>TH</sup> Street	5,8,15,16					х		9654	2,042,425	200,000	1000	500	A, F
MPM, LLC (Warehouse under construction)	747 Atlas Road	5,8,15,16				Х			10,200	440,000	0	0	3	G
Little Crane Café	110 7 <sup>th</sup> Street	5,8,15,16				Х			1557	250,000	80,000	1500	66	Е
J & G Grocery	110 ½ 7 <sup>th</sup> Street	5,8,15,16				Х			2112	300,000	35,000	2500	50	Е
Dailey's Mini Storage	111 7 <sup>th</sup> Street	5,8,15,16				Х			10,200	200,000	0	200	59	G
												_	_	

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C  Date Completed: 5/6/2015						
Agency: CITY OF VADER						
Name: JILL NIELSON	Title: CLERK/TREASUR	ler				
Email: vadercity@centurylink.net	Telephone #: 360-295-3222					
Address: PO BOX 189	City: VADER	ZIP: 98593				

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: Debris Flow

	Number of Structures				of Structure	es	Number of People			
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	223	0	0%	22,451,465	0	0%	630	0	0%	
Commercial	5	0	0%	970,679	0	0%	180	0	0%	
Industrial	1	0	0%	440,000	0	0%	4	0	0%	
Agricultural	1	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Religious/ Non-profit	3	0	0%	2,438,375	0	0%	630	0	0%	
Government	5	0	0%	1,353,162	0	0%	50	0	0%	
Education	-	-	ī	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Utilities	6	2	33%	15,103,040	5,185,400	34%	630	630	100%	
Total	243	2	1%	42,756,721	5,185,400	12%	630	630	100%	

#### Task D. Determine whether (and where) you want to collect additional inventory data. (circle one)

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C Date Completed: 5/6/2015					
Agency: CITY OF VADER					
Name: JILL NIELSON	Title: CLERK/TREASUI	RER			
Email: vadercity@centurylink.net	Telephone #: 360	-295-3222			
Address: PO BOX 189	City: VADER	ZIP: 98593			

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: Earthquake

	Number of Structures			Value	of Structure	es	Number of People			
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	223	223	100%	22,451,465	22,451,465	100%	630	630	100%	
Commercial	5	5	100%	970,679	970,679	100%	180	180	100%	
Industrial	1	1	100%	440,000	440,000	100%	4	4	100%	
Agricultural	-	-	i	-	-	i	-	-	-	
Religious/ Non-profit	3	3	100%	2,438,375	2,438,375	100%	630	630	100%	
Government	5	5	100%	1,353,162	1,353,162	100%	50	50	100%	
Education	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Utilities	6	6	100%	15,103,040	15,103,040	100%	630	630	100%	
Total	243	243	100%	42,756,721	42,756,721	100%	630	630	100%	

#### Task D. Determine whether (and where) you want to collect additional inventory data. (circle one)

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: 5/6/2015		
Agency: CITY OF VADER			
Name:	Title:		_
JILL NIELSON	CLERK/TREASUI	RER	
Email: vadercity@centurylink.net	Telephone #: 360	-295-3222	
Address:	City:	ZIP:	
PO BOX 189	VADER	98593	

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

**Hazard:** Flooding

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structure	es	Number of People			
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	223	8	4%	22,451,465	898,059	4%	630	25	4%	
Commercial	5	0	0%	970,679	0	0%	180	0	0%	
Industrial	1	1	100%	440,000	440,000	100%	4	4	100%	
Agricultural	1	-	1	-	i	-	-	-	ı	
Religious/ Non-profit	3	0	0%	2,438,375	0	0%	630	0	0%	
Government	5	0	0%	1,353,162	0	0%	50	0	0%	
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Utilities	6	3	50%	15,103,040	6,185,400	41%	630	630	100%	
Total	243	12	5%	42,756,721	7,083,899	17%	630	630	31%	

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: 5/6/2015		
Agency: CITY OF VADER			
Name:	Title:		_
JILL NIELSON	CLERK/TREASUI	RER	
Email: vadercity@centurylink.net	Telephone #: 360	-295-3222	
Address:	City:	ZIP:	
PO BOX 189	VADER	98593	

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: Severe Wind Storm

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structure	es	Number of People			
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	223	110	49%	22,451,465	11,001,217	49%	630	309	49%	
Commercial	5	5	100%	970,679	970,679	100%	180	180	100%	
Industrial	1	1	100%	440,000	440,000	100%	4	4	100%	
Agricultural	-	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-	-	
Religious/ Non-profit	3	3	100%	2,438,375	2,438,375	100%	630	630	100%	
Government	5	5	100%	1,353,162	1,353,162	100%	50	50	100%	
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	
Utilities	6	4	66\$	15,103,040	13,103,040	87%	630	630	100%	
Total	243	128	53%	42,756,721	29,306,473	69%	630	630	100%	

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed: 5/6/2015		
Agency: CITY OF VADER			
Name:	Title:		_
JILL NIELSON	CLERK/TREASUI	RER	
Email: vadercity@centurylink.net	Telephone #: 360	-295-3222	
Address:	City:	ZIP:	
PO BOX 189	VADER	98593	

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: Severe Winter Storm

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structure	es	Number of People			
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	
Residential	223	223	100%	22,451,465	22,451,465	100%	630	630	49%	
Commercial	5	5	100%	970,679	970,679	100%	180	180	100%	
Industrial	1	1	100%	440,000	440,000	100%	4	4	100%	
Agricultural	1	-	-	-	-	ı	1	-	-	
Religious/ Non-profit	3	3	100%	2,438,375	2,438,375	100%	630	630	100%	
Government	5	5	100%	1,353,162	1,353,162	100%	50	50	100%	
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Utilities	6	3	50%	15,103,040	13,185,400	87%	630	630	100%	
Total	243	240	99%	42,756,721	40,839,081	96%	630	630	100%	

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

## Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE - Worksheet 3A

**Date: June 11, 2015** 

**Agency:** City of Vader

Category Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Hazard Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Social (Yes or No)	Technical (Yes or No)	Administrative (Yes or No)	Political (Yes or No)	Legal (Yes or No)	Economical (Yes or No)	Environmental (Yes or No)	Responsible Department/Agency
Continue to enforce the flood ordinance and building codes to reduce flood damages	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Public Works
Develop plan for flood damage control. Train employees in flood plan for facility component protection. Develop post flood clean-up plan	Flood	N	N	Υ	Y	N	Υ	N	Public Works
Develop a plan for emergency communications among city staff during an event.(updated)	Earthquake, severe wind & winter storms,	N	Υ	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	Administration
Develop a plan for alternate facility to provide City Hall services	Earthquake, severe wind & winter storms	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Y	N	Mayor
Develop a plan for regular evaluation of trees and cause pruning or removal	Severe Wind & Winter Storms	Υ	N	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	Public Works
Purchase portable generators for emergency power outages	Earthquake, severe wind & winter storms, volcano	N	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	Public Works
Evaluate needs to anchor Outfall pipe at WWTP	Flood	N	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	Υ	Public Works

#### Notes

- S: Social The public must support the overall implementation strategy and specific mitigation actions.
- T: Technical It is important to determine if the proposed action is technically feasible, will help reduce losses in the long term, and has minimal secondary impacts.
- A: Administrative Under this part of the evaluation criteria, examine the anticipated staffing, funding, and maintenance requirements for the mitigation action to be implemented.
- P: Political Understanding how your community and State leadership feels about issues related to the environment, economic development, safety, and emergency management.
- L: Legal When considering this criterion, determine whether your agency has the legal authority at the State, or local level to implement the action, or if new laws will need to be passed.
- E: Economic Cost-effective mitigation actions that can be funded in current or upcoming budget cycles are much more likely to be implemented.
- E: Environmental Evaluate whether, when implementing mitigation actions, there would be negative consequences to environmental assets (wetlands, endangered species, and protected resources).

# Mitigation Strategies – Worksheet 3B Agency: City of Vader

Mitiga Mitiga	ation Measures	Hazard	20	10 Plan	Mitigation	Cost-Ben	efit and Pric	oritizatio <u>n</u>		Implementation			
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Task in 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Identification (Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	<b>Rel</b> 1 = 3 =	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 2 = Uickort	Priority Rating (Low, Medium, High)	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility	
Floodplain Management	Continue to enforce the flood ordinances & building codes to reduce flood damages	Flood	Yes	Yes (on-going)	Prevention, Prop. Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	3	High	On-going	Budget	\$1,000	Planning & Development	
Floodplain Management	Develop a plan for flood damage control & staff training to implement	Flood	Yes	No	Prevention, Prop. Protection, Natural Resource Protection	3	3	Medium	2016	Budget	\$1,000	Public Works & Wastewater Operations	
Communications	Develop a plan for emergency communications among staff during an event	Earthquake, Sev. Wind & Winter storms, flood, volcano	Yes	No	Property Protection, Public Education and Awareness	3	3	High	2015	Budget	\$1,000	Administration	

Date: June 11, 2015

2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task

# **Critical Facilities Mitigation Strategies - Worksheet 3C**

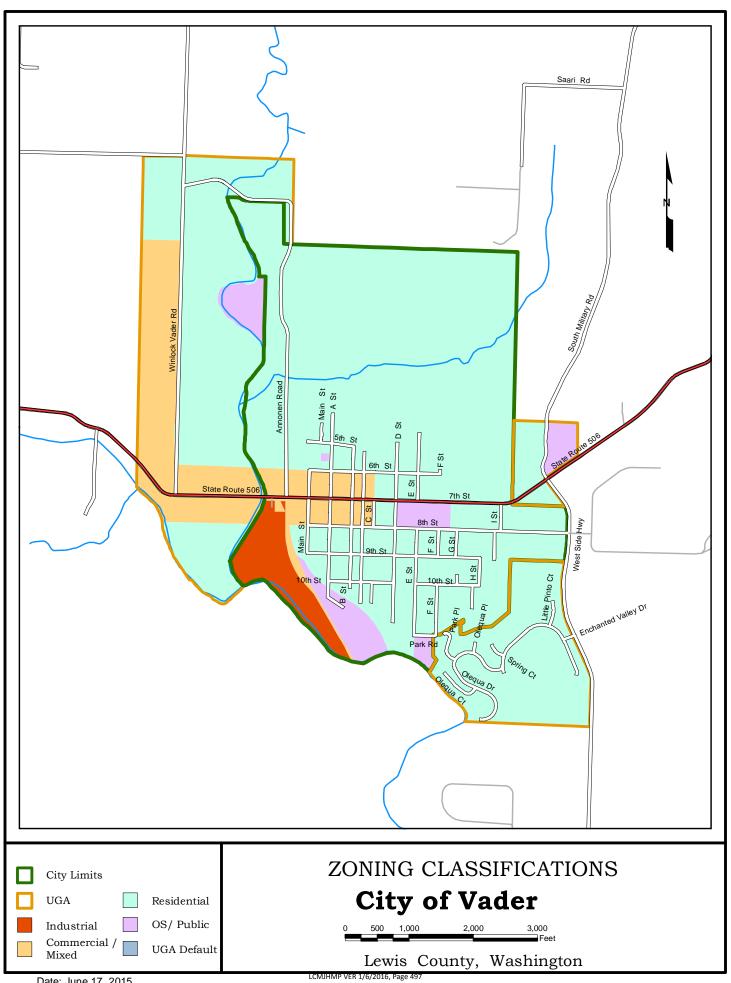
Agency:	City of	f Vader

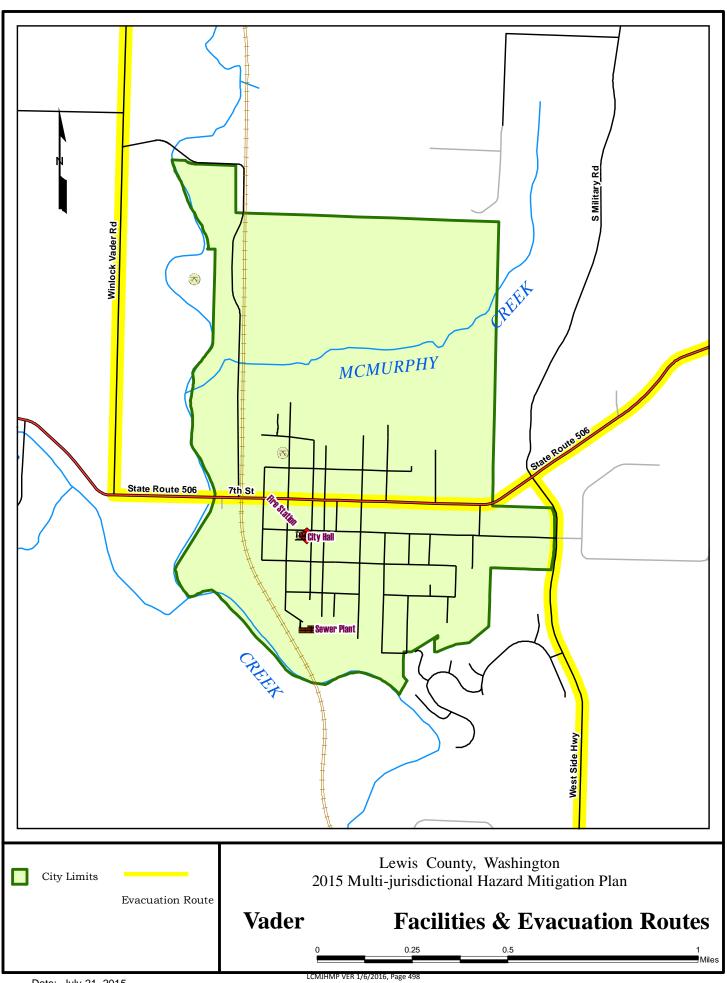
Mitigatio	n Measures	Hazard Addressed	20	10 Plan	Mitigation Identification		-Benefit a			lm	plementati	on
Facility	Mitigation Strategy	(All, flooding, landslide, earthquake, volcanic, etc)	Task listed in the 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 3 = Hinhast	Priority Rating (Low,	Timeline (schedule)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
Wastewater Treatment Plant & other city structures	Develop a plan to identify and remove tree & limb hazards	Severe Wind & Winter Storms	Yes	No	Prevention, property protection	2	3	High	2016	Budget	\$2,000	Public Works
Wastewater Treatment Plant	Purchase back-up generator(s) for power outages	Severe Wind & Winter Storms, Earthquake	N	No	Property protection, Prevention	2	3	High	2016	Budget, Grant	\$4,000	Public Works
City Hall	Develop a plan for alternate facility to provided City Hall services	Earthquake, Severe Wind & Winter Storms	Y	N	Prevention	3	3	Med	2015	Budget	\$0	Mayor
Wastewater Treatment Plant	Evaluate the need to anchor Outfall Pipe at WWTP	Flood	N		Prevention, Structural	2	2	Med	2017	Budget, Grant	\$5,000	Public Works

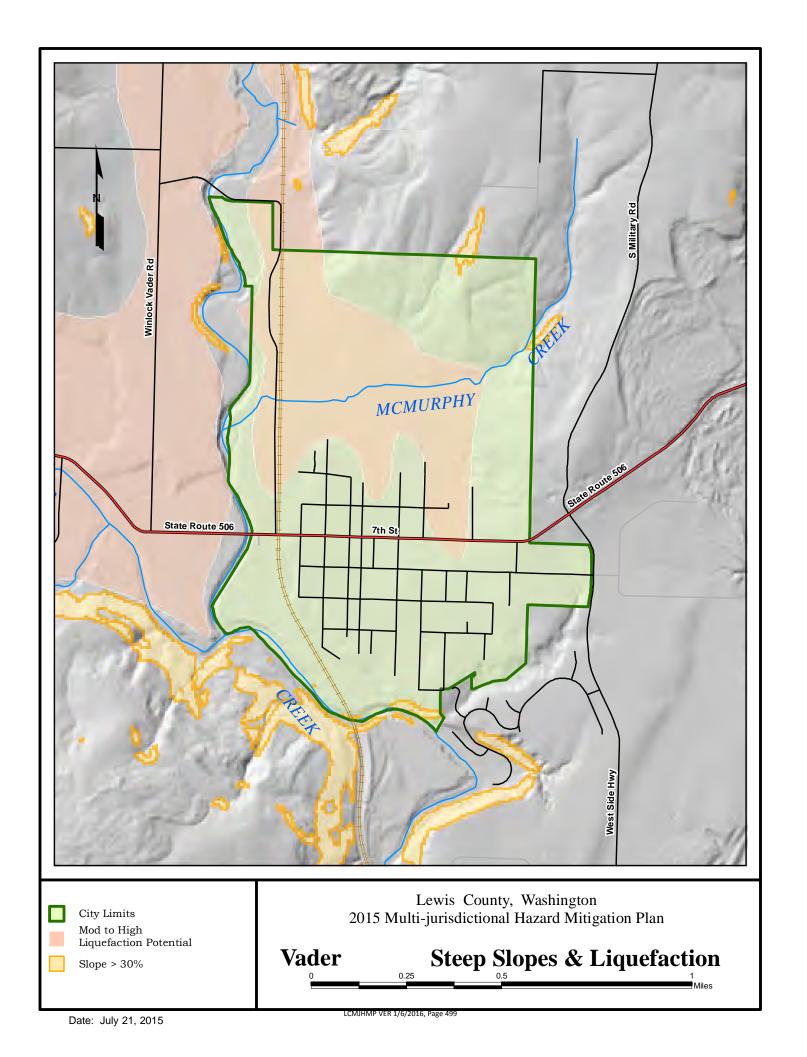
Date: June 11, 2015

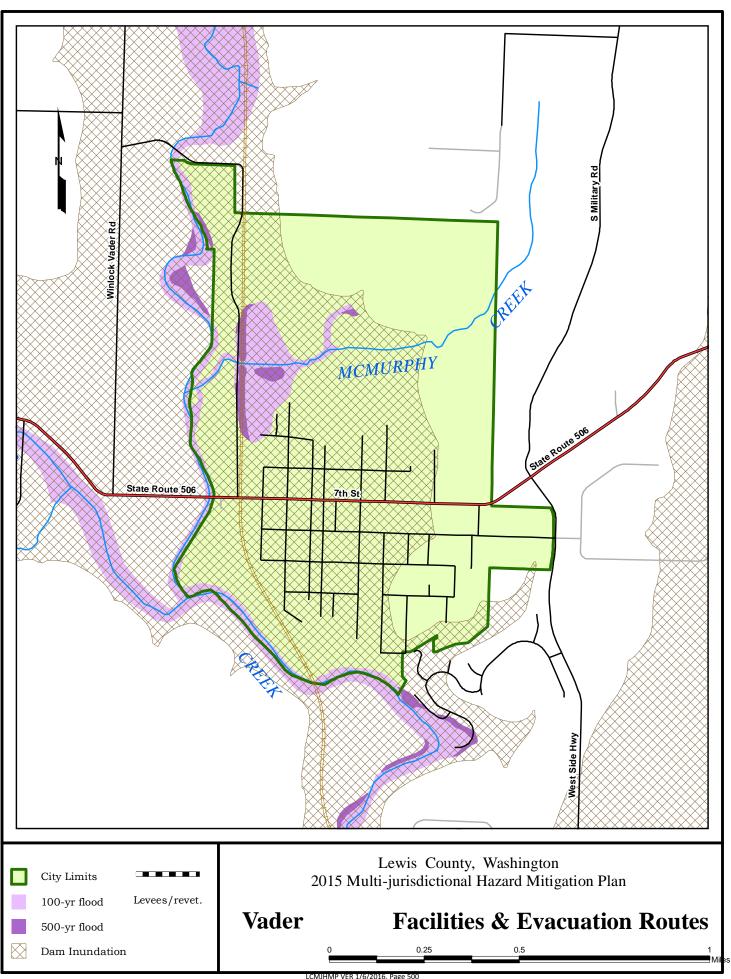
#### Notes

Facility: Critical facility
Mitigation Strategy: description of mitigation or task
2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Timeline: give approximate timeframe of completing this task
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task









#### **Building Damage Count by General Occupancy**

October 06, 2009

			Count of Buil	dings (#) by R	ange of Dama	ge (%)		
	None	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	Substantial	Total
Washington								
Lewis								
Agriculture	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Education	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Government	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Religion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Residential	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scenario Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### Special Notice Regarding Building Count:

Unlike the earthquake and hurricane models, the flood model performs its analysis at the census block level. This means that the analysis starts with a small number of buildings within each census block and applies a series of distributions necessary for analyzing the potential damage. The application of these distributions and the small number of buildings make the flood model more sensitive to rounding errors that introduces uncertainty into the building count results. Please use these results with suitable caution.

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Vader Flood Scenario: Vader 100-Year

Return Period: 100

Page: 1 of 1

## **Direct Economic Losses for Buildings**

October 06, 2009

All values are in thousands of dollars

	Сај	oital Stock Losse	es			Income Lo	osses		
	Cost Building Damage	Cost Contents Damage	Inventory Loss	Building Loss Ratio %	Relocation Loss	Capital Related Loss	Wages Losses	Rental Income Loss	Total Loss
Washington									
Lewis	55	35	0	1.2	0	0	0	0	90
Total	55	35	0	1.2	0	0	0	0	90
Scenario Total	55	35	0	1.2	0	0	0	0	90

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Vader Flood
Scenario: Vader 100-Year

Return Period: 100

Page: 1 of 1

## **Shelter Summary Report**

October 06, 2009

	# of Displaced People	# of People Needing Short Term Shelter
Washington		
Lewis	3	0
Total	3	0
Scenario Total	3	0

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Vader Flood
Scenario: Vader 100-Year

Return Period: 100



## JURISDICTION

## City of Winlock

HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN POINT OF CONTACT					
Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact				
Lonnie Dowell, Mayor					
PO Box 777					
Winlock WA 98596					
(360) 785-3811					
winmayor@toledotel.com					

**Profile:** Winlock is approximately 3 miles west of Interstate 5 on SR 505. Winlock began as a Northern Pacific Railroad construction camp called Wheeler's Camp in c. 1871. The railroad was then in the process of extending its line from Kalama to Tacoma, WA. Dr. C. C. Pagett, an early resident, donated the land for the town site. In 1873 he named it for General William Winlock Miller of Olympia, a man of some renown in the area. Miller had promised to give a school bell to the town if it were to be named after him. The town was incorporated in 1883.

The Winlock Egg was listed as the world's largest egg by Ripley's Believe It Or Not in 1989. The current structure is the fourth reincarnation of the original egg. The first egg was built for a celebration of the opening of the Pacific Highway Bridge over the Columbia River between Washington and Oregon. The idea of an egg came from John G. Lawrence, the manager of the newly formed egg and poultry co-op as a way to represent the growing industry centered in Winlock in the 1920s. During that time farmers in Winlock were shipping as much as a quarter million cases of eggs to market a year.

According to the United States Census Bureau, the city has a total area of 1.1 square miles, all of it land. The City of Winlock is characterized by a broad floodplain and low terraces surrounded by upland valleys of low to moderate relief that have broad, rounded ridges. The Olequa River winds its way through the valley in which the city resides, and is there joined by a couple of tributaries, King Creek and Curtis Creek. They are all prone to flooding during periods of abnormally heavy or persistent rain.

Rankin	Ranking of Identified Hazards													
	Prev Occurr		Likel Experi	-		Pro	bability			Exten	t			
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely (100% next yr)	Likely (10- 100% or 1 in 10 yrs)	Possible (1-10% next year or 1/100 yrs)	Unlikely (less than 1% in 100 yrs)	Catastrophic: more than 50% affected	Severe: 25-50% affected	Limited: 0-25% affected	None: 0% affected	Percentage	Rank
Rating Points	20	0	10	0	20	10	6	0	20	10	4	0		
Earthquake	20		10			10			20				60%	1
Flooding	20		10			10				10			50%	2
Landslide	20		10			10				10			50%	2
Wind Storm	20		10			10				10			50%	2
Winter Storm	20		10			10				10			50%	2
Volcano	20			0			6		20				46%	3
Debris Flow	20		10			10					4		44%	4

#### Probability:

Highly Likely: Near 100% probability in the next year.

Likely: Between 10 and 100% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in 10 years.

Possible: Between 1 and 10% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in next 100 years.

Unlikely: Less than 1% probability in next 100 years.

Extent of damage is defined as follows:

Catastrophic: More than 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected

Severe: 25 to 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected Limited: 0 to 25% of the jurisdiction can be affected

None: 0% of the jurisdiction can be affected

**Current Hazard Mitigation Codes/Plans/Ordinances** 



# City of Winlock

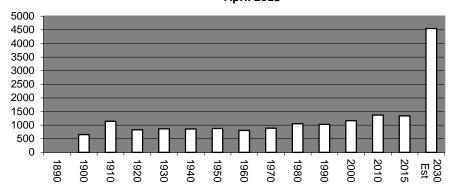
## **JURISDICTION**

- City of Winlock Comprehensive Plan adopted in June 1998
- Capital Facilities Plan
- City of Winlock Zoning Ordinance, January 2009
- Winlock Development Regulations
- State Environmental Policy Act
- Building Codes
- City of Winlock Critical Areas Ordinance, January 2009

Agency Specific Natural Hazard Event History – 1980 to 2015							
Type of Disaster	FEMA Disaster #	Date	Comments				
Severe Winter Storm and Record and Near Record Snow	DR-1825	3/2/2009	Incident 12/12/2008-1/5/2009				
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides, Flooding	DR-1817	1/30/2009	1/6-/16/2009				
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1734	12/8/2007	Incident 12/1-12/17/2007				
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1682	2/14/2007	Incident 12/14-12/15/2006				
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1671	12/12/2006	Incident 11/2-11/11/2006				
Earthquake	DR-1361	3/1/2001	Incident 2/28-3/16/2001				
Severe Winter Storms/Flooding	DR-1159	1/17/1997	Incident 12/26/1996-2/10/1997				
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-1100	Feb. 9, 1996	Incident 1/26-2/23/1996				
Storms, High Winds, Floods	DR-1079	Jan. 3, 1996	Incident 11/7-Dec 18, 1995				
Severe Storm, High Winds	DR-981	March 4, 1993	Incident 1/20-1/21/1993				
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-784	Dec 15, 1986	Incident 11/22-11/29/1986				
Volcanic Eruption – Mt. St. Helens	DR-623	May 21, 1980					

Demographics					
Domilation	1990	2000	2010	2015	2030 -Projected
Population	1.027	1.166	1.370	1.340	4.550

#### City of Winlock Population 1890 to 2015 Office of Financial Management (OFM) April 2015



Quick Facts (US Census)	Winlock	Washington
Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013		3.7%
Persons under 5 years, percent, 2010	7.9%	6.5%
Persons under 18 years, percent definition and source info Persons under 18 years, percent, 2010	29.3	23.5%
Persons 65 years and over, percent definition and source info Persons 65 years and over, percent, 2010	7.1%	12.3%
High school graduate or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	73.8%	90.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	10.5%	31.9%
Homeownership rate, 2009-2013		63.2%
Housing units in multi-unit structures, percent, 2009-2013		25.6%
Median value of owner-occupied housing units, 2009-2013		\$262,100
Per capita money income in past 12 months (2013 dollars), 2009-2013	\$14,511	\$30,742
Median household income definition and source info Median household income, 2009-2013	\$39,784	\$59,478
Persons below poverty level, percent definition and source info Persons below poverty level, percent, 2009-2013	27.1%	13.4%
Source: U.S. Census – Quickfacts, Date Accessed: July 12, 2015. Website: quickfacts.census.gov	•	•

**Land Designations** 



## JURISDICTION

## City of Winlock

Land area within the existing city limits:	311
Land area within the urban growth area	755
Total land area within city limits and urban growth area	1066
Land area of residential	284
Land area of commercial	25
Land area of industrial	45
Land area of park, forest, open space	243

#### **Current and Anticipated Development and Population Trends**

The City of Winlock expects to see slow growth in the near future. The total amount of land inventoried within the city limits of Winlock is 433 acres. Winlock is mostly a residential community with residential uses occupying 35 percent of the land within the city limits (150.03 acres). Of this total single family accounts for 83%, mobile homes for 13%, multi-family for 2%, and mobile home parks for another 2%.

There are a variety of commercial services offered in the City of Winlock comprising 15 acres or 4% of all uses. These include retail and wholesale trades, professional businesses, restaurants, service outlets and repair facilities. Industrial land makes up 3% and includes four major manufacturing industries. Forest/timber uses comprise 25 acres and agricultural uses take up another 43 acres.

Prior to 1990, Winlock had historically both gained and lost population at a very slow rate. The city's 1990 population was 1,027 with the 2000 Census at 1,166. The estimated 2009 population is 1,370. Winlock is feeling the pressure of increasing development in the past few years due to its proximity to Interstate 5, and neighboring cities like Napavine, Chehalis and the City of Kelso to the south.

Infrastructure		
Categories	2014	Approximate Value (\$)
Miles of Street and Roads	10.97	\$ 7,679,000
Sanitary Sewer	12 miles	
Storm Sewer	5 miles	
Water lines	14.5 miles	
Electrical lines	N/A- provided by LCPUD	

Critical Facilities		
Critical Facilities	Address	Approximate Value (\$)
City Hall/Police	323 NE First St.	1.2 M
Wastewater	1205 SW Mayer Ave.	16 M
PW Shop	Dexter	350,000
Fire Hall	609 N W Kerron	800,000
Community Bldg.	604 N Kerron	1.2 M
City Library	322 NE 1 <sup>st</sup> St.	600,000
Museum Fire Hall	400 NE 1 <sup>st</sup> St.	400,000
City Water System	223 St. Helens Way	40 M
Bridge	Walnut	3.5 M
Bridge	Fir	3.5 M
Bridge	Tennessee	3.5 M

#### **Flood Information**

Percentage of existing city limits within the 100-year flood plain

Assessor's valuation of private properties within the 100-year flood plain

#### Critical Facilities within the 100-year flood plain

Facility	Address	Approximate Value (\$)	
Wastewater	1205 SW Mayer Ave.	16 M	
Community Bldg.	604 N Kerron	1.2 M	

#### **NFIP/CRS Section**

NFIP/CRS Community No



# City of Winlock

## **JURISDICTION**

Community Rating Classification		N/A
Building Code Effective Grading Schedule		Class XX
NFIP Membership		Yes, 9/14/1979
NFIP Compliance Violations?		None
FEMA Floodplain Maps Adopted Yes, Flood r		map is number 5303060001A, effective on 9/14/1979
Recently Community Assistant Visit or Community Assistance Contact	l	N/A
Floodplain Administrator		No
Certified Floodplain Manager		No
Floodplain Ordinance Adoption		Adopted 2009
StormReady Jurisdiction		No
Firewise Jurisdiction		No

Previous Action Plan Implementation			
Mitigation Strategy	Completed 2010-2014	Carried Over to 2015 Plan	Removed or No Longer Feasible
STORM DRAIN MAINTENANCE	No	Reworded	
City Hall: SIESMIC RETROFITTING	No	Reworded	
Comm Bldg. SLOPE EROSION GEOTECH	No	Reworded	
STP: REVETMANT MANAGEMENT	No	No	Not a priority
Continue to enforce the flood ordinances and building codes to reduce flood damages	No	Yes-ongoing	
Continue to enforce the flood ordinance which is based on NFIP model	No	Yes-ongoing	
STP: ASSESS BLDG FOR INTEGRITY TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKE	No	Yes-deferred	
WELLHEADS: ASSESS BLDG FOR INTEGRITY TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKE	No	Yes-deferred	
P.W.: ASSESS BLDG FOR INTEGRITY TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKE	No	Yes-deferred	
WELLHEADS: ASSESS BLDG FOR INTEGRITY TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKE	No	Yes-reworded	
P.W. ASSESS BLDG FOR INTEGRITY TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKE	No	Yes-reworded	
Sewer Plant: ASSESS REVETMENT DIKE	No	Yes-reworded	
LIBRARY: ASSESS BLDG FOR INTEGRITY TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKE	No	Yes-reworded	
Library: ASSESS PEREIMTER FOR LANDSLIDE	No	Yes-reworded	
MUSEUM: ASSESS BLDG FOR INTEGRITY TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKE	No	Yes-reworded	
Museum: ASSESS PEREIMTER FOR LANDSLIDE	No	Yes-reworded	

#### **Attached Documents**

- Public Facilities Map
- Hazard Identification Worksheet(s)
- Mitigation Strategies Worksheet(s)
- Steep Slopes and Liquefaction Map
- Flood Hazard Map
- HAZUS-MH: Flood Results

## HAZARD IDENTIFICATION WORKSHEET

Date Completed: 6/26/2015

Which Agency are you representing? City of Winlock

Name: Lonnie Dowell Title: Mayor

Email: winmayor@toledotel.com Telephone #: (360)

Address: PO Box 777 City: Winlock ZIP: 98596

#### For each Hazard, please fill out the table below based on the following questions:

- Previous Occurrence: Is there a historic record of this type of hazard happening here? Yes or No
- Likely to Experience: Are you likely to experience this type of hazard in the future? Yes or No
- Probability: Based on history, what is the likelihood of this event happening again? Highly Likely, Likely, Possible, Unlikely
- Extent: If this hazard event were to happen, how extensive could the damage be? Catastrophic, Severe, Limited, None

		rious rence?	Like Experi	ly to ence?		Prob	ability			Ex	tent	
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Catastrophic	Severe	Limited	None
Avalanche		Χ		Χ				Х				Χ
Coastal Erosion		Х		Х				Х				Х
Coastal Storm		Х		Х				Х				Х
Dam Failure	X			Χ				Х				Χ
Debris Flow	Х		Х			Х					Х	
Drought		Χ		Χ				Х				Χ
Earthquake	Χ		Χ			Χ			Χ			
Expansive Soils		Χ		Χ				Χ				Χ
Extreme Heat		Χ		Χ				Х				Х
Flooding	X		Х			Χ				X		
Hailstorm		Χ		Χ				Χ				Χ
Hurricane		Х		Х				Х				Χ
Land Subsidence		Χ		Χ				Х				Х
Landslide	X		Χ			Χ				X		
Levee Failure		Χ		Χ				Х				Χ
Severe Thunder Storm		Х		Х				Χ				Х
Severe Wind Storm	Х		Х			Х				Х		
Severe Winter Storm	Х		Х			Х				Х		
Tornado		Χ		Χ				Χ				Χ
Tsunami		Χ		Χ				Х				Х
Volcano	X			Χ			X		Χ			
Wildfire		Χ		Χ				Χ				Χ
Other:												

Which of the following does you	ır agency have?	(Circle One)	
Comprehensive Plan	Yes / No / NA	Date completed:	
Critical Areas Ordinance	Yes / No / NA	Date completed:	
Does your agency have an emergence	y plan? Ye	s/No/NA <b>2012</b>	

ASSET INVEN	NTORY WORKSHEET 2A	1	Date Co	mpleted:	7/26/2015		
Which Agency a	re you representing?	Winlock City	/				
Name:	Lonnie Dowell			Title: Ma	yor		
Email:	winmayor@toledotel.com			Telephon	e #:		
Address:			City:	Winlock	Z	ZIP:	
<b>T</b>   A   A	41 44 16 1141 41 4						

Task A: Inventory the critical facilities that can be damaged by a hazard event. Please fill out the table below.

						St	ruct	ure l	Jse		
Name of Building/Business	Address	Contact Information (Telephone #)	Occupancy #	Educational	Government	Hospital	Non/Profit	Public Safety	Residential	Utilities	Other
City Hall/Police	323 NE First St.	360-785-3811	70		Χ			Х			
Wastewater	1205 SW Mayer Ave.	360-785-4565	5		Χ					Χ	
PW Shop	Dexter	360-785-3550	5		Χ						
Fire Hall	609 N W Kerron	360-785-4221	25		Χ			Х			
Community Bldg.	604 N Kerron	360-785-3811	220		Χ						
City Water System	223 St. Helens Way									Χ	
Bridge	Walnut				Χ						
Bridge	Fir				Χ						
Bridge	Tennessee				Χ						
City Library	322 NE 1 <sup>st</sup> St.		60		Χ						
Museum Fire Hall	400 NE 1 <sup>st</sup> St.		20		Χ						

ASSET IN	<b>VENTORY W</b>	ORKSHEET 2B - 20	15											Date Co	mplet	ed:	6/26/2	2015	
Which Ag	ency are you r	epresenting: City	y of Wi	nlock															
Name:	Lonnie Dowe	II										Title:	Mayor						
Email:	winmayor@t	oledotel.com										Teleph	one #:						
Address:								С	ity:	Winlo	ck	l		1	7	Zip:			
	•	cailed inventory of critical facilities, bu		_	-				areas	and a	reas o	f specia	l consid	eration) tha	it can	be da	amageo	d by a ha	izard
HAZARD:	1. Avalan 2. Dam Fa 3. Debris 4. Drough 5. Earthq 6. Expans 7. Extrem	ailure 9. Flow 10 ht 11 uake 12 ive Soils 13	2. Lands 3. Levee	rm cane Subsidence lide	16. S 17. T 18. V		Vind Stor					BUIL MAT	DING ERIALS	 	a. Maso o. concr c. Concr d. Brick e. Stick f. Metal	ete ete Bl	h. <i>A</i>	Steel Asphalt	
	lescription of (building)	Address		Hazard(s) List all that apply (See legend above)	Critical Facility	Transportation	Utility System	Comm. System	Economic Assets	Special consideration	Historic/Other	Size of Building (sq. ft.)		Replacement Value (\$)	Contents Value (\$)		Displacement (\$ per day)	Occupancy or capacity (#)	Structural – building materials
City Hall/Pol	ice	323 NE First St.			Χ							4500	1.3	2M	300,00	00		73	а
Wastewater		1205 SW Mayer Ave.			Х		Х						18	3M	10,000	)		5	a
PW Shop		Dexter			Χ							5600	35	50,000	200,00	00		5	e, f
Fire Hall		609 N W Kerron			Χ							7400	80	00,000	1.8M			25	e,f
Community	Bldg.	604 N Kerron			Χ							7800	1.3	2M	50,000	)		220	a, e
City Library		322 NE 1 <sup>st</sup> St.									Х	3000	80	00,000	180,00	00		60	Α
Bridge		Walnut				Χ							3.	5M					b
Bridge		Fir				Χ							3.	5M					b
Bridge		Tennessee				Х							3.	5M					b
City Water S	ystem	223 St. Helens Way			Х														
Museum Fire		400 NE 1 <sup>st</sup> St.									Х	1600	40	00,000	100,00	00		20	Α

#### Date Completed: 6/26/2015 **ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C** Which Agency are you representing? City of Winlock Name: **Lonnie Dowell** Title: Mayor Email: winmayor@toledotel.com Telephone #: ZIP: Address: City: Winlock

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: Earthquake, Volcano

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structu	ures	Number of People				
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area		
Residential	535	535	100%				1,340	1,340	100		
Commercial	10										
Industrial	2										
Agricultural											
Religious/											
Non-profit											
Government	9										
Education											
Utilities	5	5	100								
Total		535	100%				1,340	1,340	100%		

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? **Yes** or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? **Yes** or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- **5.** Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or **No**
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

#### Date Completed: 6/26/2015 **ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C** Which Agency are you representing? City of Winlock Name: **Lonnie Dowell** Title: Mayor Email: winmayor@toledotel.com Telephone #: ZIP: Address: City: Winlock

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: Flooding/Debris Flow

	Numbe	r of Struct	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Nun	nber of Peop	ole
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area
Residential	535						1,340		
Commercial	10								
Industrial	2								
Agricultural									
Religious/									
Non-profit									
Government	6	1							
Education									
Utilities/Bridges	5+3	8	100%	25M	25M	100%			
Total	561						1,340		

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? **Yes** or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- **5.** Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or **No**
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

#### Date Completed: 6/26/2015 **ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C** Which Agency are you representing? City of Winlock Name: **Lonnie Dowell** Title: Mayor Email: winmayor@toledotel.com Telephone #: ZIP: Address: City: Winlock

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: Wind or Winter Storm

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structi	ures	Number of People				
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area		
Residential	535	535	100%				1,340	1,340	100		
Commercial	10										
Industrial	2										
Agricultural											
Religious/											
Non-profit											
Government	9										
Education											
Utilities	8	5		25M	14.5M						
Total		535	100%				1,340	1,340	100%		

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? **Yes** or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? **Yes** or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- **5.** Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or **No**
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or **No**
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Yes or No

## Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE - Worksheet 3A

Agency: Winlock

Category Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Hazard Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Social (Yes or No)	Technical (Yes or No)	Administrative (Yes or No)	Political (Yes or No)	Legal (Yes or No)	Economical (Yes or No)	Environmental (Yes or No)	Responsible Department/Agency
Assess City building wellheads for seismic retrofit	Earthquake	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Public works
Assess slopes behind city museum	Landslide	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Public works
Assess slopes behind city library	Landslide	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Public works
Continue storm drain management	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Public works
Seismic retrofit of city buildings	Earthquake	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Public works
Erosion control bank stabilization of slope behind city museum and library	Landslide	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Public works
Continue to enforce the flood ordinances and building codes to reduce flood damages	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Planning/Building
Continue to enforce the flood ordinance which is based on NFIP model	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Planning/building
Notes	1	_	-L	L			<u> </u>	L	

Date: 7/20/2015

#### Notes

- S: Social The public must support the overall implementation strategy and specific mitigation actions.
- T: Technical It is important to determine if the proposed action is technically feasible, will help reduce losses in the long term, and has minimal secondary impacts.
- A: Administrative Under this part of the evaluation criteria, examine the anticipated staffing, funding, and maintenance requirements for the mitigation action to be implemented.
- P: Political Understanding how your community and State leadership feels about issues related to the environment, economic development, safety, and emergency management.
- L: Legal When considering this criterion, determine whether your agency has the legal authority at the State, or local level to implement the action, or if new laws will need to be passed.
- E: Economic Cost-effective mitigation actions that can be funded in current or upcoming budget cycles are much more likely to be implemented.
- E: Environmental Evaluate whether, when implementing mitigation actions, there would be negative consequences to environmental assets (wetlands, endangered species, protected resources).

# Mitigation Strategies – Worksheet 3B Agency: Winlock

Mitigati	on Measures	Hazard Addressed (flood,	20	)10 Plan	Mitigation Identification		st-Benefit ar rioritization			Implen	nentation	ı
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Task in 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 2 = Uichant	Priority Rating (Low, Medium,	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT	STORM DRAIN MAINTENANCE	FLOOD	YES	NO	Prevention, Property protection	3	3	High	On-going	Budget	2000	Public works
EARTHQUAKE MANAGEMENT VOLCANIC MANGMT	SIESMIC RETROFITTING	EARTHQUAKE	YES	NO	Prevention, Property protection	3	3	High	2020	Grants	1000	Public works
LANDSLIDE MANAGEMENT	SLOPE EROSION GEOTECH	LANDSLIDE	YES	NO	Prevention, Property protection	1	3	Med	2020	Grants	5000	Public works
FLOOD MNGMNT	Continue to enforce the flood ordinances and building codes to reduce flood damages	FLOOD	YES	N/A	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	3	High	On-going	Grants	\$0	Planning/Building
FLOOD MNGMNT	Continue to enforce the flood ordinance which is based on NFIP model	FLOOD	YES	N/A	Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness	3	3	High	On-going	Grants	\$ 0	Planning/Building
											1	
Mataa	_1	1	1	1	L	l	l	l	1	1	1	<u> </u>

Date: 7/20/2015

#### Notes

2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan
Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task
Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task

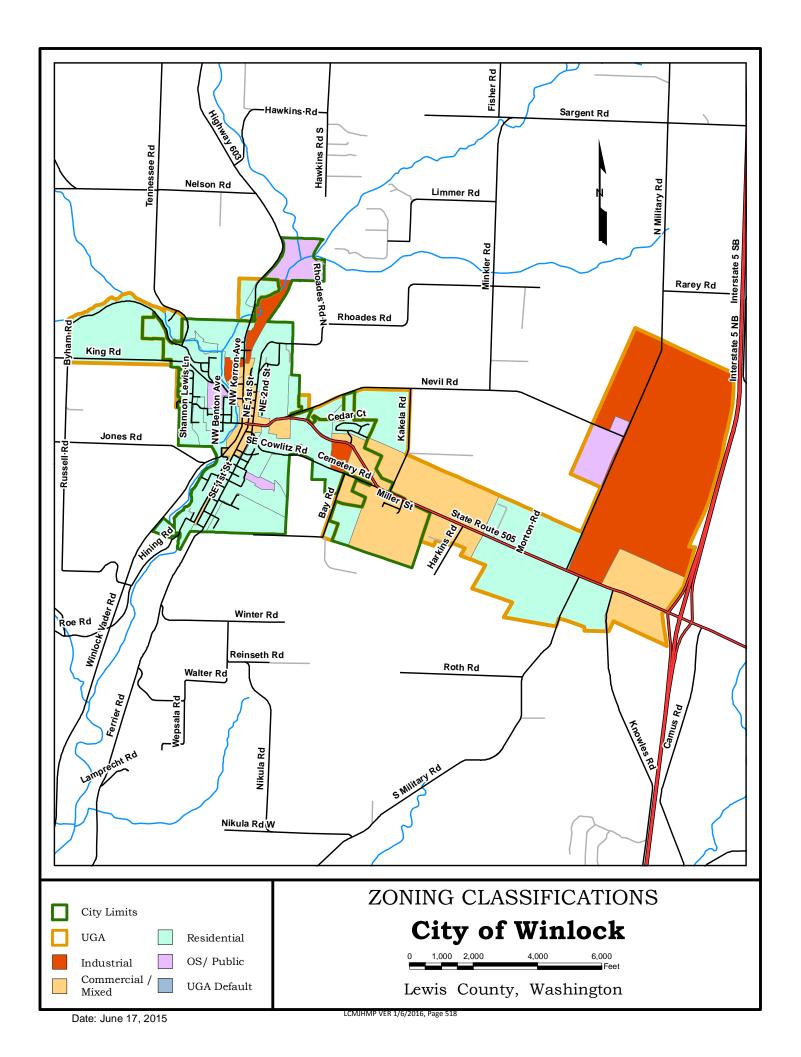
## **Critical Facilities Mitigation Strategies - Worksheet 3C**

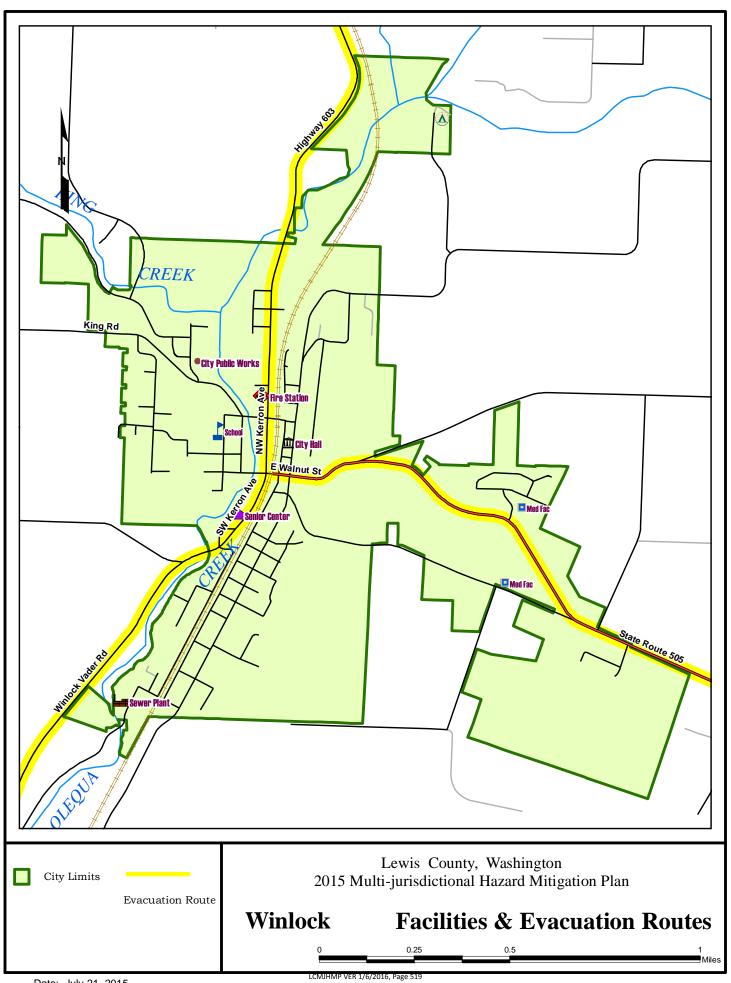
Agency: Winlock

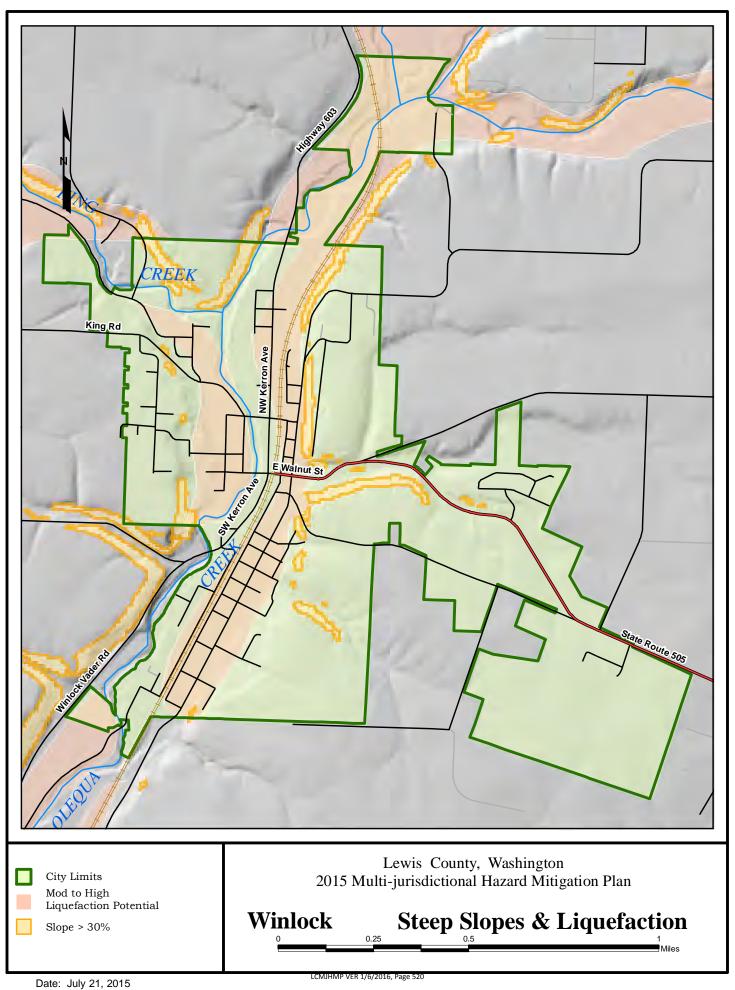
J	on Measures	Hazard Addressed	20	010 Plan	Mitigation Identification		-Benefit ar oritization			lmį	olementat	tion
Facility	Mitigation Strategy	(All, flooding, landslide, earthquake, volcanic, etc)	Task listed in the 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 3 = Hinhest	Priority Rating (Low,	Timeline (schedule)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility
CITY HALL, MUSEUM, LIBRARY	Assess BLDG FOR INTEGRITY TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKE	EARTHQUAKE VOLCANIC	NO	NO	PREVENTION PROPERTY PROTECTION	1	2	MED	2015	BUDGET	1,200	BLDG INSP
COMMUNITY BLDG	Assess BLDG FOR INTEGRITY TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKE	EARTHQUAKE VOLCANIC	NO	NO	PREVENTION PROPERTY PROTECTION	1	2	MED	2015	BUDGET	500	BLDG INSP
SEWER PLANT	Assess BLDG FOR INTEGRITY TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKE	EARTHQUAKE VOLCANIC	NO	NO	PREVENTION PROPERTY PROTECTION	1	2	MED	2012	BUDGET	100	BLDG INSP
WELLHEADS	Assess BLDG FOR INTEGRITY TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKE	EARTHQUAKE VOLCANIC	NO	NO	PREVENTION PROPERTY PROTECTION	1	2	MED	2015	BUDGET	500	BLDG INSP
PUBLIC WORKS SHOP	Assess BLDG FOR INTEGRITY TO WITHSTAND EARTHQUAKE	EARTHQUAKE VOLCANIC	YES	NO	PREVENTION PROPERTY PROTECTION	1	2	MED	2015	BUDGET	500	BLDG INSP
SEWER PLANT	ASSESS REVETMENT DIKE	FLOODING	NO	NO	PREVENTION PROPERTY PROTECTION	1	2	MED	2015	BUDGET	500	BLDG INSP
LIBRARY, CITY HALL, MUSEUM	ASSESS PEREIMTER FOR LANDSLIDE	LANDSLIDE	NO	NO	PREVENTION PROPERTY PROTECTION	1	2	MED	2015	BUDGET	1,500	PUBLIC WORKS

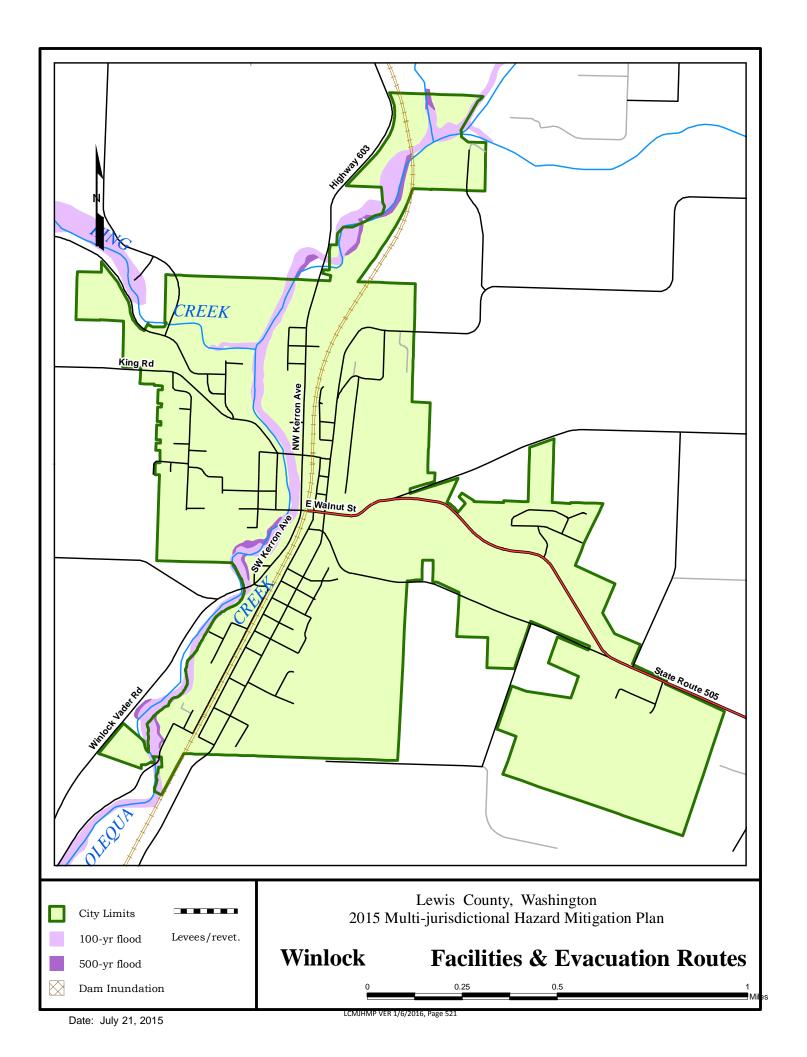
Date: 7/20/2015

**Notes:** Facility: Critical facility, Mitigation Strategy: description of mitigation or task, 2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan, Timeline: give approximate timeframe of completing this task Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task, Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task









#### **Building Damage Count by General Occupancy**

October 06, 2009

			Count of Buil	dings (#) by R	ange of Dama	ge (%)		
	None	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	Substantial	Total
Washington								
Lewis								
Agriculture	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Commercial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Education	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Government	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Religion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Residential	7	0	2	15	2	2	3	31
Total	7	0	2	15	2	2	3	31
Total	7	0	2	15	2	2	3	31
Scenario Total	7	0	2	15	2	2	3	31

#### Special Notice Regarding Building Count:

Unlike the earthquake and hurricane models, the flood model performs its analysis at the census block level. This means that the analysis starts with a small number of buildings within each census block and applies a series of distributions necessary for analyzing the potential damage. The application of these distributions and the small number of buildings make the flood model more sensitive to rounding errors that introduces uncertainty into the building count results. Please use these results with suitable caution.

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Winlock Flood Scenario:

Return Period: 100

Winlock 100-Year

Page: 1 of 1

## **Direct Economic Losses for Buildings**

October 06, 2009

All values are in thousands of dollars

	Сај	oital Stock Losse	es		Income Losses				
	Cost Building Damage	Cost Contents Damage	Inventory Loss	Building Loss Ratio %	Relocation Loss	Capital Related Loss	Wages Losses	Rental Income Loss	Total Loss
Washington									
Lewis	2,101	2,950	117	10.2	6	8	13	0	5,230
Total	2,101	2,950	117	10.2	6	8	13	0	5,230
Scenario Total	2,101	2,950	117	10.2	6	8	13	0	5,230

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region: Winlock Flood
Scenario: Winlock 100-Year

Return Period: 100

WILLIOCK TO

Page: 1 of 1

## **Shelter Summary Report**

October 06, 2009

	# of Displaced People	# of People Needing Short Term Shelter
Washington		
Lewis	201	95
Total	201	95
Scenario Total	201	95

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region:Winlock FloodScenario:Winlock 100-Year

Return Period: 100



## JURISDICTION Town of PeEII

HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN POINT OF CONTACT						
Primary Point of Contact	Alternate Point of Contact					
Mike Hartnett						
PO Box 215						
PeEII WA 98572						
(360) 291-3543						
peellmarshal@centurytel.net						

**Profile:** Pe Ell was officially incorporated on March 9, 1906. In 1897, the North Pacific Railway built a railroad depot in the town. In 1907 Pe Ell's population was around 1,000—larger than it is today. The rich agricultural and timber resources of the region attracted farmers, millworkers, and loggers. By 1909, the town had a bank, three dry goods stores, two general stores, three grocery stores, two barber shops, five saloons, four hotels, a newspaper, a blacksmith, and even an opera house.

The Town of Pe Ell is located in western Lewis County on U.S. Highway 6, about 23 miles west of Interstate 5, and not far from the Lewis-Pacific county border. According to the United States Census Bureau, the town has a total area of 0.6 square miles. It is located in a valley that characterized by a broad plain called Pe Ell Prairie. Cherry Hill, Joy Mountain, Jones Bluff, Charlie's Hump and Muller's Canyon are prominent features that surround the Town. The Chehalis River winds its way through the town and converges with Rock Creek, Stowe Creek and Jones Creek in the valley area.

**Ranking of Identified Hazards** 

Previous Occurrence?			Likel Exper	rienc	Probability			Extent						
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	N o	Highl y Likely (100 % next yr)	Likely (10- 100% or 1 in 10 yrs)	Possibl e (1- 10% next year or 1/100 yrs)	Unlikel y (less than 1% in 100 yrs)	Catastrophic: more than 50% affected	Severe: 25-50% affected	Limite d: 0- 25% affecte d	None: 0% affected	Percent %	Rank
Rating Points	20	0	10	0	20	10	6	0	20	10	4	0		
Earthquake	20		10			10					4		44%	1
Landslide	20		10			10					4		44%	1
Wind Storm	20		10			10					4		44%	1
Winter Storm	20		10			10					4		44%	1
Volcano	20		10			10	_				4		44%	1
Flooding	20		10				6				4		40%	2
Wildfire	20		10				6				4		40%	2

#### Probability:

Highly Likely: Near 100% probability in the next year.

Likely: Between 10 and 100% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in 10 years.

Possible: Between 1 and 10% probability in the next year, or at least one chance in next 100 years.

Unlikely: Less than 1% probability in next 100 years.

#### Extent of damage is defined as follows:

Catastrophic: More than 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected

Severe: 25 to 50% of the jurisdiction can be affected Limited: 0 to 25% of the jurisdiction can be affected

None: 0% of the jurisdiction can be affected  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left$ 

#### **Current Hazard Mitigation Codes/Plans/Ordinances**

- Lewis County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan adopted June 2010.
- Emergency Plan, Adopted 9/06
- Water System Plan, Adopt 12/97 Updated 10/04
- Sewer System Plan, Adopt 3/98 Updated 12/01
- Lewis County Flood Management Plan, 2008
- Building Code Adopted 12/74
- Critical Areas Ordinance, Adopted 3/05
- Comprehensive Plan, Adopted 1997, Updated 11/05



## JURISDICTION Town of PeEII

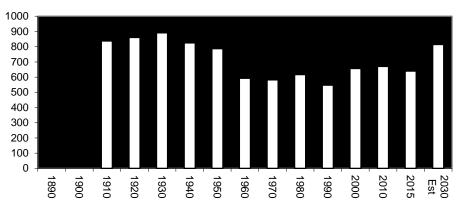
- Zoning Ordinance, Adopted 1997, Updated 10/04
- Critical Areas Ordinance, Adopted Nov. 2005

Agency Specific Natural Hazard Event History – 1980 to 2015							
Type of Disaster	FEMA Disaster #	Date	Comments				
Severe Winter Storm and Record and Near Record Snow	DR-1825	3/2/2009	Incident 12/12/2008-1/5/2009				
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides, Flooding	DR-1817	1/30/2009	1/6-/16/2009				
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1734	12/8/2007	Incident 12/1-12/17/2007				
Severe Winter Storm, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1682	2/14/2007	Incident 12/14-12/15/2006				
Severe Storms, Flooding, Landslides, Mudslides	DR-1671	12/12/2006	Incident 11/2-11/11/2006				
Earthquake	DR-1361	3/1/2001	Incident 2/28-3/16/2001				
Severe Winter Storms/Flooding	DR-1159	1/17/1997	Incident 12/26/1996-2/10/1997				
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-1100	Feb. 9, 1996	Incident 1/26-2/23/1996				
Storms, High Winds, Floods	DR-1079	Jan. 3, 1996	Incident 11/7-Dec 18, 1995				
Severe Storm, High Winds	DR-981	March 4, 1993	Incident 1/20-1/21/1993				
Severe Storms, Flooding	DR-784	Dec 15, 1986	Incident 11/22-11/29/1986				
Volcanic Eruption – Mt. St. Helens	DR-623	May 21, 1980					

## Demographics

Domulation	1990	2000	2010	2015	2030 -Projected	
Population	547	657	670	640	814	

#### Town of Pe Ell Population 1890 to 2015 Office of Financial Management (OFM) April 2015



Quick Facts (US Census)	Pe Ell	Washington			
Population, percent change - April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2013		3.7%			
Persons under 5 years, percent, 2010	5%	6.5%			
Persons under 18 years, percent definition and source info Persons under 18 years, percent, 2010	19.2%	23.5%			
Persons 65 years and over, percent definition and source info Persons 65 years and over, percent, 2010	15.5%	12.3%			
High school graduate or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	88.7%	90.0%			
Bachelor's degree or higher, percent of persons age 25+, 2009-2013	9.7%	31.9%			
Median value of owner-occupied housing units, 2009-2013	\$122,800	\$262,100			
Per capita money income in past 12 months (2013 dollars), 2009-2013	\$	\$30,742			
Median household income definition and source info Median household income, 2009-2013	\$39,091	\$59,478			
Persons below poverty level, percent definition and source info Persons below poverty level, percent, 2009-2013	16.7%	13.4%			
Source: U.S. Census – Date Accessed: July 12, 2015. Website: http://factfinder.census.gov/faces/tableservices/jsf/pages/productview.xhtml?src=bkmk					

Land Designations	
Land Area within the existing city limits:	196
Total land area within city limits and urban growth area	428
Land area of park, forest, and/or open space	85
Land area of residential	157
Land area of commercial	10
Land area of industrial	-



## JURISDICTION Town of PeEII

## **Current and Anticipated Development and Population Trends**

Slow to no growth. The predominant land use is single family residential homes on lots of less than one acre. Almost one-third of the town's land falls under this category. Additionally, low-density residential land categorized by single family residences on properties of one acre or more comprises another 17%. No multifamily housing currently exists in the town.

Morton is planning for a plan population of 1869 people creating the need for up additional residential units by the year 2030. The city continues to plan for slow growth and see more tourist related businesses.

Infrastructure					
Categories	2014	Approximate Value (\$)			
Miles of Street and Roads	6.8 miles	\$ 4,725,000			
Miles of Sanitary Sewer					
Miles of Storm Sewer					
Miles of water lines					
Miles of Electrical lines	N/A- provided by LCPUD				
	Critical Facilities				
Facility	Address	Approximate Value (\$)			
Town Hall	111 S. Main Street, Pe Ell, WA 98572	\$398.288			
Water Plant	1100 Muller Rd., Pe Ell, WA 98572	\$ 1,985,681			
Sewer Plant	1100 N 2 <sup>nd</sup> St., Pe Ell, WA 98572	\$ 4,853,888			
Vets Hall / Community Center	401 S. 1 <sup>st</sup> St., Pe Ell, WA 98572	\$ 580,000			
Clinic	102 E. 7 <sup>th</sup> Ave., Pe Ell, WA 98572	\$ 300,000			
Dam	Lester Creek	\$ 250,000			
Lift Station	3 <sup>rd</sup> Street, Pe Ell, WA 98572	\$ 400,000			
Lift Station	6 <sup>th</sup> Ave. Pe Ell, WA 98572	\$ 400,000			
Main Water Line	Lester Creek	\$ 1,600,000			
Reservoir 180,000 gal	1100 Muller Rd., Pe Ell, WA 98572	\$ 110,316			
Reservoir 500,000 gal	1100 Muller Rd., Pe Ell, WA 98572	\$ 110,316			
River Pump Station	1000 Line	\$ 500,000			
Storage Bldg.	202 N. Main St., Pe Ell, WA 98572	\$ 7,148			
Flood Information					
Percentage of existing city limits within the 10	0-year flood plain				
Assessor's valuation of private properties with	in the 100-year flood plain				
Critical Facilities within the 100-y	ear flood plain				
Facility	Address	Approximate Value (\$)			
Water treatment plant	117 Klasey Road	4.1 M			
WWTP	200 Sewer Plant Road	3.4 M			
Water Intake	Connelly Creek	\$250,000			
Gus Backstorm City Park	750 Main				
Bob Lyle Community Center	700 Main	1.5 M			
Old Settlers Museum	750 Main Ave	\$150,000			
NFIP/CRS Section					
NFIP/CRS Community		No			
Floodplain Administrator		None			
Certified Floodplain Manager		None			
Floodplain Ordinance Adoption		Critical Areas Ordinance, 2005			



## JURISDICTION Town of PeEII

Recently community Assistant Visit or Community Assistance Contact	N/A
NFIP Compliance Violations?	N/A
FEMA Floodplain Maps Adopted	
Community Rating Classification	N/A
Building Code Effective Grading Schedule	
StormReady Community	No
Firewise Community	No

Previous Action Plan Implementation			
Mitigation Strategy	Completed 2010-2014	Carried Over to 2015 Plan	Removed or No Longer Feasible
Town Hall, Sewer Treatment Plant, Water Plant: Develop an earthquake response plan for	No	Yes	N/A
Town Hall, Water Plant: Inspect and evaluate building's ability to withstand volcanic ash fall	No	Yes	N/A
Town Hall, Sewer Treatment Plant, Water Plant: Secure contents to prevent injury to	No	Yes	N/A
Town Hall, Sewer Treatment Plant, Water Plant: Develop a plan/procedure for flood damage	No	Yes	N/A
Town Hall, Sewer Treatment Plant, Water Plant: Educate employees of flood risk for facility	No	Yes	N/A
Sewer Treatment Plant: Evaluate adequacy of hazardous materials storage locations at	No	Yes	N/A
Elderly Center develop a hazard response plan	No	Yes	N/A
Flood Mgmt: Continue to enforce the flood ordinances and building codes to reduce flood	No	Yes	N/A

## **Attached Documents:**

- Land Use Map
- Public Facilities Map
- Hazard Identification Worksheet(s)
- Mitigation Strategies Worksheet(s)
- Steep Slopes and Liquefaction Map
- Flood Hazard Map
- HAZUS-MH: Flood Results

## HAZARD IDENTIFICATION WORKSHEET

Which Agency are you representing?	Pe EII	
Name:	Title:	
Email:	Telepho	one #:
Address:	City:	7IP·

Date Completed: 6/2015

## For each Hazard, please fill out the table below based on the following questions:

- Previous Occurrence: Is there a historic record of this type of hazard happening here? Yes or No
- Likely to Experience: Are you likely to experience this type of hazard in the future? Yes or No
- **Probability:** Based on history, what is the likelihood of this event happening again? *Highly Likely, Likely, Possible, Unlikely*
- **Extent:** If this hazard event were to happen, how extensive could the damage be? Catastrophic, Severe, Limited, None

	Previous Occurrence?		Likely to Experience?			Proba	ability			Extent				
Hazard Type	Yes	No	Yes	No	Highly Likely	Likely	Possible	Unlikely	Catastrophic	Severe	Limited	None		
Avalanche		0		0				0				0		
Coastal Erosion		0		0				0				0		
Coastal Storm		0		0				0				0		
Dam Failure		0		0				0				0		
Debris Flow		0		0				0				0		
Drought		0		0				0						
Earthquake	X		X			X					X			
Expansive Soils		0		0				0				0		
Extreme Heat		0		0				0				0		
Flooding	X		X				X				X			
Hailstorm		0		0				0				0		
Hurricane		0		0				0				0		
Land Subsidence		0		0				0				0		
Landslide	X		X			X					X			
Levee Failure		0		0				0				0		
Severe Thunder Storm		0		0				0				0		
Severe Wind Storm	X		X			X					X			
Severe Winter Storm	X		X			X					X			
Tornado		0		0				0				0		
Tsunami		0		0				0				0		
Volcano	X		X			X					X			
Wildfire	X		X				X				X			
Other:														

Which of the following does your agency have? (Circle One)											
Comprehensive Plan	Yes / No / NA	Date completed: Nov 2005									
Critical Areas Ordinance	Yes / No / NA	Date completed: Nov 2005									
Does your agency have an emergency	plan?	<mark>Yes</mark> / No / NA									

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2A	Date Co	mpleted:	June 2015	
Which Agency are you representing?	 Town of Pe E			
Name:		Title:		
Email:		Telephone #:		
Address:	City:		ZIP:	
Task A: Inventory the critical facilities that can be dam	aged by a h	nazard event.		

Task A: Inventory the critical facilities that can be damaged by a hazard event. Please fill out the table below.

						St	ruct	ure l	use		
Name of Building/Business	Address	Contact Information (Telephone #)	Occupancy #	Educational	Government	Hospital	Non/Profit	Public Safety	Residential	Utilities	Other
Town Hall	111 S. Main Street Pe Ell, WA 98572	(360) 291-3543	75		Х			х			
Water Plant	1100 Muller Rd. Pe Ell, WA 98572	(360) 291-8890								Х	
Sewer Plant	1100 N 2 <sup>nd</sup> St. Pe Ell, WA 98572	(360) 291-3263								Х	
Vets Hall / Community Center	401 S. 1 <sup>st</sup> St. Pe Ell, WA 98572	N/A	150		Х		Х				
Clinic	102 E. 7 <sup>th</sup> Ave. Pe Ell, WA 98572	(360) 291-3232	25			Х					
Dam	Lester Creek	N/A			Х					Χ	
Lift Station	3 <sup>rd</sup> Street Pe Ell, WA 98572	N/A			х					Х	
Lift Station	6 <sup>th</sup> Ave. Pe Ell, WA 98572	N/A			х					Х	
Main Water Line	Lester Creek	N/A			Χ					Χ	
Reservoir 180,000 gal	1100 Muller Rd. Pe Ell, WA 98572	N/A			Х					Х	
Reservoir 500,000 gal	1100 Muller Rd. Pe Ell, WA 98572	N/A			Х					Х	
River Pump Station	1000 Line	N/A			Χ					Χ	
Storage Bldg.	202 N. Main St. Pe Ell, WA 98572	N/A			х						Х
Truck Shop	1101 N. 1 <sup>st</sup> St. Pe Ell, WA 98572	N/A	20								
Town Shop	111 S. Main Street Pe Ell, WA 98572	(360) 291-3543	20								
Pe Ell School	519 N 2 <sup>nd</sup> Street		305	Х							

ASSET INVENTOR	Y WORKSHEET	2B - 20	L5									Date	Compl	eted:	June	2015	
Which Agency are y representing:	⁄ou	Town of	Pe Ell														
Name:											Title:						
Email											Telephone	e #:					
Address:								City:						Zip:			
Task B: Compile a Inventory the asso event.		-		_	-				reas a	ınd aı	reas of spe	cial conside	ration)	that ca	an be dam	aged by	a hazard
2. Da 3. De <b>HAZARDS</b> 4. Dr 5. Ea 6. Ex	alanche m Failure bris Flow ought rthquake oansive Soils creme Heat	11. Lar 12. Lar 13. Lev	storm rricane nd Subsidence	16. 5 17. 18. 1		0		1			BUILDIN		a. Mas b. con c. Con d. Bric e. Stic f. Met	crete crete Blo k k	g. Steel h. Aspha ock	t	
Name or description of Asset (building)	Addres	s	Hazard(s) List all that apply (See legend above)	Critical Facility	Transportation	Utility System	Comm. System	Economic Assets	Special consideration	Historic/Other	Size of Building (sq. ft.)	Replacement Value (\$)		Contents Value (\$)	Displacement (\$ per day)	Occupancy or capacity (#)	Structural – building materials
Town Hall	111 S. Main S Pe Ell, WA 98		4,5,8,9,14,15,16,18, 19	х							2,864	\$398.288	\$ 5	50,750	\$ 347,538	75	All Combustibl e
Water Plant	1100 Muller F Pe Ell, WA 98		4,5,8,9,14,15,16,18, 19	Х		Х		Х			2,400	\$ 1,985,68	ı		\$ 1,985,681		Reinforced Concrete
Sewer Plant	1100 N 2 <sup>nd</sup> St Pe Ell, WA 98		4,5,8,9,13, 14,15,16,18,19	Х		Х		Х			1,100	\$ 4,853,888	3		\$ 4,853,888		Reinforced Concrete
Vets Hall / Community Center	401 S. 1 <sup>st</sup> St. Pe Ell, WA 98	3572	4,5,8,9,14,15,16,18, 19					Х			7,700	\$ 580,000			\$ 580,000	150	Wood
Clinic	102 E. 7 <sup>th</sup> Ave Pe Ell, WA 98		4,5,8,9,14,15,16,18, 19	х				х			1,500	\$ 300,000	\$ 8	30,000	\$200,000	25	All Combustibl e
Dam	Lester Creek		2,4,5,6,8,11,12,14, 15,16,181,19									\$ 250,000			\$ 250,000		Concrete
Lift Station	3 <sup>rd</sup> Street Pe Ell, WA 98	3572	5,8,18,19			Х						\$ 400,000			\$ 400,000		Concrete
Lift Station	6 <sup>th</sup> Ave. Pe Ell, WA 98		5,8,18,19			Х						\$ 400,000			\$ 400,000		Concrete

Main Water Line	Lester Creek	4,5,6,11		Х	Х			\$ 1,600,000		\$ 1,600,000		
Reservoir 180,000 gal	1100 Muller Rd. Pe Ell, WA 98572	4,5,18		Х	Х			\$ 110,316		\$ 110,316		Reinforced Concrete
Reservoir 500,000 gal	1100 Muller Rd. Pe Ell, WA 98572	4,5,18		Х	Х			\$ 110,316		\$ 110,316		Steel
River Pump Station	1000 Line			Х	Х		100	\$ 500,000		\$ 500,000		Concrete
Storage Bldg.	202 N. Main St. Pe Ell, WA 98572						25	\$ 7,148		\$ 7,148		Wood
Truck Shop	1101 N. 1 <sup>st</sup> St. Pe Ell, WA 98572		Х				2,400	\$ 55,000		\$ 55,000	20	Poll Bldg. Tin
Town Shop	111 S. Main Street Pe Ell, WA 98572		Х				1,440	\$ 82,816	\$ 25, 375	\$ 57, 441	20	Steel

ASSET INVENTORY WORKSHEET 2C	Date Completed:	June 2015	
Which Agency are you representing?			
Pe Ell			
Name:	Title:		
Email:	Telephone #	<b>‡</b> :	
Address:	City:		ZIP:

**Task C.** Determine the proportion of buildings, the value of buildings, and the population in your community that are located in hazard areas.

Hazard: Drought, Earthquake, Flooding, land sub., Levee failure, wind, winter, volcano, wildfire

	Numbe	r of Struc	tures	Value	of Structu	ıres	Number of People				
Type of Structure (occupancy class)	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area	\$ in community	\$ in hazard area	% in hazard area	# in community	# in hazard area	% in hazard area		
Residential	300	50	.33	\$3 M	\$ 1 M	.33	775	450	58		
Commercial	20	5	.25	\$1 M	\$250,00 0	.25					
Industrial	0	0									
Agricultural	1	0									
Religious/ Non-profit	3	0									
Government	5	5	100	\$2M	\$2M	100					
Education	1	1	100	\$ 5 M	\$ 5M	100					
Utilities	3	3	100	\$ 2 M	\$ 2M	100					
Total	333	64		\$13 M	\$10M						

### Task D. Determine whether (and where) you want to collect additional inventory data. (circle one)

- 1. Do you know where your greatest damages may occur in your hazard areas? Yes or No
- 2. Do you know whether your critical facilities will be operational after a hazard event? Yes or No
- 3. Is there enough data to determine which assets are subject to the greatest potential damages? Yes or No
- 4. Is there enough data to determine whether significant elements of the community are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 5. Is there enough data to determine whether historic, environmental, political, or cultural significance are vulnerable to potential hazards? Yes or No
- 6. Is there concern about a particular hazard because of its severity, repetitiveness, or likelihood of occurrence? Yes or No
- 7. Is additional data needed to justify the expenditure of community or state funds for mitigation? Z Yes or No

## Ranking Mitigation Strategies: Using STAPLEE - Worksheet 3A

Agency: Pe Ell

Category Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	Hazard Addressed (flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Social (Yes or No)	Technical (Yes or No)	Administrative (Yes or No)	Political (Yes or No)	Legal (Yes or No)	Economical (Yes or No)	Environmental (Yes or No)	Responsible Department/Agency
Town Hall, Sewer Treatment Plant, Water Plant: Develop an earthquake response plan for facility personnel	Earthquake	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Pe Ell Police (EM)
Town Hall, Water Plant: Inspect and evaluate building's ability to withstand volcanic ash fall out.	Volcanic	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Pe Ell Police (EM)
Town Hall, Sewer Treatment Plant, Water Plant: Secure contents to prevent injury to occupants	Earthquake	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Pe Ell Police (EM)
Town Hall, Sewer Treatment Plant, Water Plant: Develop a plan/procedure for flood damage control, including temporary protection of facility	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Pe Ell Police (EM)
Town Hall, Sewer Treatment Plant, Water Plant: Educate employees of flood risk for facility and components.	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Pe Ell Police (EM)
Sewer Treatment Plant: Evaluate adequacy of hazardous materials storage locations at facility (STP)	All	Y	Υ	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Pe Ell Police (EM)
Elderly Center develop a hazard response plan	All	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Pe Ell Police (EM)
Flood Mgmt: Continue to enforce the flood ordinances and building codes to reduce flood damages	Flood	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	City Admin & Planning/Building County

Date: June 2015

#### Notes

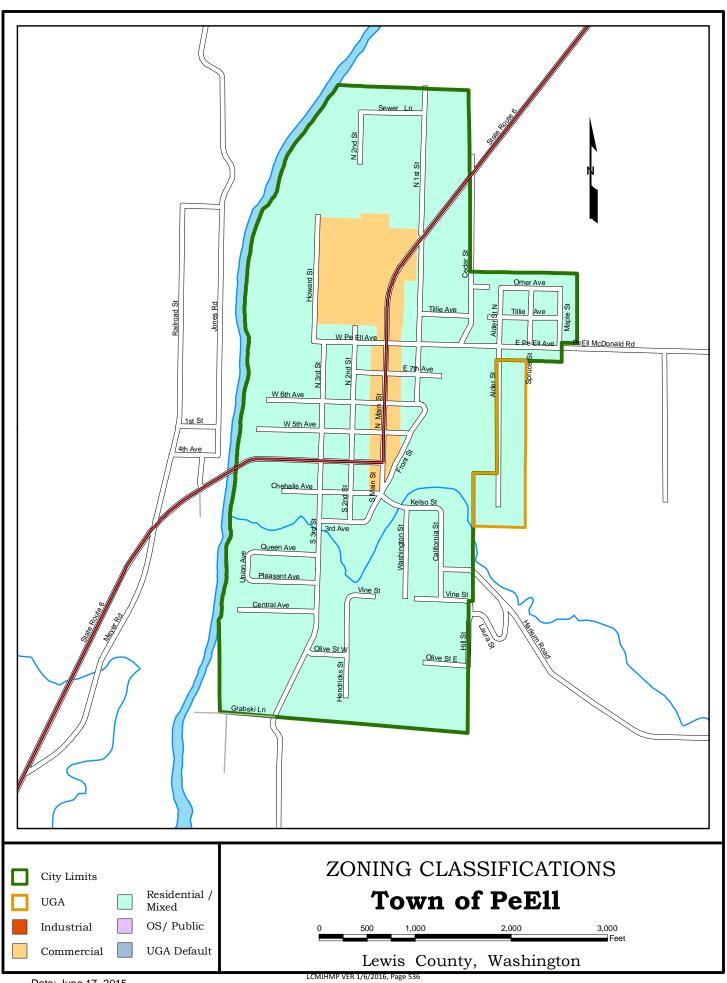
- S: Social The public must support the overall implementation strategy and specific mitigation actions.
- T: Technical It is important to determine if the proposed action is technically feasible, will help reduce losses in the long term, and has minimal secondary impacts.
- A: Administrative Under this part of the evaluation criteria, examine the anticipated staffing, funding, and maintenance requirements for the mitigation action to be implemented.
- P: Political Understanding how your community and State leadership feels about issues related to the environment, economic development, safety, and emergency management.
- L: Legal When considering this criterion, determine whether your agency has the legal authority at the State, or local level to implement the action, or if new laws will need to be passed.
- E: Economic Cost-effective mitigation actions that can be funded in current or upcoming budget cycles are much more likely to be implemented.
- E: Environmental Evaluate whether, when implementing mitigation actions, there would be negative consequences to environmental assets (wetlands, endangered species, protected resources).

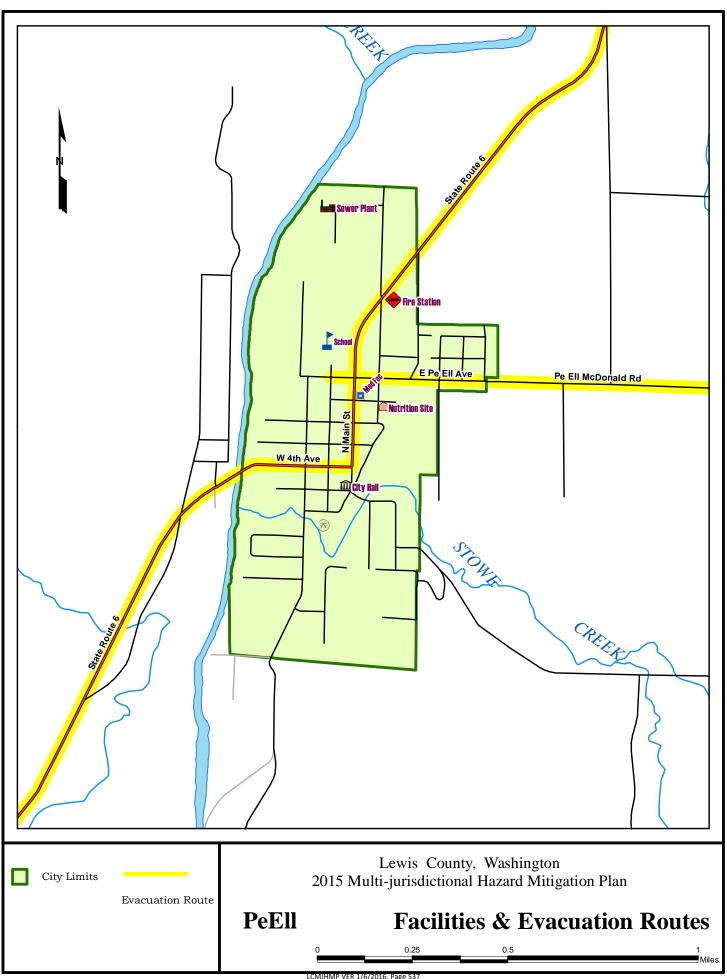
# Mitigation Strategies – Worksheet 3B Agency: Pe Ell

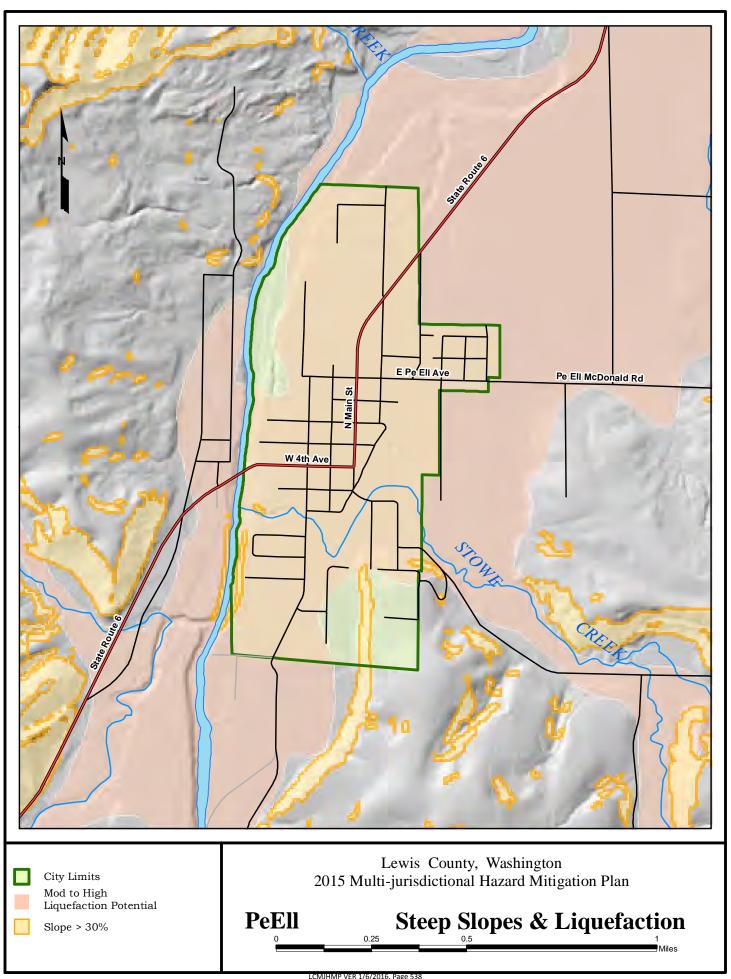
Mitigation Measures		Hazard 2010 Plan Addressed		010 Plan	Plan Mitigation Identification		Cost-Benefit and Prioritization			Implementation			
Category	Description/Action Items (Mitigation Strategy)	(flood, earthquake, wind, winter, landslide, etc.)	Task in 2010 Plan (yes or no)	Task completed as part of 2010 Plan (yes or no)	(Prevention, Property Protection, Public Education & Awareness, Natural Resource Protection, Structural Projects)	Relative Cost 1 = Highest 3 = Lowest	Relative Effectiveness 1 = Lowest 2 - Highact	Priority Rating (Low, Medium,	Timeline (schedule for approx. completion)	Potential Funding (grants, budget, donations, etc)	Cost Est.	Administrative Responsibility	
	Town Hall, Sewer Treatment Plant, Water Plant: Develop an earthquake response plan for facility personnel	Earthquake	Yes	No	PROPERTY PROTECTION	3	3	HIGH	ON-GOING	Budget, Grants	UNK	Pe Ell Police (EM)	
	Town Hall, Water Plant: Inspect and evaluate building's ability to withstand volcanic ash fall out.	Volcanic	Yes	No	PROPERTY PROTECTION	3	3	HIGH	ON-GOING	Budget, Grants	UNK	Pe Ell Police (EM)	
	Town Hall, Sewer Treatment Plant, Water Plant: Secure contents to prevent injury to occupants	Earthquake	Yes	No	PROPERTY PROTECTION	3	3	HIGH	ON-GOING	Budget, Grants	UNK	Pe Ell Police (EM)	
	Town Hall, Sewer Treatment Plant, Water Plant: Develop a plan/procedure for flood damage control, including temporary protection of facility	Flood	Yes	No	PROPERTY PROTECTION	3	3	HIGH	ON-GOING	Budget, Grants	UNK	Pe Ell Police (EM)	
	Town Hall, Sewer Treatment Plant, Water Plant: Educate employees of flood risk for facility and components.	Flood	Yes	No	PROPERTY PROTECTION	3	3	HIGH	ON-GOING	Budget, Grants	UNK	Pe Ell Police (EM)	
	Sewer Treatment Plant: Evaluate adequacy of hazardous materials storage locations at facility (STP)	All	Yes	No	PROPERTY PROTECTION	3	3	HIGH	ON-GOING	Budget, Grants	UNK	Pe Ell Police (EM)	
	Elderly Center develop a hazard response plan	All	Yes	No	PROPERTY PROTECTION	3	3	HIGH	ON-GOING	Budget, Grants	UNK	Pe Ell Police (EM)	
lotes	Flood Mgmt: Continue to enforce the flood ordinances and building codes to reduce flood damages	Flood	Yes	No	PROPERTY PROTECTION	3	3	HIGH	ON-GOING	Budget, Grants	UNK	Pe Ell Police (EM)	

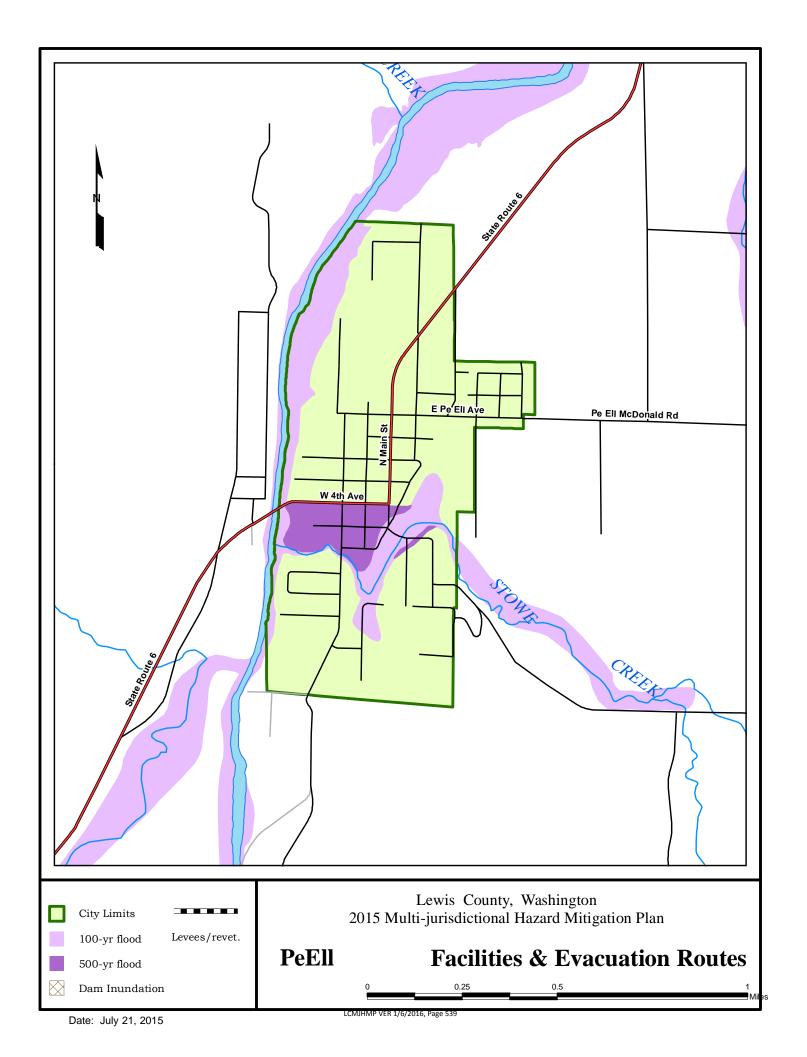
Date: June 2015

2010 Plan: rate task(s) if it was in the 2010 Plan, Cost Estimate: a very rough estimate cost of implementing task, Administrative Responsibility: who will accomplish the task









## **Building Damage Count by General Occupancy**

October 06, 2009

	Count of Buildings (#) by Range of Damage (%)								
	None	1-10	11-20	21-30	31-40	41-50	Substantial	Total	
Washington									
Lewis									
Agriculture	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	
Commercial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	
Education	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	
Government	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	
Industrial	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	
Religion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	
Residential	1	0	0	2	1	2	3	9	
Total	1	0	0	2	1	2	3	9	
Total	1	0	0	2	1	2	3	9	
Scenario Total	1	0	0	2	1	2	3	g	

#### Special Notice Regarding Building Count:

Unlike the earthquake and hurricane models, the flood model performs its analysis at the census block level. This means that the analysis starts with a small number of buildings within each census block and applies a series of distributions necessary for analyzing the potential damage. The application of these distributions and the small number of buildings make the flood model more sensitive to rounding errors that introduces uncertainty into the building count results. Please use these results with suitable caution.

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region:Pe Ell FloodScenario:Pe Ell 100-Year

Return Period: 100

Page : 1 of 1

## **Direct Economic Losses for Buildings**

October 06, 2009

All values are in thousands of dollars

	Capital Stock Losses								
	Cost Building Damage	Cost Contents Damage	Inventory Loss	Building Loss Ratio %	Relocation Loss	Capital Related Loss	Wages Losses	Rental Income Loss	Total Loss
Washington									
Lewis	687	459	0	7.6	2	0	0	0	1,149
Total	687	459	0	7.6	2	0	0	0	1,149
Scenario Total	687	459	0	7.6	2	0	0	0	1,149

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region:Pe Ell FloodScenario:Pe Ell 100-Year

Return Period: 100

Page: 1 of 1

## **Shelter Summary Report**

October 06, 2009

	# of Displaced People	# of People Needing Short Term Shelter
Washington		
Lewis	34	9
Total	34	9
Scenario Total	34	9

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region and will reflect the entire county/state only if all of the census blocks for that county/state were selected at the time of study region creation.

Study Region:Pe Ell FloodScenario:Pe Ell 100-Year

Return Period: 100

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